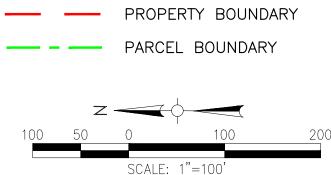


- 1. REVISION 4 INCLUDES A PROPERTY LINE ADJUSTMENT BASED ON THE 11/28/16 SURVEY BY GODFREY-HOFFMAN & ASSOC.
- 2. ADAPTED FROM PLAN TITLED "SITE PLAN AND APPROXIMATE PARCEL BOUNDARIES" DATED 10/07/2016 BY TRC COMPANIES, INC..
- 3. AERIAL IMAGE FROM GOOGLE EARTH PRO, DATE OF IMAGE: 04/20/2016



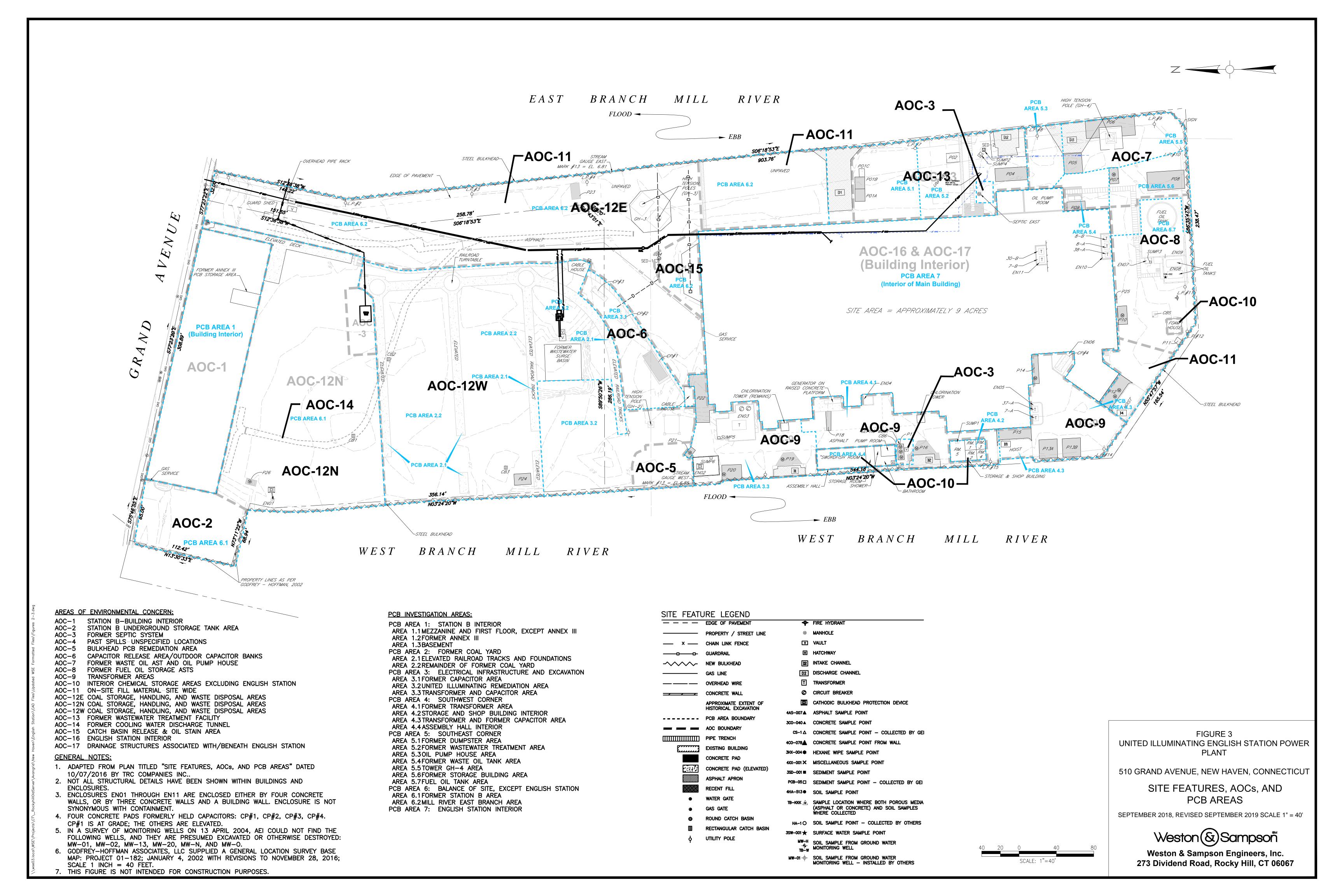
UNITED ILLUMINATING ENGLISH STATION POWER PLANT 510 GRAND AVENUE, NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

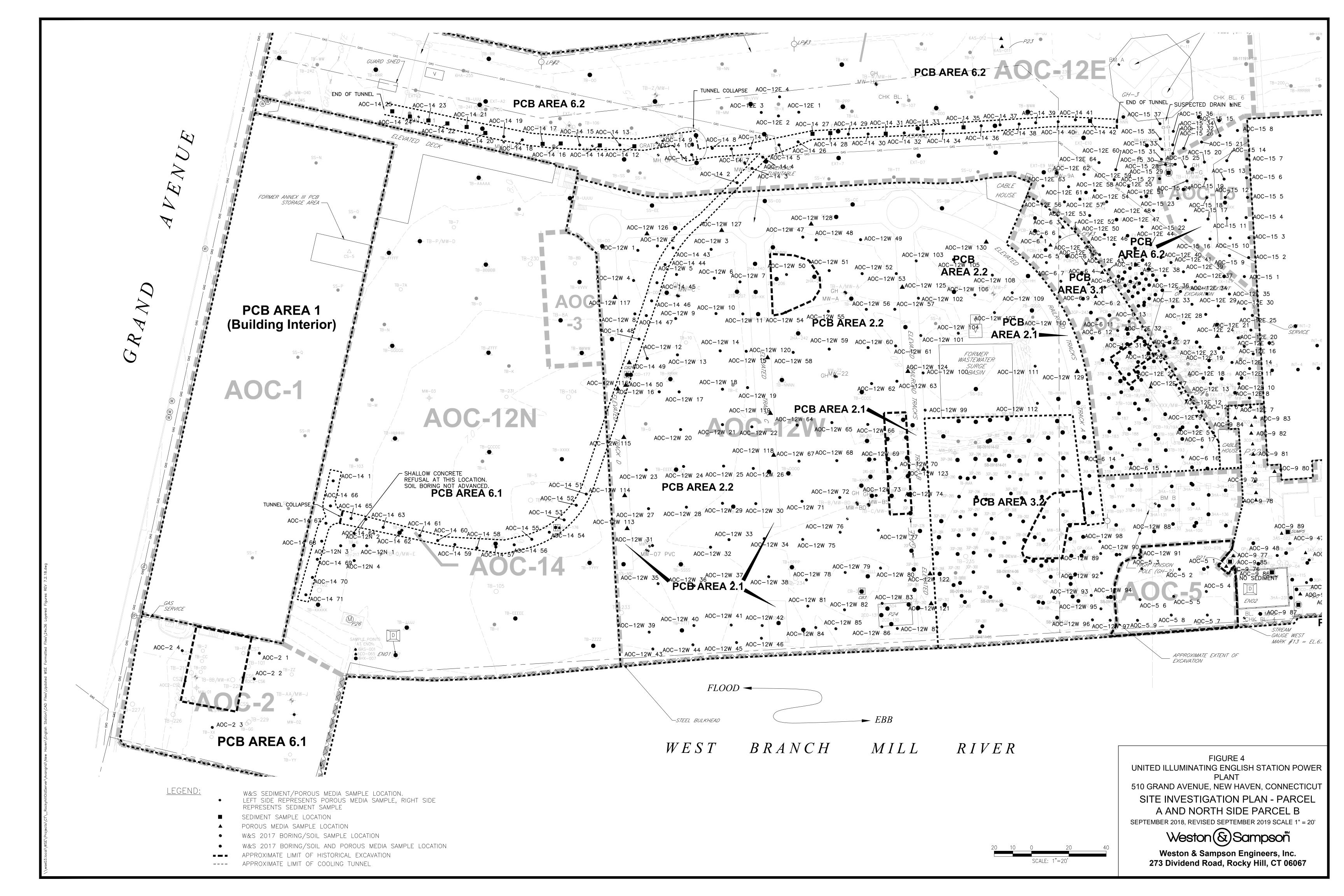
SITE PLAN WITH PARCEL BOUNDARY

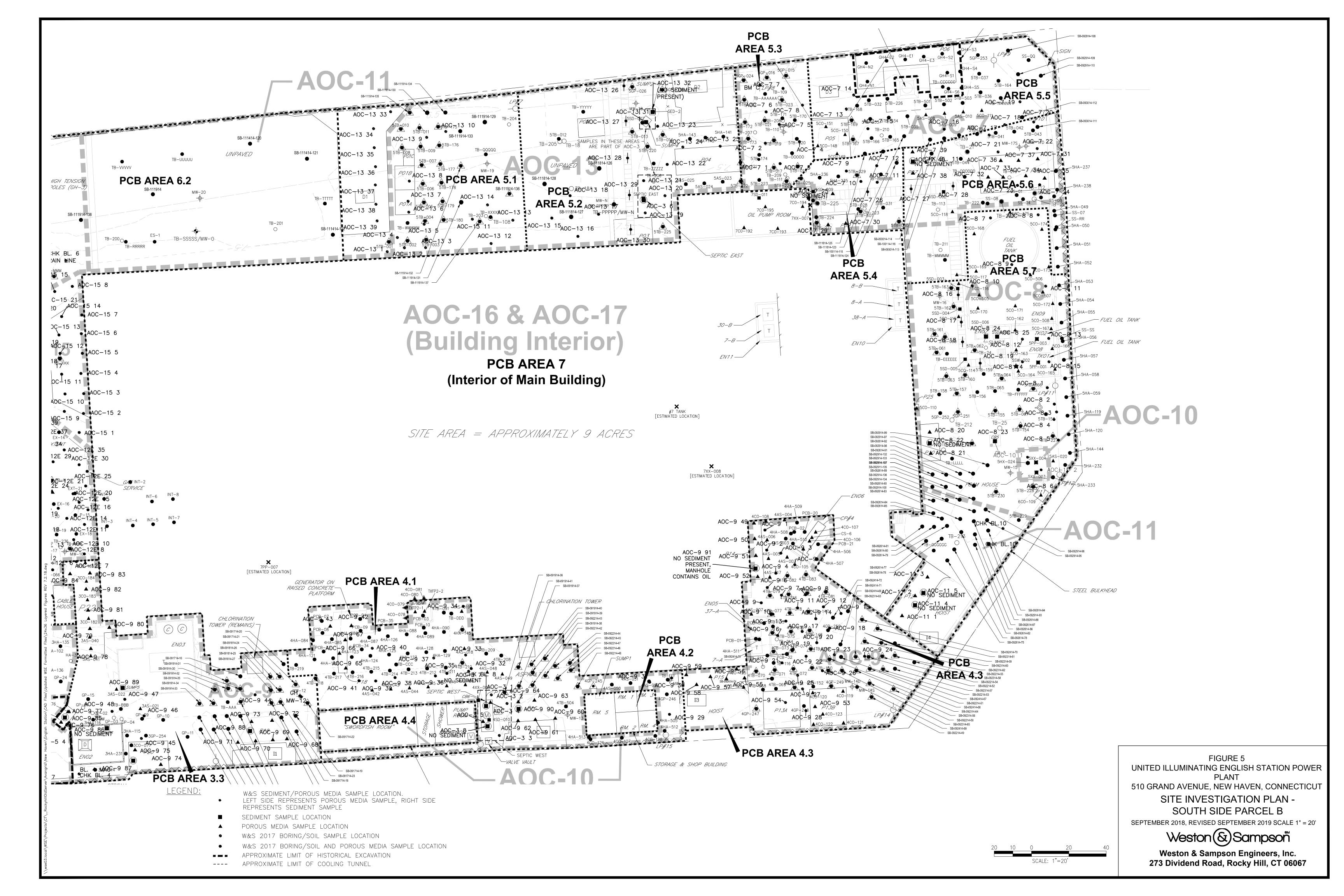
Rev. Sept 2019

DESIGNED BY: PML CHECKED BY: MB DATE:









SUBMARINE CABLES

SEPTEMBER 2018, REVISED SEPTEMBER 2019 SCALE 1" = 30'

1% SLOPE

- ENGLISH STATION MAIN BUILDING, STATION

TRANSFORMER, AND
CONCRETE BASE NOT
INCLUDED IN PROJECT

SOUTH WINCH FOUNDATION

SCREEN HOUSE

TO WASTEW SUMP #3 —

Weston & Sampson Engineers, Inc. 273 Dividend Road, Rocky Hill, CT 06067

FIGURE 6 UNITED ILLUMINATING ENGLISH STATION POWER

PLANT 510 GRAND AVENUE, NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

PARCEL A AND NORTH SIDE PARCEL

B REMEDIATION AREAS

WEST BRANCH MILL RIVER

LIMITS OF WORK

SOIL BARRIER

SCALE: 1"=30'

SOIL/ASPHALT BARRIER

PARCEL PROPERTY LINE

INFILTRATION TRENCH

LEGEND:

- 1. ONCE EXISTING GRADES ARE SHAPED AND GEOTEXTILE MARKER BARRIER IS INSTALLED, A MINIMUM OF 4-FEET OF APPROVED FILL IN THE SOIL BARRIER AREA TO BE PLACED OVER SOIL, RENDERING THEM INACCESSIBLE.
- 2. THE SOIL/ASPHALT BARRIER AREAS WILL BE EXCAVATED TO A DEPTH OF 27-INCHES. THE BARRIER WILL CONSIST OF 15-INCHES OF SUBBASE, 9-INCHES OF BASE AND 3-INCHES OF BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT.
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL LEAVE 12 INCHES OF FREEBOARD AT ALL LOCATIONS ALONG BULKHEAD STEEL SHEET PILING.

LEGEND:

LIMITS OF WORK

SOIL BARRIER

SOIL/ASPHALT BARRIER

PARCEL PROPERTY LINE

FIGURE 7
UNITED ILLUMINATING ENGLISH STATION POWER
PLANT
510 GRAND AVENUE, NEW HAVEN, CONNECTICUT

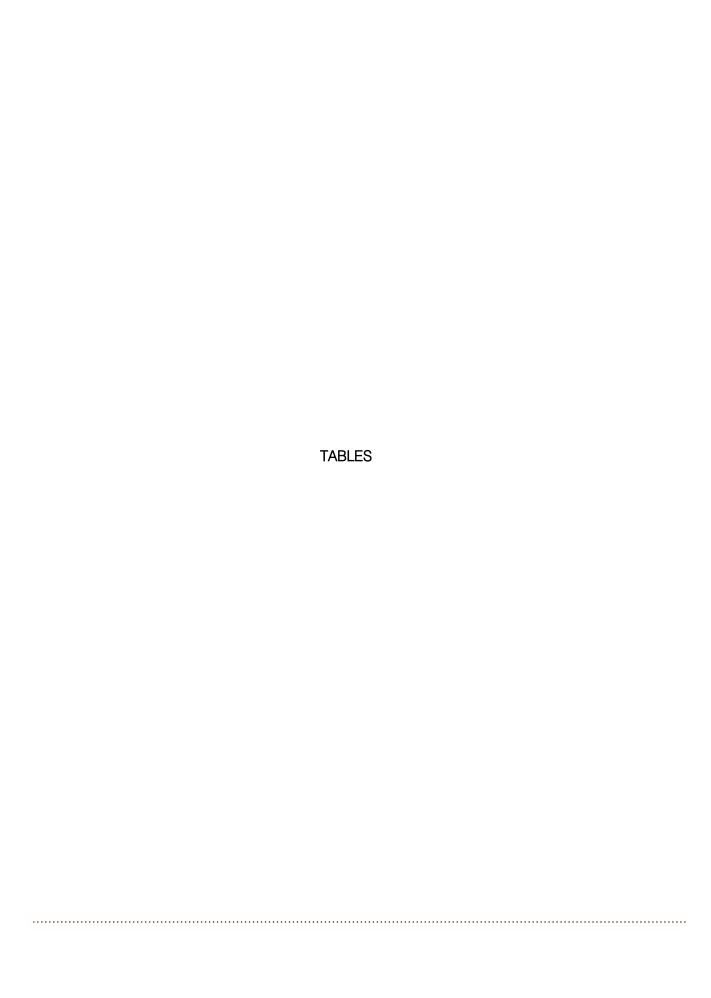
COUTLI CIDE DADOEL D

SOUTH SIDE PARCEL B REMEDIATION AREAS

SEPTEMBER 2018, REVISED SEPTEMBER 2019 SCALE 1" = 30'



Weston & Sampson Engineers, Inc. 273 Dividend Road, Rocky Hill, CT 06067



OAMBUE LOGATION			11/0 4 0 0 0 0 0 4 4	14/2 4 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 5	14/0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 4	W0 4000 00 0 0	14/0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 4		WO 4000 00 4 4	14/0 4 0 0 0 0 0 4 0
SAMPLE LOCATION	400110401		WS-AOC2-SO-1-1	WS-AOC2-SO-1-1R	WS-AOC2-SO-2-1	WS-AOC2-SO-2-2	WS-AOC2-SO-3-1	WS-AOC2-SO-3-2	WS-AOC2-SO-4-1	WS-AOC2-SO-4-2
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)		E REMEDIAL	(7.0'-8.5')	(7.0'-8.5')	(7.0'-8.5')	(13.0'-14.0')	(7.0'-8.5')	(13.0'-14.0')	(7.0'-8.5')	(13.0'-14.0')
DATE SAMPLED	CRIT	ERIA'	8/3/17	9/18/17	8/3/17	8/3/17	8/3/17	8/3/17	8/3/17	8/3/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17H0196	1710904	17H0196	17H0196	17H0196	17H0196	17H0196	17H0196
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³	PARENT		PARENT					
PARAMETER (Units) ²										
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)										
Benzene	200	0.2	0.0021	NA	<0.0014	<0.0014	<0.0014	<0.0013	<0.0015	<0.0013
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)										
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	0.58	0.45	0.24	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	<0.19	<0.19
Anthracene	2,500	400	1.1	0.6	0.22	<0.19	0.20	<0.19	<0.19	<0.19
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	3.3	1.9	1.1	<0.19	0.73	0.20	0.36	<0.19
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	3.7	2.7	1.4	<0.19	0.82	0.33	0.47	<0.19
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	4.2	3.0	1.6	<0.19	1.1	0.40	0.6	0.22
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	2.1	2.2	1.0	<0.19	0.49	0.26	0.34	<0.19
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	1.5	1.0	0.62	<0.19	0.34	<0.19	0.21	<0.19
Chrysene*	780	1	2.9	1.9	0.91	<0.19	0.63	<0.19	0.35	<0.19
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	0.52	0.40	0.25	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	<0.19	<0.19
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	7.5	3.8	1.8	<0.19	1.6	0.30	0.67	0.30
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	2.0	2.0	0.97	<0.19	0.53	0.26	0.31	<0.19
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.19	0.21	<0.18	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	<0.19	<0.19
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	2.1	1.7	0.47	<0.19	0.89	<0.19	0.29	<0.19
Pyrene	2,500	40	7.8	5.0	2.3	0.21	1.6	0.46	0.81	0.59
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (μg/l)										
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	0.63	<0.30	<0.30	NA	<0.30	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene*	NE	20,000	0.32	0.24	<0.20	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	0.051	0.23	<0.050	NA	<0.050	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	<0.10	0.42	<0.10	NA	<0.10	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	0.8	0.057	0.45	<0.050	NA	0.058	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	NE	48	<0.20	0.27	<0.20	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	NE	2800	0.66	0.75	<0.50	NA	<0.50	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	<0.20	0.32	<0.20	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	0.97	0.95	0.13		0.48	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	370	NA	210	720	140	29	120	23
Total Solids (%)			90.0	91.1	92.5	89.6	92.1	89.2	91.0	90.2

NOTES:

- 1. Analytical results compared to applicable remedial criteria from Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013) and Federal PCB Regulations (40 CFR Part 761).
- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes, refer to laboratory report.
- 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL was observed at the Site.
- * These criteria are available through the submission and approval by CT DEEP of a Request for Approval of Criteria for Additional Polluting Substances and Certain Alternative Criteria Form.

A/B labels indicate smaller subintervals for normal samples.

R = location depth was resampled

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

 μ g/I = micrograms per liter

< = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit shown.

BOLD = compound detected at the concentration shown.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria

NE = Not Established by DEEP

XCEEDS I/C DEC

EXCEEDS GB PMO

OANDIE LOGATION			11/0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0	W0 4000 00 4 0	W0 4000 00 0 0	14/0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0	W0 4000 00 0 4	W0 4000 00 0 0	14/0 4 0 0 0 0 D I I D 40	W0 4000 00 0 0
SAMPLE LOCATION	DEMEDIATION	UOTANDADD	WS-AOC3-SO-1-2	WS-AOC3-SO-1-3	WS-AOC3-SO-2-2	WS-AOC3-SO-2-3	WS-AOC3-SO-2-4	WS-AOC3-SO-3-2	WS-AOC3-SO-DUP-40	WS-AOC3-SO-3-3
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION		(2.5'-4.0')	(4.0'-5.0')	(3.0'-4.0')	(7.0'-8.0')	(11.0'-12.0')	(3.0'-4.0')	(3.0'-4.0')	(7.0'-8.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	ATIONS.	8/1/17	8/1/17	8/1/17	8/1/17	8/1/17	8/1/17	8/1/17	8/1/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17H0058	17H0058	17H0058	17H0058	17H0058	17H0059	17H0064	17H0059
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³						PARENT	DUPLICATE	
PARAMETER (Units) ²										
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)										
Carbon Disulfide*	1,000	8.0	<0.0051	<0.0036	< 0.0043	0.0098	< 0.0075	< 0.0055	<0.0044	< 0.0039
Chloroethane*	1000	1.5	<0.017	<0.012	<0.014	< 0.025	<0.025	<0.018	<0.015	< 0.013
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	240	15	<0.0017	<0.0012	<0.0014	< 0.0025	< 0.0025	<0.0018	<0.0015	< 0.0013
1,1-Dichloroethane	1,000	14	<0.0017	<0.0012	<0.0014	< 0.0025	< 0.0025	<0.0018	<0.0015	< 0.0013
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)										
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.20	<0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	<0.30	<0.21	<0.17	<0.19
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.20	<0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	<0.17	<0.19
Anthracene*	2,500	400	<0.20	< 0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	<0.17	<0.19
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	< 0.20	< 0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	0.93	< 0.19
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	<0.20	<0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	0.82	<0.19
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	<0.20	<0.19	0.22	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	1.1	<0.19
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	< 0.20	<0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	0.59	<0.19
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	<0.20	<0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	0.43	<0.19
Chrysene*	780	1	< 0.20	<0.19	0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	0.97	<0.19
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	<0.20	<0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	0.18	<0.19
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	<0.20	<0.19	0.28	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	1.3	<0.19
Fluorene	2,500	56	< 0.20	<0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	<0.17	<0.19
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	<0.20	<0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	0.57	<0.19
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	<0.20	< 0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	< 0.17	<0.19
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.20	< 0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	< 0.17	<0.19
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	<0.20	<0.19	<0.18	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	0.54	<0.19
Pyrene	2,500	40	<0.20	< 0.19	0.31	< 0.30	< 0.30	<0.21	1.4	<0.19
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)										
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2.500	2.500	120	14	11	40	37	53	34	<11
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)	2,000	2,000	.20							***
Antimony	8,200	NE	<2.9	<2.6	<2.5	<4.4	<4.3	<2.9	<2.5	<2.7
Arsenic	10	NE NE	<2.9	<2.6	<2.5	6.6	7.9	<2.9	<2.5	<2.7
Barium	140.000	NE NE	45	48	35	48	43	41	36	20
Beryllium	2	NE	<0.29	<0.26	0.32	0.93	0.85	0.48	0.34	<0.27
Cadmium	1,000	NE NE	0.29	<0.26	0.46	0.49	< 0.43	<0.29	< 0.25	<0.27
Chromium	NE	NE	13	16	8.2	38	36	9.2	8.1	4.7
Copper	76.000	NE	69	110	42	17	16	50	36	6.4
Lead	1,000	NE	15	8.9	24	9.7	10	82	27	12
Mercury	610	NE	<0.030	0.030	0.060	0.047	0.044	0.048	0.048	0.036
Nickel	7,500	NE NE	15	20	9.6	19	19	11	11	3.2
Selenium	10,000	NE	<5.7	<5.3	<5.1	<8.7	<8.6	<5.8	<4.9	<5.4
Vanadium	14,000	NE NE	34	48	31	42	41	19	16	12
Zinc	610,000	NE NE	150	54	42	68	65	63	83	17
SPLP Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (µg/l)	010,000	INE	150	54	444	00	00	00	03	17
Lead		150	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	250	250	<5.0
Vanadium		500	<5.0 <25	<5.0 <25	<5.0 27	<5.0 <25	<5.0 <25	<25 <25	<25 <25	<5.0 <25
Total Solids (%)	_	500	<25 84.3	<25 91.2	95.0	<25 57.6	<25 57.0	<25 81.3	97.6	<25 87.2
NOTES:			04.3	31.2	35.0	0.10	57.0	01.3	31.0	01.2

- 1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013).
- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes refer to laboratory report.
- 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

 μ g/I = micrograms per liter

< = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown.

BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria
NE = Not Established by DEEP

	•		•					•	1
SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC3-SO-3-4	WS-AOC3-SE-6	WS-AOC13-SO-19-4B	WS-AOC13-SO-20-4B	WS-AOC13-SO-21-1B	WS-AOC13-SO-21-1R	WS-AOC13-SE-31
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION		(11.0'-12.0')		(5.5'-6.0')	(5.5'-6.0')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	ATIONS ¹	8/1/17	8/29/17	7/27/17	7/27/17	7/27/17	9/13/17	8/27/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17H0059	17H1544	17G1253	17G1252	17G1253	1710542	17H1544
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³							
PARAMETER (Units) ²									
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)									
Carbon Disulfide*	1,000	8.0	NA	< 0.35	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0065
Chloroethane*	1000	1.5	NA	0.31	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.022
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	240	15	NA	6.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0022
1,1-Dichloroethane	1,000	14	NA	0.15	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0022
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)									
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.22	<1.2	NA	NA	<0.19	<0.19	3.2
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.22	<1.2	NA	NA	0.39	<0.19	<1.1
Anthracene*	2,500	400	<0.22	<1.2	NA	NA	0.30	<0.19	7.7
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	<0.22	2.0	NA	NA	1.7	0.39	42
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	<0.22	1.6	NA	NA	1.9	0.54	30
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	< 0.22	2.2	NA	NA	2.4	0.57	42
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	< 0.22	<1.2	NA	NA	1.2	0.38	14
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	<0.22	<1.2	NA	NA	0.86	0.20	15
Chrysene*	780	1	< 0.22	2.5	NA	NA	1.6	0.42	45
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	< 0.22	<1.2	NA	NA	0.34	<0.19	3.8
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	< 0.22	5.1	NA	NA	3.6	0.49	120
Fluorene	2,500	56	< 0.22	<1.2	NA	NA	<0.19	<0.19	2.3
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	< 0.22	<1.2	NA	NA	1.3	0.35	15
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	<0.22	<1.2	NA	NA	<0.19	<0.19	<1.1
Naphthalene	2,500	56	< 0.22	<1.2	NA	NA	0.22	<0.19	<1.1
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	< 0.22	2.6	NA	NA	1.4	<0.19	61
Pyrene	2,500	40	<0.22	5.2	NA	NA	3.5	0.76	97
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)									
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.082	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.14	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.22	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.21	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.10	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	<13	2100	NA	780	NA	NA	3800
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)									
Antimony	8,200	NE	<3.1	9.9	<2.8	NA	NA	NA	10
Arsenic	10	NE	<3.1	8.8	37	NA	NA	NA	23
Barium	140,000	NE	28	98	36	NA	NA	NA	330
Beryllium	2	NE	< 0.31	<0.44	<0.28	NA	NA	NA	< 0.37
Cadmium	1,000	NE	< 0.31	4.6	0.63	NA	NA	NA	2.3
Chromium	NE	NE	6.2	33	22	NA	NA	NA	65
Copper	76,000	NE	8.4	530	200	NA	NA	NA	3300
Lead	1,000	NE	11	190	280	NA	NA	NA	290
Mercury	610	NE	0.048	0.52	0.26	NA	NA	NA	27
Nickel	7,500	NE	4.6	47	25	NA	NA	NA	580
Selenium	10,000	NE	<6.3	<8.8	<5.7	NA	NA	NA	31
Vanadium	14,000	NE	16	160	110	NA	NA	NA	740
Zinc	610,000	NE	23	610	160	NA	NA	NA	1100
SPLP Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (μg/l)									
Lead		150	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium		500	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			78.3	56.0	82.0	80.9	89.5	89.5	64.7
NOTES:						•			

- NOTES:
 1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013).
- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes refer to
- aboratory report.

 The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

 μ g/l = micrograms per liter

= compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown.

 $\label{eq:bold} \textbf{BOLD} = \text{compound detected at that concentration}.$

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria
NE = Not Established by DEEP

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC5-SO-3-2
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	(12.0'-13.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	ATIONS ¹	7/21/17
WORK ORDER NO.		17G0911	
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³	
PARAMETER (Units) ²			
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)			
Anthracene*	2,500	400	0.30
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	0.91
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	0.90
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	1.0
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	0.56
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	0.37
Chrysene*	780	1	0.84
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	0.55
Naphthalene	2,500	56	0.30
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	0.73
Pyrene	2,500	40	1.9
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	110
Total Solids (%)			97.4

NOTES:

- 1. Analytical results compared to applicable remedial criteria from Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013)
- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes, refer to laboratory report.
- 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL was observed at the Site.
- * These criteria are available through the submission and approval by CT DEEP of a Request for Approval of Criteria for Additional Polluting Substances and Certain Alternative Criteria Form.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

μg/l = micrograms per liter

< = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit shown.

BOLD = compound detected at the concentration shown.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria

NE = Not Established by DEEP

EXCEEDS I/C DEC

EXCEEDS GB PMC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC6-SO-8-2	WS-AOC6-SO-15-3
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	(0.5'-1.5')	(2.0'-3.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	9/8/17	9/8/17
WORK ORDER NO.			1710319	1710320
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³		
PARAMETER (Units) ²				
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)				
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	0.29	< 0.22
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	0.38	< 0.22
Anthracene*	2,500	400	1.4	< 0.22
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	4.6	< 0.22
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	4.0	< 0.22
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	4.6	< 0.22
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	2.1	< 0.22
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	1.8	< 0.22
Chrysene*	780	1	4.5	0.28
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	0.65	< 0.22
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	10	0.32
Fluorene	2,500	56	0.39	< 0.22
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	2.4	< 0.22
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	0.21	< 0.22
Naphthalene	2,500	56	0.80	< 0.22
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	7.1	0.41
Pyrene	2,500	40	8.6	0.24
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)				
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	0.091	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	230	NA
Total Solids (%)			83.7	77.8

NOTES:

- 1. Analytical results compared to applicable remedial criteria from Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013) and Federal PCB Regulations (40 CFR Part 761).
- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes, refer to laboratory report.
- 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL was observed at the Site.
- * These criteria are available through the submission and approval by CT DEEP of a Request for Approval of Criteria for Additional Polluting Substances and Certain Alternative Criteria Form.

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< = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown.

BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria

NE = Not Established by DEEP

-- = Not Applicable

EXCEEDS I/C DEC EXCEEDS GB PMC

	_											
SAMPLE LOCATION	REMER	DIATION	WS-AOC7-SO-1-2B	WS-AOC7-SO-2-3B	WS-AOC7-SO-DUP-29	WS-AOC7-SO-2-3R	WS-AOC7-SO-3-3B	WS-AOC-07-SO-3-3R	WS-AOC7-SO-DUP-62	WS-AOC7-SO-4-3B	WS-AOC7-SO-4-3R	WS-AOC7-SO-5-3B
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)		IDARD	(4.5'-5.0')	(8.5'-9.0')	(8.5'-9.0')	(8.5'-9.0')	(6.0'-6.5')	(6.0'-6.5')	(6.0'-6.5')	(12.5'-13.0')	(12.5'-13.0')	(12.5'-13.0')
DATE SAMPLED		ATIONS ¹	7/27/17	7/27/17	7/27/17	9/13/17	7/27/17	9/13/17	9/13/17	7/27/17	9/13/17	7/27/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17G1254	17G1255	17G1258	1710542	17G1255	1710542	1710542	17G1255	1710542	17G1255
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³		PARENT	DUPLICATE			PARENT	DUPLICATE			
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)												
n-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	NA	< 0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0013	NA	NA
sec-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	NA	< 0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0013	NA	NA
p-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)*	1,000	5.0	NA	< 0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0013	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	< 0.0027	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0026	NA	NA
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.44
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.44
Anthracene*	2,500	400	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.7
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.1
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.9
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	5.8
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	3.3
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.2
Carbazole*	290	1.0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Chrysene*	780	1.0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	4.4
Crirysene* Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.69
	1,000	1.4	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA
Dibenzofuran*	2,500	56	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	9.9
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.5 <1.5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	9.9 <0.44
Fluorene												
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.0
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.44
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.44
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.0
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	19
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	8.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	NE	48	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluorene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2-Methylnaphthalene*	NE	7.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	2000	3500	3500	4300	4800	6700	4400	4100	1900	650
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA NA	NA	NA	0.92	NA	4.7	4.4	NA	1.2	NA NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)	1	1									1	
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	<2.8	3.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA NA	15	31	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA NA	0.33	0.37	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA NA	11	16	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA NA	36	70	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA NA	17	31	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
			NA NA	<0.027		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA			NA NA
Mercury	610 7,500	NE NE			< 0.027			NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	
Nickel Silver		NE NE	NA NA	31	46	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Silver	10,000	NE	NA NA	< 0.056	< 0.52	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA NA	350	590	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	45	67	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (μg/l)	1					A						
Vanadium		500	NA	350	930	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			80.3	88.7	92.1	90.3	89.2	88.0	88.2	88.4	86.2	76.9
NOTES:												

NOTES:

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- 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.
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mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram $\mu g/l = \text{micrograms per liter}$ <= compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown. BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

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NE = Not Established by DEEP

SAMPLE LOCATION	I		WS-AOC7-SO-6-3B	WS-AOC7-SO-7-3R	WS-AOC7-SO-7-3B	WS-AOC7-SO-8-4B	WS-AOC7-SO-9-3B	WS-AOC7-SO-DUP-30	WS-AOC-07-SO-9-3R	WS-AOC7-SO-10-3B	WS-AOC7-SO-11-3B	WS-AOC7-SO-12-3B
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)		DIATION	(6.0'-6.5')	(5.5'-6.0')	(6.0'-6.5')	(6.0'-7.0')	(6.0'-6.5')	(6.0'-6.5')	(6.0'-6.5')	(6.0'-6.5')	(6.0'-6.5')	(6.0'-6.5')
DATE SAMPLED	STAN	IDARD	7/27/17	9/13/17	7/27/17	7/27/17	7/27/17	7/27/17	9/13/17	7/27/17	7/27/17	7/27/17
WORK ORDER NO.	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	17G1255	1710542	17G1254	17G1254	17G1256	17G1258	1710542	17G1256	17G1256	17G1256
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³	1701255	1710542	17G1254	17G1254	PARENT	DUPLICATE	1710542	17G1250	17G1250	17G1250
PARAMETER (Units) ²	I/C DEC	GB PIVIC					FAREINI	DOFLICATE				
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)												
n-Butylbenzene*	1.000	70	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.11	< 0.073	NA	NA	NA	NA
_ ·	1,000	70	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.11	<0.073	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
sec-Butylbenzene*					NA NA							
p-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)*	1,000	5.0	NA NA	NA NA		NA NA	<0.11	<0.073	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.6	3.9	NA	NA	NA	NA
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)	0.500		***		N/A	A1A		114		N/A		
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	490	NA NA	51	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	NA	NA	NA	NA	5.0	NA	0.69	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene*	2,500	400	NA	NA	NA	NA	370	NA	18	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	220	NA	10	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	72	NA	4.9	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	100	NA	6.5	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	23	NA	2.0	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	41	NA	2.3	NA	NA	NA
Carbazole*	290	1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	210	NA	9.0	NA	NA	NA
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	11	NA	0.52	NA	NA	NA
Dibenzofuran*	1,000	1.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	1100	NA	59	NA	NA	NA
Fluorene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	310	NA	3.0	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	23	NA	2.1	NA	NA	NA
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1.000	5.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	10	NA	< 0.39	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	150	NA	2.3	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	1800	NA	13	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	990	NA	49	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)	2,000	70	1471	107	1471	147	555	101	40	1471	101	TW/
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	400	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	NE	4200	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1.8	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA NA	14	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA					
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	3.5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
1,7	NE	2	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1.5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	0.8	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	NE NE	5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.69	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE	48	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.3	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Chrysene*	NE NE		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	42	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Fluoranthene		2800										
Fluorene	NE	2800	NA NA	14	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA					
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.46	NA	NA	NA
2-Methylnaphthalene*	NE	7.4	NA NA	2.4	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA					
Naphthalene	NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	48	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	37	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	27	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	82	3000	290	16	7300	NA	3000	580	67	130
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.5	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)	ļ	ļ						ļ				
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	<3.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.0
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	27
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	< 0.30	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.28
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	6.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	7.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	21
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	7.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	27
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	< 0.31	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.15
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	160	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7.6
Silver	10,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.56
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	110	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	79
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	63	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	26
SPLP Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (µg/l)	<u> </u>											
Vanadium		500	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			77.7	85.9	84.3	79.8	70.6	70.6	86.4	81.7	84.1	83.9
NOTES:	<u> </u>											

NOTES:

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- 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.
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SAMPLE LOCATION	1	ı	W0 4007 00 40 0	W0 4007 00 44 0B	WO A O O 7 O O 45 O D	WO ACC7 CO 40 4	W0 4007 00 40 0	W0 4007 00 40 0	WO AOO7 OO 47 4	W0 4007 00 47 0	W0 4007 00 47 0	W0 4007 00 40 4
	REMED	DIATION	WS-AOC7-SO-13-3	WS-AOC7-SO-14-3B	WS-AOC7-SO-15-2B	WS-AOC7-SO-16-1	WS-AOC7-SO-16-2	WS-AOC7-SO-16-3	WS-AOC7-SO-17-1	WS-AOC7-SO-17-2	WS-AOC7-SO-17-3	WS-AOC7-SO-18-1
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	STAN	IDARD	(4.0'-4.5')	(5.0"-5.5')	(5.0'-5.5')	(8.0'-10.0')	(13.0'-15.0')	(17.0'-17.5')	(6.0-'8.0')	(13.0'-15.0')	(15.0'-17.0')	(0-2.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	7/27/17	7/27/17	7/27/17	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/28/17
WORK ORDER NO.	1/0 DE0	3	17G1257	17G1257	17G1257	17G1308						
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³										
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)												
n-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
sec-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
p-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)*	1,000	5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	NA	NA	< 0.39	NA						
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	NA	NA	< 0.39	NA						
Anthracene*	2,500	400	NA	NA	< 0.39	NA						
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	1.0	NA						
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	0.92	NA						
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	1.1	NA						
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	0.67	NA						
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	0.46	NA						
Carbazole*	290	1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA NA	NA NA	0.94	NA NA						
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	NA NA	NA NA	<0.39	NA NA						
Dibenzofuran*	1,000	1.4	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA NA	NA NA	2.3	NA NA						
Fluorene	2,500	56	NA NA	NA NA	<0.39	NA NA						
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA NA	NA NA	0.59	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1.000	5.6	NA NA	NA NA	<0.39	NA NA						
* *	2,500	56	NA NA	NA NA	<0.39	NA NA						
Naphthalene	2,500	40										
Phenanthrene	,		NA NA	NA NA	1.6	NA NA						
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	2.2	NA						
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	8.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	NE	48	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluorene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2-Methylnaphthalene*	NE	7.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	340	300	94	150	710	670	250	1000	770	120
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												1
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Cadmium	1.000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	76,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Copper Lead	1,000	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	610		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Mercury Nielsel		NE										
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Silver	10,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (μg/l)	ļ	1			ļ		ļ			ļ	ļ	
Vanadium		500	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			94.8	88.1	86.3	88.5	78.4	73.9	86.8	75.8	51.6	97.1
NOTES:												

NOTES:

- Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013).
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- 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.
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mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram $\mu g/l = \text{micrograms per liter}$ <= compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown. BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria

NE = Not Established by DEEP

SAMPLE LOCATION	1		WS-AOC7-SO-18-2	WS-AOC7-SO-18-3	WS-AOC7-SO-19-1	WS-AOC7-SO-DUP-31	WS-AOC7-SO-19-2	WS-AOC7-SO-19-3	WS-AOC7-SO-20-1	WS-AOC7-SO-20-2	WS-AOC7-SO-20-3	WS-AOC7-SO-21-3
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)		DIATION	(6.0'-8.0')	(15.0'-16.0')	(0-2.0')	(0-2.0')	(6.0'-8.0')	(10.0'-12.0')	(8.0'-9.0')	(13.0'-14.0')	(16.0'-17.0')	(2.0'-3.5')
DATE SAMPLED		IDARD	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/27/17	7/27/17	7/27/17	7/27/17
WORK ORDER NO.	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	17G1308	17G1308	17G1308	17G1309	17G1308	17G1308	17G1256	17G1256	17G1256	17G1257
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³	1701300	1701300	PARENT	DUPLICATE	1701300	1701300	17G1250	1701230	17G1250	1701257
PARAMETER (Units) ²	I/O DEO	GB PIVIC			IAILINI	DOILIOATE						
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)												
n-Butylbenzene*	1.000	70	<0.0016	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
sec-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	<0.0016	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
p-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)*	1,000	5.0	<0.0016	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.0032	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)	2,500	30	<0.000Z	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA	IVA
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	NA	NA	NA	<0.17	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Anthracene*	2,500	400	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA					
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	7.8	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Carbazole*	290	1.0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Carbazole* Chrysene*	780	1.0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Dibenzofuran*	1,000	1.4	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Fluorene	2,500	56	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.17	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)	2,300	40	INA	IVA	INA	C0.17	INA	IVA	INA	INA	INA	INA
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	NE NE	4200	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	NE NE	0.6	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE NE		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE NE	0.8	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
· · ·	NE NE	5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene Chrysene*	NE NE	48	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	NE NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Fluoranthene	NE NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Fluorene	NE NE	2600	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE NE	7.4	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
2-Methylnaphthalene*	NE NE	7.4							NA NA			
Naphthalene	NE NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Phenanthrene	NE NE	2000 2000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Pyrene Extractable Total Petroloum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	190	91	140	310	750	370	6300	450	9000	190
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg) SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	2,500 NE	2,500	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	450 NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)	INE	2.5	IVA	INA	INA	INA	IVA	INA	INA	IVA	IVA	INA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic Barium	140,000	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Chromium	1,000 NE	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	76,000	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Copper Lead	1.000	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
·	1,000 610	NE NE	NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Mercury Nickel				NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	7,500	NE NE	NA NA									
Silver	10,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
CDLD Tetal Matala by EDA weather 10010D (10)	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (μg/l)	1	500	NA	NIA.	N/A	N/A	NIA	NIA.	N/A	N/A	N/A	NIA.
Vanadium		500	NA 78.4	NA 80.3	NA 98.1	NA 97.8	NA 85.2	NA 88.5	NA 87.3	NA 39.4	NA 40.7	NA 88.7
Total Solids (%)			78.4	80.3	98.1	97.8	85.2	გ გ.2	8/.3	39.4	40.7	გ გ./
NOTES:												

NOTES:

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NA = Not Analyzed

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Commonweight Comm	SAMPLE LOCATION	1	ı	WS-AOC7-SO-21-4	WS-AOC7-SO-22-3	WS-AOC7-SO-22-4	WS-AOC7-SO-23-2	WS-AOC7-SO-23-3	WO A O O 7 O O O A O	WS-AOC7-SE-26	WS-AOC7-SE-27	WS-AOC7-SE-28	WS-AOC7-SE-DUP-3
STATE AND COLUMN									WS-AOC7-SO-24-3	WS-AUC7-SE-26	WS-AUC7-SE-27	WS-AUC7-SE-28	WS-AUC7-SE-DUP-3
SPAN CARGO 1998 1		STAN	IDARD							11/0/17	11/0/17	11/0/17	11/0/17
Section Company Comp		REGULA	ATIONS ¹			' '	' '						
PARAMETER 1000		L/O DEO		1/G125/	17G1258	17G1258	17G1258	17G1258	1/G125/	17KU251	17K0251	17K0251	17K0251
The property of the model 200 pages 100 10		I/C DEC	GB PMC										
Descriptions 1001 70 70 70 70 70 70			+										
Proceedings					***								
Description and pulses 150	_ ·												
September 1,000													
Seminosimon Organo Compounds by EPA nethed EPS Ingeling 1		,											
Decomposition 1,200 81	·	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	0.095	NA NA	NA	< 0.25	<0.23	< 0.0027	NA
Content Cont													
## Secretary	Acenaphthene*												
Proceeds/press	Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.9	< 0.91	< 0.82	
Executions	Anthracene*		400							31	5.4		2.6
Decomposite commons	Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			2.4	
Recognity Part Pa	Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	52	11	2.2	8.1
Reconfiguration	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	57	13	2.8	11
Canapacie*	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1		NA	NA			NA		6.8	1.9	
Character	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	22	4.9	1.1	4.2
Companies			1.0	NA		NA	NA	NA	NA	10	NA	NA	NA
Debugs promisered 1		780		NA		NA			NA				
Characterister 1,050 1.4 14.0			1										
Passeries		1,000									NA		
Patrone													
March Marc													
Descriptopheneries													
Pages Page													
Parameterison	* *	· · ·											
Express 2.500	·												
SPLP Semioratise Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug1)		,											
Nempethyleme*	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,500	40	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	160	20	6.0	21
Acompative NE 4000 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA		NE	4000	NIA	NIA.	NIA	NIA.	NIA	N/A	NIA	NIA	NIA.	NA
April Apri	1												
Benzo(a)gyprene													
Benzo Dipyrene	7 II II II GOOTO												
Benzol(plucarathene	. ,												
Denzolf-(Horonthene)													
Chryssene*													
Fluorente NE 2800 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA													
Fluorene													
Indemot 12.3-cd/pyrene*													
Methylmaphthalene*			2800										
Naphthalane													
Penanethrene	2-Methylnaphthalene*												
Pyrane	Naphthalene												
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg) 2,500 2,500 12 79 77 39 1000 190 27000 18000 6200 NA	Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		NA		NA
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l) NE 2.5 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N	Pyrene	NE			NA					NA	NA	NA	
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)		2,500	2,500	12	79	77	39	1000	190	1	18000	6200	NA
Arsenic 10 NE	SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Cadmium 1,000 NE NA	Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4.9	<3.4	<3.2	NA
Cadmium 1,000 NE NA	Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	95	100	80	NA
Chromium NE NE NE NA													
Copper C		NE				NA			NA		59		
Lead 1,000 NE NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 200 480 230 NA Mercury 610 NE NA NA NA NA NA NA 0.17 0.18 0.12 NA Nickel 7,500 NE NA <													
Mercury 610 NE NA 0.17 0.18 0.12 NA													
Nickel 7,500 NE NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 120 120 86 NA Silver 10,000 NE NA													
Silver 10,000 NE NA													
Vanadium 14,000 NE NA NA NA NA NA NA NA 990 150 100 NA Zinc 610,000 NE NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA SPLP Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (μg/l) Vanadium 500 NA													
Zinc 610,000 NE NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA C600 1500 350 NA SPLP Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (μg/l) Vanadium 500 NA													
SPLP Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (μg/l) NA													
Vanadium 500 NA		010,000	NE	INA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2600	1500	350	NA NA
Total Solids (%) 89.4 89.7 87.3 89.2 57.1 81.4 71.9 74.6 82.2 83.6		 	500	A14						N1A			
			-	89.4	89.7	87.3	89.2	57.1	81.4	71.9	74.6	82.2	83.6

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BAMPA CEPTH Mags SPECIAL OF STATE AND STA											
MATERIAN 1904 190	SAMPLE LOCATION				WS-AOC8-SO-2-1B	WS-AOC8-SO-2-1R	WS-AOC8-SO-3-1B	WS-AOC8-SO-4-4	WS-AOC8-SO-5-2	WS-AOC8-SO-6-2	WS-AOC8-SO-8
	SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	(2.0'-3.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(5.0'-6.0')	(1.5'-2.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(1.0'-2.0')
PART	DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	ATIONS ¹	7/31/17	7/31/17	9/14/17	7/31/17	7/31/17	7/31/17	9/12/17	11/2/17
PARAMETER CONTROL Control Supplies Control Spire (Parameter) by PAP without \$450 (easy) Control Spire (Parameter) by PAP without \$450 (easy) Control Spire (Parameter) by PAP without \$450 (easy) Control Spire (Parameter) Control Spire (Param	WORK ORDER NO.			17G1436	17G1436	17l0641	17G1436	17G1436	17G1436	1710462	17K0251
Veside Opposite Components by EPA method 6200 (mg kg)	QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³								PARENT
March Marc	PARAMETER (Units) ²										
Dept-contents	Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)										
1,000 70 -0.0014	Acetone	1,000	140	< 0.069	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.071	NA	0.11
	n-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	< 0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	NA	< 0.0014
Name	sec-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	< 0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	NA	< 0.0014
Name	p-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)*	1,000	5.0	< 0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	NA	< 0.0014
1,30 Transplant plant		2,500	56	<0.0028	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.0028	NA	<0.0028
1.5 Frompipersoner	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	28	< 0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	NA	< 0.0014
Semboration Degree Compounds by PPA method 8770 (mg/stg)	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	28	< 0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	NA	< 0.0014
Accordant/Professor											
Administration 5,500 600 601 601 602 603	Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.18	0.85	12	<0.18	< 0.26	< 0.19	<0.18	0.19
Brooksprinteness	Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.18	<0.18	<0.18	<0.18	< 0.26	< 0.19	<0.18	<0.18
Brooksprinteness	Anthracene*	2,500	400	<0.18	1.4	20	0.20	< 0.26	0.27	<0.18	0.41
1											
Second		1	1								3.3
Second 1		7.8	1		6.5						3.6
Sembolish 78	•										
Camazaole*											
Chypener											
Dilenting Juminsteame*											
Disentationary 1,000		1	1								0.61
Filtramentmene		1 000	1.4								
Fluoren											
Indianot 1.28 - coll pyrener 7.8											
2-MetryIngentheliere*											
Naphthalane											
Phenanthrane											
Pyrene	'										
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ugl.)											
Aconephthrene* NE 4200 NA NA 7.5 NA NA NA NA NA NA NA N		2,500	40	0.22	13	100	1.5	1.0	1.5	0.00	5.7
Acenaphtylene		NE	4200	NA	NIA	7.5	NΙΔ	NΙΛ	NΙΛ	NA	NΙΔ
Anthracene* NE 20000 NA NA C.8 NA											
Benzo(alpyrane NE 0.6											
Benzolg/lipronemen											
Benze] Survey Benze] Survey Benze] Benza] Benze] B											
Benzo(A)fluoranthene											
Berzo(k)fluoranthene											
Chrysene*											
Disenzig(ah)anthracene*											
Fluorenthene											
Fluorene	` ,										
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*											
Naphthalene NE 2800 NA NA 3.4 NA											
Phenanthrene NE 2000											
Pyrene NE 2000 NA NA 14 NA <	1										
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg) 2,500 2,500 14 220 NA 30 20 53 96 390 Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg) Image: Company of the co											
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg) B.200 NE NA	F 7										
Antimony 8,200 NE NA		2,500	2,500	14	220	NA	30	20	53	96	390
Arsenic 10 NE NA NA <t< td=""><td></td><td>0.000</td><td>N</td><td>h:-</td><td>h</td><td>A14</td><td>N/A</td><td>h/*</td><td>h/*</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td></t<>		0.000	N	h:-	h	A14	N/A	h/*	h/*	N/A	N/A
Barium 140,000 NE NA											
Cadmium 1,000 NE NA											
Chromium NE NE NA <											
Copper 76,000 NE NA											
Lead 1,000 NE NA NA <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>											
Mercury 610 NE NA <											
Nickel 7,500 NE NA											
Vanadium 14,000 NE NA											
Zinc 610,000 NE NA											
Total Solids (%) 96.8 96.0 93.6 96.2 66.4 87.2 94.6 92.9											
		610,000									
NOTES:	Total Solids (%)			96.8	96.0	93.6	96.2	66.4	87.2	94.6	92.9

- NOTES:

 1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013).
- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes refer to laboratory report.
- 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.
- * These criteria are available through the submission and approval of a Request for Approval of Criteria for Additional Polluting Substances and Cetrtain Alternative Criteria Form.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram $\mu g/l = \text{micrograms per liter}$ <= compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown. BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria
NE = Not Established by DEEP

-- = Not Applicable
EXCEEDS I/C DEC

			Lua . aaa aa au a	11/0 1 0 0 0 0 0					
SAMPLE LOCATION	DEMEDIATIO	NI OTANDADD	WS-AOC8-SO-DUP-67	WS-AOC8-SO-9	WS-AOC8-SO-10	WS-AOC8-SO-11	WS-AOC8-SO-13	WS-AOC8-SO-14	WS-AOC8-SO-15
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	_	N STANDARD	(1.0'-2.0')	(1.0'-2.0')	(1.0'-2.0')	(1.0'-2.0')	(1.0'-2.0')	(1.0'-2.0')	(1.0'-2.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	11/2/17	11/2/17	11/2/17	11/3/17	11/3/17	11/3/17	11/3/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17K0251	17K0251	17K0251	17K0252	17K0252	17K0252	17K0252
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³	DUPLICATE						
PARAMETER (Units) ²									
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)									
Acetone	1,000	140	NA	<0.073	<0.073	<0.071	<0.061	<0.072	<0.066
n-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	NA	< 0.0015	< 0.0015	< 0.0014	<0.0012	< 0.0014	< 0.0013
sec-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	NA	< 0.0015	<0.0015	<0.0014	<0.0012	< 0.0014	< 0.0013
p-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)*	1,000	5.0	NA	< 0.0015	< 0.0015	< 0.0014	< 0.0012	< 0.0014	< 0.0013
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	< 0.0029	< 0.0029	<0.0028	< 0.0024	< 0.0029	< 0.0027
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	28	NA	< 0.0015	< 0.0015	< 0.0014	< 0.0012	< 0.0014	< 0.0013
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	28	NA	< 0.0015	< 0.0015	< 0.0014	< 0.0012	< 0.0014	< 0.0013
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)									
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.18	1.2	<0.18	< 0.19	< 0.20	< 0.20	< 0.20
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.18	<0.18	<0.18	< 0.19	< 0.20	<020	< 0.20
Anthracene*	2,500	400	<0.18	3.9	<0.18	< 0.19	< 0.20	<020	0.69
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	1.0	24	0.95	0.33	< 0.20	<020	3.4
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	1.7	26	1.4	0.46	<0.20	<020	4.2
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	1.8	26	1.4	0.52	<0.20	<020	4.5
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	1.4	20	2.0	0.50	< 0.20	<020	2.4
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	0.63	8.6	0.53	<0.19	< 0.20	<020	1.8
Carbazole*	290	1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	1.1	23	1.0	0.35	< 0.20	<020	3.7
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	0.23	3.8	0.27	< 0.19	< 0.20	<020	0.42
Dibenzofuran*	1,000	1.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	1.3	42	1.3	0.45	0.26	<020	5.9
Fluorene	2,500	56	<0.18	0.98	<0.18	< 0.19	< 0.20	<020	<0.20
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	1.2	19	1.4	0.41	<0.20	<020	2.3
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	<0.18	0.19	<0.18	<0.19	<0.20	<020	<0.20
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.18	0.23	<0.18	NA	NA	NA	<0.20
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	0.42	15	0.48	<0.19	<0.20	<020	3.5
Pyrene	2,500	40	2.1	63	1.8	0.59	0.26	<020	7.2
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)	_,								
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	NE	4200	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	NE	4.8	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Chrysene*	NE	48	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	NE	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Fluoranthene	NE	560	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	NE NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Fluorene	NE NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene* Naphthalene	NE NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	NE NE	2000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Phenanthrene	NE NE	2000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Pyrene Extractable Total Petroloum Hydrogerhans by CT method (mg/kg)									
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg) Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	2500	150	80	37	96	450
, , , , , ,	8 000	NE	NIA	NA	NA	NIA	NIA	NIA	NIA
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			93.0	92.7	92.4	87.0	86.5	83.9	84.4
NOTES:									

- NOTES:

 1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013).
- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes refer to laboratory report.
- to laboratory report.

 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.

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 $mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram \ \mu g/l = micrograms per liter$

compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown.
 BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria
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-- = Not Applicable
EXCEEDS I/C DEC

AMPLE LOCATION AMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs) ADATE SAMPLED VORK ORDER NO. DA/OC IDENTIFIER PARAMETER (Units) ² Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg) Acetone -Butylbenzene* ec-Butylbenzene* -Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)* laphthalene 2,4-Trimethylbenzene* 3,5-Trimethylbenzene*		STANDARD ATIONS ¹ GB PMC ³ 140	WS-AOC8-SE-16 8/29/17 17H1544	WS-AOC8-SE-17 8/29/17 17H1544	8/29/17 17H1544	WS-AOC8-SE-19 8/29/17 17H1544	WS-AOC8-SE-23 8/25/17	WS-AOC8-SE-24 8/29/17	WS-AOC8-SE-25 8/31/17
DATE SAMPLED VORK ORDER NO. DA/OC IDENTIFIER PARAMETER (Units) ² Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg) vcetone	I/C DEC 1,000 1,000	ATIONS ¹ GB PMC ³							8/31/17
VORK ORDER NO. DA/QC IDENTIFIER PARAMETER (Units) ² Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg) ucetone -Butylbenzene* ec-Butylbenzene* -Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)* laghthalene ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene* ,3,5-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000 1,000	GB PMC ³							
PARAMETER (Units) ² Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg) ucetone -Butylbenzene* ec-Butylbenzene* -Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)* laghthalene ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000 1,000					1/日1544	17H1432	17H1544	17H1675
PARAMETER (Units) ² folatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg) acctone -Butylbenzene* ec-Butylbenzene* -Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)* Japhthalene J.2.4-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000 1,000			i .					
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg) Locetone - Butylbenzene* ec-Butylbenzene* - Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)* Laphthalene 2,4-Trimethylbenzene* 3,5-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	140							
Acetone - Butylbenzene* ec-Butylbenzene*Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)*Isaphthalene _2.4-Trimethylbenzene* _3.5-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	140							
r-Butylbenzene* ec-Butylbenzene* -Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)* laphthalene ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene* ,3,5-Trimethylbenzene*			< 0.10	< 0.10	< 0.091	< 0.098	<3.8	<4.8	<0.11
ec-Butylbenzene* -Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)* Japhthalene _2,4-Trimethylbenzene* _3,5-Trimethylbenzene*		70	<0.0020	<0.0021	<0.0018	<0.0020	<0.076	0.15	<0.0022
P-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)* Iaphthalene ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene* ,3,5-Trimethylbenzene*		70	<0.0020	<0.0021	<0.0018	<0.0020	<0.076	0.13	<0.0022
laphthalene ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene* ,3,5-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	5.0	<0.0020	<0.0021	<0.0018	<0.0020	<0.076	0.11	<0.0022
,2,4-Trimethylbenzene* ,3,5-Trimethylbenzene*	2,500	56	< 0.0041	<0.0041	< 0.0036	< 0.0039	<0.15	0.73	< 0.0044
,3,5-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	28	<0.0020	<0.0021	<0.0018	<0.0020	<0.076	0.44	<0.0022
	1,000	28	<0.0020	<0.0021	<0.0018	<0.0020	<0.076	0.15	< 0.0022
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)	1,000		10.0020	10.0021	10.0010	10.0020	10.070	5.15	10.0022
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	13	57	4.1	21	< 0.25	<4.9	< 0.22
cenaphthylene	2,500	84	4.2	<2.0	<0.82	2.0	< 0.25	<4.9	< 0.22
Anthracene*	2,500	400	29	70	6.7	37	<0.25	<4.9	0.49
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	84	220	31	110	1.1	<4.9	2.4
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.0	1	65	200	31	98	0.91	<4.9	1.9
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	84	220	37	120	1.4	<4.9 <4.9	2.9
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	7.8	1	42	130	20	46	0.45	<4.9 <4.9	1.4
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	30	91	13	45	0.45	<4.9	1.0
Senzo(k)fluorantnene Carbazole*	290	1.0	16	43	3.8	23	< 0.25	<4.9 <4.9	0.53
carbazoie*	780	1.0	79	210	3.8	110	< 0.25	<4.9 <4.9	2.9
·	760	1	10	34	4.8	110	< 0.25	<4.9	0.38
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1,000	1.4	6.6	22	<1.6	8.8	<0.50	<4.9 <9.8	<0.45
Dibenzofuran* Fluoranthene	2,500	56	160	460	62	250	2.6	5.0	6.3
	2,500	56	13	39	2.6	15			
Fluorene	7.8						<0.25 0.51	<4.9	<0.22
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	1,000	1 5.6	42	140 12	21	54 2.5	<0.25	<4.9 <4.9	1.5 <0.22
!-Methylnaphthalene*			<3.1		<0.82				
Naphthalene	2,500 2,500	56 40	5.9 120	28 350	1.3	5.0	<0.25 1.5	<4.9 <4.9	0.23
Phenanthrene		1			33	220			4.1
Pyrene	2,500	40	160	390	51	200	2.8	<4.9	5.1
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)	_	4000		114			***	*1*	
acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
cenaphthylene	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene*	NE NE	20000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE NE	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	NE	4.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	NE	48	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	NE	1 1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
luoranthene	NE	560	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
luorene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	6300	7400	4000	31	740	1600	600
otal Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)									1
Intimony	8,200	NE	21	25	10	20	<3.5	3.8	30
arsenic	10	NE	37	25	18	19	<3.5	<3.4	39
Barium	140,000	NE	120	130	140	150	70	210	430
Cadmium	1,000	NE	2.3	3.4	2.9	2.4	0.77	2.0	3.9
Chromium	NE	NE	51	97	47	80	20	32	100
Copper	76,000	NE	290	570	210	450	170	220	310
ead	1,000	NE	230	1800	470	870	330	460	1400
Mercury	610	NE	0.12	0.35	0.35	0.11	0.23	0.098	0.21
lickel	7,500	NE	87	210	240	120	34	31	180
anadium anadium	14,000	NE	280	2000	1700	470	99	98	1400
inc	610,000	NE	380	1100	980	1500	570	950	1300
	T :-		88.6	84.9	83.3	94.9	67.7	69.5	76.3

- NOTES:

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- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes refer to laboratory report.
- to laboratory report.

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 $mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram \ \mu g/l = micrograms per liter$

Agin - micrograms per mer
< = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown.</p>
BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria
NE = Not Established by DEEP

-- = Not Applicable
EXCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC9-SO-6-1F	3WS-AOC9-SO-9-	3WS-AOC9-SO-11-1	3WS-AOC9-SO-14-1	WS-AOC9-SO-18-	3WS-AOC9-SO-25-3	WS-AOC9-SO-28-4B	WS-AOC9-SO-30-3R	WS-AOC9-SO-32-3	WS-AOC9-SO-32-3R
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	(1.0'-1.5')	(8.5'-10.0')	(8.0'-9.5')	(5.5'-6.0')	(8.0'-9.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(6.0'-6.5')	(9.0'-9.5')	(6.0'-7.5')	(6.0'-7.5')
DATE SAMPLED		ATIONS ¹	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/28/17	7/31/17	7/31/17	7/31/17	8/1/17	8/1/17	9/14/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17G1306	17G1307	17G1307	17G1308	17G1420	17G1427	17G1436	17H0058	17H0060	1710641
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³										
PARAMETER (Units) ²		0510										
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)												
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1,000	120	NA	0.0034	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	240	15	NA	0.014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1-Dichloroethane	1,000	14	NA	<0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	1,000	14	NA	<0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	1,000	20	NA	<0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Stryene*	1,000	20	NA	<0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tetrachloroethylene	110	1	NA	<0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene*	200	14	NA	< 0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,000	40	NA	<0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Trichloroethylene	520	1	NA	< 0.0014	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.18	<0.20	<0.22	<0.18	<0.24	<0.18	<0.31	<1.4	1.2	1.7
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	0.48	<0.20	<0.22	<0.18	<0.24	<0.18	<0.31	<1.4	<1.2	0.37
Anthracene*	2,500	400	0.32	<0.20	0.53	<0.18	<0.24	<0.18	<0.31	3.9	1.9	2.0
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	2.7	0.36	2.1	<0.18	0.90	0.19	<0.31	9.1	4.8	4.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	2.5	0.49	2.4	<0.18	0.93	0.19	<0.31	8.1	4.7	4.4
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	2.9	0.59	2.9	<0.18	1.1	0.25	<0.31	8.3	5.0	4.9
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	2.0	0.43	1.3	<0.18	0.71	0.18	<0.31	4.2	2.2	3.0
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	1.1	0.21	1.1	<0.18	0.38	<0.18	<0.31	3.5	2.0	1.9
Chrysene*	780	1	3.7	0.31	1.8	<0.18	0.89	0.19	<0.31	7.5	3.7	3.9
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	0.21	<0.20	0.30	<0.18	<0.24	<0.18	<0.31	<1.4	<1.2	0.66
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	5.3	0.70	4.7	<0.18	1.1	0.32	<0.31	21	11	10
Fluorene	2,500	56	0.21	<0.20	<0.22	<0.18	<0.24	<0.18	<0.31	<1.4	<1.2	1.4
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	1.7	0.36	1.2	<0.18	0.64	<0.18	<0.31	4.1	2.2	2.9
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	<0.18	<0.20	<0.22	<0.18	<0.24	<0.18	<0.31	<1.4	<1.2	0.72
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.18	<0.20	0.70	<0.18	<0.24	<0.18	<0.31	<1.4	<1.2	2.9
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	4.1	0.33	1.3	<0.18	0.52	<0.18	<0.31	13	7.4	7.5
Pyrene	2,500	40	7.9	0.78	5.0	<0.18	1.5	0.31	<0.31	18	10	9.1
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)	N.E	4000										
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA	NA	NA	5.3
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	3.7
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE NE	0.6	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	3.4 2.1
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE NE	5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.1
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE NE	4.8	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.88
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene* Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE NE	5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.82
Chrysene*	NE NE	48	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	3.4
Fluoranthene	NE NE	560	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	16
Fluorene	NE NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.8
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE NE	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.90
2-Methylnaphthalene*	NE NE	280	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.98
Naphthalene	NE NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.98
Phenanthrene	NE NE	2000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	18
Pyrene	NE NE	2000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	15
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	220	63	410	530	120	11	41	380	820	NA NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)	,											
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)	-		92.3	86.3	77.1	94.1	71.6	94.6	54.1	58.7	58.4	69.3
NOTES:	•											

- NOTES:

 1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013).

 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes refer to laboratory report.

 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.

 * These criteria are available through the submission and approval of a Request for Approval of Criteria for Additional Polluting Substances and Cetrtain Alternative Criteria Form.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram
μg/l = micrograms per liter
< = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown.

BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria
NE = Not Established by DEEP

						_				-		_
SAMPLE LOCATION							WS-AOC9-SO-DUP-43					
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)		ON STANDARD	(6.0'-7.0')	(4.0'-5.0')	(4.0'-5.0')	(4.0'-5.0')	(4.0'-5.0')	(4.0'-5.0')	(6.0'-7.0')	(0.5'-2.5')	(9.5'-10.0')	(9.5'-10.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	8/1/17	8/1/17	9/14/17	8/1/17	8/1/17	9/14/17	8/1/17	8/1/17	8/1/17	9/14/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17H0059	17H0060	1710641	17H0060	17H0064	1710641	17H0061	17H0061	17H0060	1710642
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³				PARENT	DUPLICATE					
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)												
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1,000	120	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	240	15	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1-Dichloroethane	1,000	14	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene	1,000	14	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	1,000	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Stryene*	1,000	20	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tetrachloroethylene	110	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene*	200	14	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,000	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Trichloroethylene	520	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.26	1.2	0.97	<1.1	0.52	4.6	<0.62	<0.39	<1.0	<0.27
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.26	<0.86	<0.21	<1.1	<0.52	0.61	<0.62	<0.39	<1.0	<0.27
Anthracene*	2,500	400	0.36	1.4	1.1	1.3	1.1	6.1	<0.62	<0.39	2	<0.27
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	0.95	3.1	1.9	2.6	2.3	9.4	<0.62	1.3	4.5	<0.27
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	0.76	2.9	1.7	2.5	2.2	8.3	<0.62	1.2	3.6	<0.27
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	0.86	3.5	1.8	2.6	2.5	8.9	<0.62	1.6	4.7	<0.27
Benzo(g.h.i)pervlene*	78	1	0.60	1.7	0.99	1.3	1.7	4.4	<0.62	0.81	2.1	<0.27
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	0.36	1.1	0.65	<1.1	0.88	3.0	<0.62	0.62	1.6	<0.27
Chrysene*	780	1	0.96	2.7	1.8	2.6	2.2	8.6	<0.62	1.2	4.1	<0.27
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	<0.26	<0.86	0.24	<1.1	<0.52	1.1	<0.62	<0.39	<1.0	<0.27
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	2.3	5.8	5.7	5.4	5.1	25	<0.62	2.4	8.9	<0.27
Fluorene	2,500	56	<0.26	1.0	0.72	<1.1	<0.52	4.1	<0.62	<0.39	1.2	<0.27
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	0.55	1.5	1.0	1.2	1.4	4.5	<0.62	0.79	1.9	<0.27
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1.000	5.6	<0.26	<0.86	0.38	<1.1	<0.52	2.3	<0.62	<0.39	<1.0	<0.27
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.26	1.8	1.6	1.2	0.83	7.0	<0.62	<0.39	<1.0	<0.27
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	2.1	5.1	4.3	2.9	3.0	23	<0.62	1.3	10	<0.27
Pyrene	2,500	40	2.3	6.7	4.8	6.2	5.6	23	<0.62	2.2	10	<0.27
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)	2,300	40	2.5	0.7	4.0	0.2	3.0	23	10.02	2.2	10	NO.21
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA	NA	8.1	NA	NA	8.4	NA	NA	NA	<0.30
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA NA	NA NA	1.1	NA NA	NA NA	0.85	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20
	NE NE	0.6	NA NA	NA NA	0.14	NA NA	NA NA	0.065	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.050
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	2	NA NA	NA NA	<0.10	NA NA	NA NA	<0.10	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.10
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE NE	5	NA NA	NA NA	0.098	NA NA	NA NA	<0.050	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.050
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE NE	4.8	NA NA	NA NA	<0.50	NA NA	NA NA	<0.50	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.50
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*		5	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE											
Chrysene*	NE NE	48 560	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20 <0.50
Fluoranthene	NE NE		NA NA	NA NA	1.7	NA NA	NA NA	1.2	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
Fluorene	NE NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	3.0 <0.20	NA NA	NA NA	2.3	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.0 <0.20
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE NE	1	NA NA				NA NA	<0.20	NA NA			
2-Methylnaphthalene*	NE NE	280	NA NA	NA NA	<1.0	NA NA	NA NA	1.9	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.0
Naphthalene	NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	4.8	NA NA	NA NA	8.4	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.0
Phenanthrene D	NE NE	2000	NA NA	NA NA	6.5	NA NA	NA NA	4.5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.16
Pyrene First State Details Deta	NE 0.500	2000	NA 24	NA 550	1.3	NA 400	NA 4400	<1.0	NA CCC	NA 240	NA 4400	<1.0
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	21	550	NA	480	1100	NA	660	240	1400	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)			,									
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead		NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	1,000											
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	610 7,500	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel Vanadium	610 7,500 14,000	NE NE NE	NA NA NA	NA NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Nickel	610 7,500	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

- NOTES:

 1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013).

 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes refer to laboratory report.

 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.

 * These criteria are available through the submission and approval of a Request for Approval of Criteria for Additional Polluting Substances and Cetrtain Alternative Criteria Form.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

high a milling land per kindgram µg/l = micrograms per liter <= compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown. BOLD = compound detected at that concentration. NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria
NE = Not Established by DEEP

CAMPLE LOCATION	1	1	WC 4000 CO 40 0D	WC 4000 CO 47 2D	WC 4000 CO 40 4D	WC 4000 CE 05	WC 4000 CE 07	WC 4000 CE 00	WC 4000 CE 00	WC 4000 CE 00
SAMPLE LOCATION SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	PEMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	8.5'-9.0')	(12.0'-12.5')	WS-AOC9-SO-48-4B (12.0'-12.5')	WS-AOC9-SE-85	WS-AOC9-SE-87	WS-AOC9-SE-88	WS-AOC9-SE-89	WS-AOC9-SE-90
	-					0/05/47	0/05/47	0/05/47	11/2/17	0/05/47
DATE SAMPLED WORK ORDER NO.	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	8/1/17 17H0059	8/1/17 17H0059	8/1/17 17H0058	8/25/17 17H1432	8/25/17 17H1432	8/25/17 17H1432	11/3/17 17K0252	8/25/17 17H1432
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	05 51403	17H0059	17H0059	17H0058	17H1432	17H1432	17H1432	17K0252	17H1432
PARAMETER (Units) ²	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³								
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)	<u> </u>									
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	1,000	120	NA	NA	NA	<0.040	<0.0016	<0.20	<0.031	<0.22
/-	240	15	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.040	<0.0016	<0.20	<0.031	<0.22
1,4-Dichlorobenzene 1,1-Dichloroethane	1,000	14	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.19	<0.0016	<0.20	<0.031	<0.22
	1,000	14	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.10	<0.0016	<0.20	<0.031	<0.22
cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	1,000	20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.041	<0.0016	<0.20	<0.031	<0.22
	1,000	20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.091	<0.0016	<0.20	<0.031	<0.22
Stryene* Tetrachloroethylene	110	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.34	<0.0016	<0.20	<0.031	<0.22
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene*	200	14	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.065	<0.0016	<0.20	<0.031	<0.22
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,000	40	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.39	<0.0016	<0.20	<0.031	<0.22
Trichloroethylene	520	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.090	<0.0016	<0.20	<0.031	<0.22
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)	320		INA	INA	INA	0.030	VO.0010	40.20	40.001	10.22
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.31	<0.59	<0.34	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	<2.1	<0.52
Acenaphthylene Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.31	<0.59	<0.34	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	<2.1	<0.52
Anthracene*	2,500	400	<0.31	<0.59	<0.34	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	<2.1	<0.52
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	0.31	1.1	0.62	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	6.7	<0.52
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	<0.31	1.0	0.56	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	6.4	<0.52
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	0.037	1.1	0.59	0.24	<0.19	<0.40	8.8	0.62
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	<0.31	0.60	0.37	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	6.9	<0.52
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	<0.31	<0.59	<0.34	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	3.7	<0.52
Chrysene*	780	1	0.38	0.95	0.48	0.24	<0.19	<0.40	6.5	<0.52
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	<0.31	<0.59	<0.34	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	<2.1	<0.52
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	0.57	2.3	1.2	0.36	<0.19	0.45	14	0.63
Fluorene	2,500	56	<0.31	<0.59	<0.34	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	<2.1	<0.52
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	<0.31	<0.59	0.39	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	5.0	<0.52
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1.000	5.6	<0.31	<0.59	<0.34	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	<2.1	<0.52
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.31	<0.59	<0.34	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	<2.1	<0.52
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	<0.31	0.79	0.43	<0.19	<0.19	<0.40	3.0	<0.52
Pyrene	2,500	40	0.71	2.4	1.3	0.43	<0.19	0.57	15	1.1
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)										
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	NE	4.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	NE	48	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	NE	560	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluorene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2-Methylnaphthalene*	NE	280	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	NE	2000	NA .	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	54	200	260	250	<11	520	2300	930
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)	0.000				h * *			.5.0		
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<2.8	<2.8	<5.6	30	<7.3
Barium	140,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	39	48	76	110	92
Cadmium	1,000	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.65	<0.28	3.1 110	38 210	2.3 96
Conner	NE 76,000	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	7.8 350	15 18	110 290	1100	280
Copper					NA NA	350		170		280 170
Lead Mercury	1,000 610	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.028	2.1 <0.027	0.18	2100 <0.30	0.16
Mercury Nickel	7,500	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.028 11	9.5	41	<0.30 67	39
Vanadium	14,000	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	39	19	82	49	82
vanadium Zinc	610,000	NE NE	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	720	19	340	19000	350
Zinc Total Solids (%)	610,000	NE 	NA 54.5	57.3	NA 49.7	90.6	90.7	340 42.3	19000 8.12	33.0
NOTES:		-	J4.0	υ1. 3	43.1	JU.0	3U. /	44.J	0.12	JJ.U

- NOTES:

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 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes refer to laboratory report.

 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.

 * These criteria are available through the submission and approval of a Request for Approval of Criteria for Additional Polluting Substances and Cetrtain Alternative Criteria Form.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

µg/l = micrograms per liter
< = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown.

BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria
NE = Not Established by DEEP
--- Not Applicable

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC10-SO-1-1	WS-AOC10-SO-8-1	WS-AOC10-SO-10-1	WS-AOC10-SO-11-1	WS-AOC10-SO-17-2	WS-AOC10-SO-30-1	WS-AOC10-SO-31-2
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	(0.5'-1.5')	(0.5'-1.0')	(0.5'-1.0')	(0.5'-1.0')	(1.5'-2.0')	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	9/12/17	9/12/17	9/12/17	9/12/17	9/12/17	9/12/17	9/12/17
WORK ORDER NO.			1710462	17l0463	1710463	1710463	1710462	1710463	1710463
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³							
PARAMETER (Units) ²									
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)									
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	0.33	NA	NA	0.65	<0.21	NA	<0.28
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	0.36	NA	NA	0.64	<0.21	NA	<0.28
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	0.42	NA	NA	0.77	<0.21	NA	<0.28
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	0.30	NA	NA	0.44	<0.21	NA	<0.28
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	<0.19	NA	NA	0.30	<0.21	NA	<0.28
Chrysene*	780	1	0.32	NA	NA	0.65	<0.21	NA	<0.28
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	0.69	NA	NA	1.5	<0.21	NA	<0.28
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	0.27	NA	NA	0.44	<0.21	NA	<0.28
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	0.38	NA	NA	0.95	<0.21	NA	<0.28
Pyrene	2,500	40	0.64	NA	NA	1.4	<0.21	NA	<0.28
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	160	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)									
Antimony	8,200	NE	<2.7	<3.2	5.4	NA	NA	4.5	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	<2.7	11	<3.8	NA	NA	<3.4	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	44	170	43	NA	NA	85	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	<0.27	0.81	<0.38	NA	NA	0.38	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	8.0	22	34	NA	NA	24	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	21	270	14	NA	NA	67	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	52	190	15	NA	NA	74	NA
Mercury	610	NE	0.098	0.28	<0.040	NA	NA	0.21	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	7.9	14	9.3	NA	NA	12	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	30	30	41	NA	NA	34	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	45	180	35	NA	NA	110	NA
Total Solids (%)			88.3	74.5	62.2	80.9	82.3	69.6	61.4

NOTES:

- 1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013).
- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes refer to laboratory report.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

 μ g/I = micrograms per liter

< = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown.

BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed

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-- = Not Applicable

EXCEEDS I/C DEC

EXCEEDS GB PMC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC-12N-SO-1-1	WS-AOC-12N-SO-3-1	WS-AOC-12N-SO-DUP-61	WS-AOC-12N-SO-3-2	WS-AOC-12N-SO-4-1
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	(3.0'-4.0')	(6.0'-7.0')	(6.0'-7.0')	(10.0'-11.0')	(3.0'-4.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	9/11/17	9/11/17	9/11/17	9/11/17	9/11/17
WORK ORDER NO.			1710380	1710380	1710380	1710380	1710380
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³		PARENT	DUPLICATE		
PARAMETER (Units) ²							
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)							
Anthracene*	2,500	400	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.35
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.5
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.1
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.5
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.62
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.59
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.6
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.0
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.71
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.5
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.5
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	67	390	710	88	240
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)							
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	14	22	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			75.5	75.7	73.4	86.4	79.9

NOTES:

- 1. Analytical results compared to applicable remedial criteria from Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013) and Federal PCB Regulations (40 CFR Part 761).
- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes, refer to laboratory report.
- 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL was observed at the Site.
- * These criteria are available through the submission and approval by CT DEEP of a Request for Approval of Criteria for Additional Polluting Substances and Certain Alternative Criteria Form.

A/B labels indicate smaller subintervals for normal samples.

R = loction depth was resampled

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

< = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown.

BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

EXCEEDS GB PMC

CAMPIE LOCATION			W0 400405 00 4 4	W 400405 00 4 0	WO 10010F 00 0 1	WO 400405 00 00	W0 400405 00 0 4	W0 400405 00 0 0	WO 10010F 00 1 1	W0 400405 00 40	LW0 400405 00 DUD 47
SAMPLE LOCATION SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	-		WS-AOC12E-SO-1-1	WS-AOC12E-SO-1-2 (5.0'-6.0')	WS-AOC12E-SO-2-1 (0.5'-1.5')	WS-AOC12E-SO-2-2 (5.0'-6.0')	WS-AOC12E-SO-3-1 (0.5'-1.5')	WS-AOC12E-SO-3-2 (5.0'-6.0')	WS-AOC12E-SO-4-1 (0-1.0')	WS-AOC12E-SO-4-2 (5.0'-6.0')	WS-AOC12E-SO-DUP-17 (5.0'-6.0')
` ",		N STANDARD	(0.5'-1.5')	, ,	, ,	, ,		,	` '	, ,	' '
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL	ATIONS.	7/21/17	7/21/17	7/21/17	7/21/17	7/21/17	7/21/17	7/21/17	7/21/17	7/21/17
WORK ORDER NO.	1/0 DE0	3	17G0911	17G0911	17G0911	17G0911	17G0911	17G0911	17G0911	17G0911	17G0913
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³								PARENT	DUPLICATE
PARAMETER (Units) ²											
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)											
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.18	<0.21	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	<0.19	<0.19	<0.21	<0.21
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.18	<0.21	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	<0.19	<0.19	<0.21	<0.21
Anthracene*	2,500	400	0.58	<0.21	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	0.28	<0.19	<0.21	<0.21
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	2.5	0.29	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	1.1	0.70	0.45	<0.21
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	2.4	0.27	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	0.97	0.71	0.35	<0.21
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	3.1	0.32	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	1.2	0.97	0.48	<0.21
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	2.0	<0.21	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	0.84	0.57	0.36	<0.21
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	1.1	<0.21	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	0.44	0.35	<0.21	<0.21
Chrysene*	780	1	2.4	0.24	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	1.0	0.81	0.5	<0.21
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	0.20	<0.21	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	0.21	<0.19	<0.21	<0.21
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	3.6	0.45	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	2.2	1.1	0.91	0.27
Fluorene	2,500	56	<0.18	<0.21	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	<0.19	<0.19	<0.21	<0.21
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	1.7	<0.21	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	0.72	0.51	0.33	<0.21
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	<0.18	<0.21	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	<0.19	<0.19	<0.21	<0.21
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.18	<0.21	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	<0.19	<0.19	<0.21	<0.21
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	2.8	0.29	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	1.5	0.62	0.78	<0.21
Pyrene	2,500	40	3.4	0.54	<0.37	<0.77	<0.36	2.3	1.2	0.95	0.42
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (µg/l)											
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	8.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	NE	4.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	NE	48	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluorene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	180	26	120	2700	380	170	250	360	1000
Total Solids (%)			93.1	82.5	92.8	88	94.2	88.9	91.6	79.6	80.4
		l .									

NOTES

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

XCEEDS GB PMC

SAMPLE LOCATION	1		WS-AOC12E-SO-6-1B	WS-AOC12E-SO-11-1B	WS-AOC12E-SO-16-1	WS-AOC12E-SO-19-1B	WS-AOC12E-SO-21-1	WS-AOC12E-SO-21-2	WS-AOC12E-SO-22-1B	WS-AOC12E-SO-25-2	WS-AOC12E-SO-26-1B
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	PEMEDIATIO	N STANDARD		(1.5'-2.0')	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.0')	(1.0'-1.5')	(2.5'-3.5')	(1.5'-2.0')	(1.5'-2.5')	(1.5'-2.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL		7/25/17	7/25/17	7/25/17	7/25/17	9/5/17	9/5/17	7/25/17	9/5/17	7/25/17
WORK ORDER NO.	112002	1110110	17G1169	17G1075	17G1077	17G1074	1710112	1710112	17G1079	1710112	17G1077
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³									PARENT
PARAMETER (Units) ²		0210									1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)											
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.21	1.1	NA	<0.38	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.21	<0.80	NA	<0.38	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Anthracene*	2,500	400	<0.21	1.7	NA	<0.38	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	<0.21	3.0	NA	0.53	0.32	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	<0.21	2.4	NA	0.45	0.27	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	<0.21	2.8	NA	0.57	0.41	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	<0.21	1.8	NA	<0.38	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	<0.21	1.2	NA	<0.38	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Chrysene*	780	1	0.31	2.7	NA	0.51	0.45	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	<0.21	<0.80	NA	<0.38	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	0.21	7.6	NA	0.92	0.68	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Fluorene	2,500	56	<0.21	1.1	NA	<0.38	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	<0.21	1.9	NA	<0.38	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	<0.21	<0.80	NA	<0.38	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.21	<0.80	NA	<0.38	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	0.28	7.7	NA	0.61	0.47	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
Pyrene	2,500	40	1.2	7.1	NA	0.87	0.56	NA	NA	NA	<0.19
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (µg/l)											
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	8.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	NE	4.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	NE	48	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluorene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	240	410	360	210	NA	200	280	23	200
Total Solids (%)			81.0	85.3	87.2	88.5	83.3	80.8	88.4	81.8	91.8

NOTES:

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

XCEEDS GB PMC

SAMPLE LOCATION	1		WS-AOC12E-SO-DUP-25	WS-AOC12E-SO-29-1B	WS-AOC12E-SO-DUP-21B	WS-AOC-12E-AS-30	WS-AOC12E-SO-30-1	WS-AOC12E-SO-30-2A	WS-AOC12E-SO-30-2B	WS-A0C12E-S0-31-2B	WS-AOC12E-SO-31-2BR
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	(1.5'-2.0')	(1.5'-2.0')	(1.5'-2.0')	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.0')	(1.0'-1.5')	(2.0'-3.0')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL		7/25/17	7/25/17	7/25/17	8/2/17	7/25/17	7/25/17	7/25/17	7/24/17	9/14/17
WORK ORDER NO.	112002	,,,,,,,,	17G1079	17G1073	17G1079	17H0112	17G1079	17G1079	17G1079	17G0987	1710642
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³	DUPLICATE	PARENT	DUPLICATE					0000.	
PARAMETER (Units) ²		02 1 1110									
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)											
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.37	<0.21	<0.41	NA	NA	NA	<0.48	4.2	<0.19
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.37	<0.21	<0.41	NA	NA	NA	<0.48	<0.19	<0.19
Anthracene*	2,500	400	<0.37	<0.21	<0.41	NA	NA	NA	<0.48	4.8	<0.19
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	<0.37	0.69	0.55	NA	NA	NA	0.63	20	0.48
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	<0.37	0.70	0.49	NA	NA	NA	0.52	13	0.39
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	<0.37	0.93	0.66	NA	NA	NA	0.63	14	0.56
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	<0.37	0.41	<0.41	NA	NA	NA	<0.48	9.9	0.26
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	<0.37	0.31	<0.41	NA	NA	NA	<0.48	5.7	0.20
Chrysene*	780	1	<0.37	0.68	0.65	NA	NA	NA	0.56	21	0.61
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	<0.37	<0.21	<0.41	NA	NA	NA	<0.48	3.1	<0.19
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	<0.37	1.4	0.98	NA	NA	NA	1.2	30	0.94
Fluorene	2,500	56	<0.37	<0.21	<0.41	NA	NA	NA	<0.48	2.9	<0.19
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	<0.37	0.42	<0.41	NA	NA	NA	<0.48	8.4	0.27
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	<0.37	<0.21	<0.41	NA	NA	NA	<0.48	2.8	<0.19
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.37	<0.21	<0.41	NA	NA	NA	<0.48	1.6	<0.19
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	<0.37	0.74	0.53	NA	NA	NA	1.2	38	0.55
Pyrene	2,500	40	<0.37	1.6	1.1	NA	NA	NA	1.2	47	0.96
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (μg/l)											
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.30
Acenaphthylene	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.30
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.20
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.050
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.10
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	0.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.050
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	NE	4.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.50
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.20
Chrysene*	NE	48	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.20
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.20
Fluoranthene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.50
Fluorene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.20
Naphthalene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.15
Pyrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.0
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	440	160	140	NA	NA	NA	88	810	NA
Total Solids (%)			91.1	82.8	82.8	NA	96.4	86.0	70.8	89.5	89.7

NOTES:

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A/B labels indicate smaller subintervals for normal samples.

R = location depth was resampled.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

μg/I = micrograms per liter

< = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit shown.</p>

BOLD = compound detected at the concentration shown.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

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NE = Not Established by DEEP

EXCEEDS I/C DEC

XCEEDS GB PMC

DAMPI E LOCATION			WO 40040E 00 00 4D	WO 40040E 00 05 4	NO 40040E 00 0E 0	NO 40040E 00 00 0D	14/0 4 0 0 4 0 5 0 0 7 4	NO 40040E 00 07 0	14/0 A 0 0 4 0 F 0 0 4 0 4 B	W/0 40040E 00 40 0
SAMPLE LOCATION SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	DEMEDIATION		WS-AOC12E-SO-32-1B (1.5'-2.0')	WS-AOC12E-SO-35-1 (0.5'-1.5')	WS-AOC12E-SO-35-2 (1.5'-2.5')	WS-AOC12E-SO-36-2B (2.0'-3.0')	WS-AOC12E-S0-37-1	WS-AOC12E-S0-37-2 (1.5'-2.5')	WS-AOC12E-SO-40-1B (1.0'-1.5')	WS-AOC12E-SO-42-2 (1.5'-2.5')
	REMEDIATION		, ,	9/5/17	9/5/17	, ,	(1.0'-1.5')	, ,	7/25/17	9/5/17
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	TIONS	7/25/17 17G1077			7/25/17	9/6/17	9/6/17	17G1074	
WORK ORDER NO.	1/0.050	GB PMC ³	17G1077	1710112	1710112	17G1075	1710177	1710177	17G1074	1710112
QA/QC IDENTIFIER PARAMETER (Units) ²	I/C DEC	GB PMC								
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)										
5 i j (5 6)	2,500	84	NA	NA	<0.38	NA	NA	NA	<0.20	NA
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	NA NA	NA NA	<0.38	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Acenaphthylene Anthracene*	2,500	400	NA NA	NA NA	<0.38	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	400	NA NA	NA NA	0.39	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
	1.0	1	NA NA	NA NA	0.40	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	7.8	1	NA NA	NA NA	0.49	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA NA	NA NA	<0.38	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA NA	NA NA	<0.38	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	780	1	NA NA	NA NA	0.40	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Chrysene*	1	1	NA NA	NA NA	<0.38	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	2,500	56	NA NA	NA NA	0.68	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA NA	NA NA	<0.38	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Fluorene	7.8	1	NA NA	NA NA	<0.38	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	1,000	5.6	NA NA	NA NA	<0.38	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
2-Methylnaphthalene*	2,500	5.6 56	NA NA	NA NA	<0.38	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Naphthalene	2,500	40	NA NA	NA NA	<0.38	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA NA	NA NA	0.67	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA
Pyrene SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (µg/l)	2,500	40	NA .	INA	0.67	NA .	INA	INA	<0.20	INA
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthene*	NE NE	4200	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Acenaphthylene	NE NE	20000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Anthracene*	NE NE	0.6	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE NE	2	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE NE	0.8	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE NE	4.8	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	NE NE	4.8 5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE NE	5 48	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Chrysene*		1	NA NA			NA NA		NA NA	NA NA	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	NE NE	2800		NA NA	NA NA		NA NA			NA NA
Fluoranthene	NE NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Fluorene	NE NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*		•					NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	
Naphthalene	NE	2800	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Pyrene	NE 0.500	2000	NA 	NA 1100	NA NA	NA T40	NA 1100	NA 150	NA A4	NA 100
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	73	1100	NA	510	1100	150	34	120
Total Solids (%)			91.6	84.2	90.4	81.8	86.6	80.1	86.0	93.0

NOTES

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XCEEDS I/C DEC

CEEDS GB PMC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC12E-SO-47-2B	WS-AOC12E-S0-48-2	WS-AOC12E-SO-50-1B	WS-AOC12E-S0-51-2	WS-AOC12E-S0-DUP-48	WS-AOC12E-SO-55-2B	WS-AOC12E-SO-57-1B	WS-AOC12E-SO-62-1B
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION	N STANDARD	(2.0'-3.0')	(1.5'-2.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(2.0'-3.0')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA		7/25/17	9/6/17	7/21/17	9/6/17	9/6/17	7/25/17	7/24/17	7/21/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17G1074	1710177	17G0912	1710177	1710177	17G1073	17G0987	17G0912
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³				PARENT	DUPLICATE			
PARAMETER (Units) ²		02 :0								
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)										
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.23	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	<0.22	<0.19	<0.20
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.23	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	<0.22	<0.19	<0.20
Anthracene*	2,500	400	0.44	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	<0.22	<0.19	<0.20
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	1.2	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	<0.22	<0.19	<0.20
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	0.77	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	<0.22	<0.19	<0.20
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	1.2	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	0.22	<0.19	<0.20
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	0.54	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	<0.22	<0.19	<0.20
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	0.40	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	<0.22	<0.19	<0.20
Chrysene*	780	1	1.5	NA	0.24	NA	NA	0.23	<0.19	<0.20
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	<0.23	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	<0.22	<0.19	<0.20
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	3.5	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	0.49	<0.19	<0.20
Fluorene	2,500	56	0.42	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	<0.22	<0.19	<0.20
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	0.49	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	<0.22	<0.19	<0.20
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	0.48	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	<0.22	<0.19	<0.20
Naphthalene	2,500	56	0.96	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	0.26	<0.19	<0.20
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	2.9	NA	0.29	NA	NA	0.70	<0.19	<0.20
Pyrene	2,500	40	2.7	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	0.40	<0.19	<0.20
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (µg/l)										
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	8.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	NE	4.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	NE	48	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluorene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	NE	2800	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	930	360	57	110	260	140	21	46
Total Solids (%)			74.7	83.7	87.0	84.7	82.2	78.2	90.6	86.9

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XCEEDS I/C DEC

CEEDS GB PMC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC12W-SO-2-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-5-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-8-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-11-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-13-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-16-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-18-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-28-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-33-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-35-2B
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-2.0')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-2.0')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	7/18/17	7/18/17	7/17/17	7/18/17	7/18/17	7/18/17	7/17/17	7/17/17	7/17/17	7/18/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17G0681	17G0681	17G0626	17G0681	17G0679	17G0687	17G0628	17G0629-08	17G0629-21	17G0683
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³										
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.19	NA	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.19	NA	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19
Anthracene*	2,500	400	<0.19	NA	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	0.36	NA	<0.21	<0.19	NA	0.38	0.81	0.48	NA	<0.19
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	0.27	NA	<0.21	<0.19	NA	0.21	0.46	0.27	NA	<0.19
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	0.42	NA	0.44	0.21	NA	0.64	0.75	0.48	NA	0.33
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	0.26	NA	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19	0.44	0.25	NA	<0.19
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	<0.19	NA	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19	0.24	<0.19	NA	<0.19
Chrysene*	780	1	0.59	NA	1.1	0.63	NA	0.83	1.5	0.94	NA	0.57
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	<0.19	NA	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	0.64	NA	0.49	0.30	NA	0.80	1.4	0.77	NA	0.47
Fluorene	2,500	56	<0.19	NA	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	0.25	NA	<0.21	<0.19	NA	<0.19	0.36	0.23	NA	<0.19
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	<0.19	NA	0.28	0.97	NA	0.93	1.2	0.81	NA	1.5
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.19	NA	0.32	0.50	NA	0.68	0.69	0.39	NA	0.69
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	0.57	NA	1	1.3	NA	2.3	2.6	1.6	NA	1.6
Pyrene	2,500	40	0.69	NA	0.35	0.38	NA	0.66	1.6	0.83	NA	0.37
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (µg/l)												
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	0.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2500	NA	700	NA	790	750	610	NA	NA	6600	720
SPLP ETPH by CT method (mg/L)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.12	NA	NA	1.4	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	220	NA	15	15	13	NA	NA	16	12
Total Solids (%)			88.2	85.2	81.1	90.3	88.6	91.1	80	90.3	87.5	89.1

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC12W-SO-37-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-42-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-43-2	WS-AOC12W-SO-45-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-49-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-50-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-56-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-57-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-58-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-60-1B
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION	N STANDARD	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-2.0')	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-2.5')	(1.0'-2.0')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-2.0')	(1.0'-2.0')	(0.5'-1.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	7/18/17	7/18/17	7/18/17	7/18/17	7/19/17	7/26/17	7/19/17	7/20/17	7/19/17	7/19/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17G0685	17G0683	17G0687	17G0687	17G0774	17G1169	17G0775	17G0866	17G0774	17G0775
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³										
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.20	<0.43	<0.18	NA	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	<0.19
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.20	0.43	<0.18	NA	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	<0.19
Anthracene*	2,500	400	<0.20	0.52	0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	<0.19
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	0.47	1.4	0.47	NA	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	<0.19
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	0.41	1.6	0.53	NA	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	<0.19
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	0.87	2.3	0.77	NA	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	0.24
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	0.26	0.94	0.31	NA	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	<0.19
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	0.26	0.80	0.29	NA	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	<0.19
Chrysene*	780	1	0.89	1.6	0.52	NA	0.40	<0.18	0.55	NA	NA	0.38
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	<0.20	<0.43	<0.18	NA	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	<0.19
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	1.3	3.1	1.1	NA	0.24	<0.18	0.22	NA	NA	0.29
Fluorene	2,500	56	<0.20	<0.43	<0.18	NA	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	<0.19
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	0.30	0.99	0.32	NA	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	<0.19
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	0.67	0.54	<0.18	NA	0.34	<0.18	0.36	NA	NA	0.21
Naphthalene	2,500	56	0.53	0.78	0.21	NA	<0.19	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	<0.19
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	1.3	1.6	0.77	NA	0.66	<0.18	0.64	NA	NA	0.49
Pyrene	2,500	40	0.83	2.5	0.85	NA	0.27	<0.18	0.27	NA	NA	0.31
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (μg/l)												
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	0.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2500	NA	2100	NA	230	290	18	NA	430	58	250
SPLP ETPH by CT method (mg/L)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	120	NA	5.4	16	<2.6	NA	6.5	<2.6	17
Total Solids (%)			86.3	79.7	94.0	89.9	89.5	96.4	88.6	81.9	94.9	88.7

NOTES

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC12W-SO-63-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-64-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-68-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-70-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-73-1B	WS-AOC12W-SO-75-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-DUP-9B	WS-AOC12W-SO-79-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-83-2B
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-2.0')	(0.5'-1.0')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULATIONS ¹		7/20/17	7/19/17	7/20/17	7/20/17	7/19/17	7/19/17	7/19/17	7/19/17	7/19/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17G0866	17G0774	17G0865	17G0865	17G0777	17G0775	17G0779	17G0778	17G0778
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³						PARENT	DUPLICATE		
PARAMETER (Units) ²											
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)											
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.20	<0.21	<0.18	<0.25
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.20	<0.21	<0.18	0.49
Anthracene*	2,500	400	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.20	<0.21	<0.18	0.47
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.20	<0.21	<0.18	1.2
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.20	<0.21	<0.18	1.3
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	0.30	<0.20	<0.21	<0.18	1.9
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.20	<0.21	<0.18	1.6
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.20	<0.21	<0.18	0.66
Chrysene*	780	1	<0.19	NA	0.25	NA	0.43	0.46	0.37	0.37	1.9
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.20	<0.21	<0.18	0.40
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	<0.19	NA	0.21	NA	0.31	<0.20	<0.21	0.21	2.0
Fluorene	2,500	56	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.20	<0.21	<0.18	<0.25
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	<0.19	<0.20	<0.21	<0.18	1.4
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	0.19	NA	0.33	NA	0.98	0.22	<0.21	2.1	1.6
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	0.39	<0.20	<0.21	0.97	2.7
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	0.35	NA	0.54	NA	1.2	0.41	0.33	1.7	2.1
Pyrene	2,500	40	<0.19	NA	<0.19	NA	0.30	<0.20	<0.21	0.26	2.1
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (μg/l)											
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	8.0	NA	NA	NA						
Phenanthrene	NE	2,000	NA	NA	NA						
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2500	NA	270	NA	380	260	180	1000	340	670
SPLP ETPH by CT method (mg/L)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA						
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)					·						-
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	9.1	NA	15	4.7	27	42	5.9	55
Total Solids (%)		-	90.4	91.7	91.1	90.8	90.5	86.4	82.3	91.9	68.3

NOTES

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC12W-SO-84-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-85-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-85-2R	WS-AOC12W-SO-87-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-88-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-89-4B	WS-AOC12W-SO-90-4B	WS-AOC12W-SO-94-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-97-2B
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(7.5'-8.0')	(7.5'-8.0')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULATIONS ¹		7/19/17	7/19/17	9/14/17	7/19/17	7/20/17	7/20/17	7/20/17	7/20/17	7/20/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17G0776	17G0777	1710642	17G0779	17G0867	17G0868	17G0868	17G0869	17G0867
			1760776	17G0777	1710642	17G0779	17G0867	17G0868	17G0868	17G0869	1/G0867
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³									
PARAMETER (Units) ²											
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)											
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	NA	0.50	<0.19	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	<0.18	<0.19
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	NA	1.6	<0.19	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	<0.18	<0.19
Anthracene*	2,500	400	NA	2.5	<0.19	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	<0.18	<0.19
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	5.4	0.25	0.63	NA	NA	NA	0.50	1.3
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	6.2	0.22	0.71	NA	NA	NA	0.53	1.5
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	7.8	0.36	0.86	NA	NA	NA	0.89	2.1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	4.6	<0.19	0.72	NA	NA	NA	0.41	0.87
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	2.9	<0.19	0.27	NA	NA	NA	0.30	0.76
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	6.2	0.48	0.86	NA	NA	NA	0.71	1.2
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	NA	0.58	<0.19	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	<0.18	<0.19
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	10	0.44	0.97	NA	NA	NA	0.93	3.0
Fluorene	2,500	56	NA	0.94	<0.19	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	<0.18	<0.19
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	4.6	<0.19	0.62	NA	NA	NA	0.40	0.89
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	NA	3.0	0.48	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	0.79	<0.19
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	5.8	0.30	0.22	NA	NA	NA	0.41	<0.19
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	6.9	0.68	0.55	NA	NA	NA	1.3	0.49
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	12	0.51	1.3	NA	NA	NA	0.86	2.3
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (μg/l)											
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	0.8	NA	NA	0.057	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2,000	NA	NA	1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2500	540	NA	NA	450	50	27,000	6,600	NA	NA
SPLP ETPH by CT method (mg/L)	NE	2.5	NA								
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)											
Arsenic	10	NE	19	NA	NA	39	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)	-		89.7	47.6	90.9	88.0	98.2	73.0	82.7	93.6	89.8

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

XCEEDS GB PM

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC12W-SO-97-2R	WS-AOC12W-SO-98-2B	WS-AOC12W-SO-99-1	WS-AOC12W-SO-100-1	WS-AOC12W-SO-101-1	WS-AOC12W-SO-102-1	WS-AOC12W-SO-102-2	WS-AOC12W-SO-103-1	WS-AOC12W-SO-104-1
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-2.0')	(0-0.25')	(0-0.25')	(0-0.25')	(0-0.25')	(0.5'-1.5')	(0-0.25')	(0-0.25')
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	9/14/17	7/20/17	9/11/17	9/11/17	9/11/17	9/11/17	9/11/17	9/11/17	9/11/17
WORK ORDER NO.			1710642	17G0867	1710379	1710379	1710379	1710379	1710379	1710378	1710379
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³									
PARAMETER (Units) ²											
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)											
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene*	2,500	400	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	<0.18	0.24	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	<0.18	0.26	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	<0.18	0.42	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	<0.18	0.37	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	<0.18	0.44	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluorene	2,500	56	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.18	<0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	<0.18	0.37	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	<0.18	0.38	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (μg/l)											
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	0.8	<0.047	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2,000	0.072	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2500	NA	NA	17	28	15	44	NA	23	20
SPLP ETPH by CT method (mg/L)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)											
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	90	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)	-		96.6	90.1	96.1	95.8	95.9	93.0	91.1	93.7	95.9

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

XCEEDS GB PM

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC12W-SO-105-1	WS-AOC12W-SO-106-1	WS-AOC12W-SO-107-1	WS-AOC12W-SO-DUP-60	WS-AOC12W-SO-107-2	WS-AOC12W-SO-108-1	WS-AOC12W-SO-109-1	WS-AOC12W-SO-110-3	WS-AOC12W-SO-111-2
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	PEMEDIATIO	N STANDARD	(0-0.25')	(5.0'-7.0')	(5.0'-7.0')	(5.0'-7.0')	(10.0'-12.0')	(5.0'-7.0')	(5.0'-7.0')	(3.0'-4.0')	(0.5'-1.5')
DATE SAMPLED		ATIONS ¹	9/11/17	9/8/17	9/11/17	9/11/17	9/11/17	9/8/17	9/8/17	9/11/17	9/11/17
WORK ORDER NO.	I/C DEC GB PMC ³		1710378	1710321	1710379	1710380	1710379	1710321	1710320	1710378	1710378
QA/QC IDENTIFIER			1710370	1710021	PARENT	DUPLICATE	1710373	1710321	1710320	1710070	1710070
PARAMETER (Units) ²	WO BEO	GBFWC			TARLIT	DOI LIO/TIL					
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)											
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	NA	<0.29	NA	NA	<0.29	<0.24	<0.29	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	NA	<0.29	NA	NA	<0.29	<0.24	<0.29	NA	NA
Anthracene*	2,500	400	NA	<0.29	NA	NA	<0.29	0.37	<0.29	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	0.95	NA	NA	0.86	1.3	0.88	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	0.98	NA	NA	0.92	1.2	0.84	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	1.2	NA	NA	1.0	1.4	0.90	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	0.57	NA	NA	0.51	0.63	0.47	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	0.44	NA	NA	0.36	0.47	0.36	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	0.92	NA	NA	0.80	1.2	0.77	NA	NA
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	NA	<0.29	NA	NA	<0.29	<0.24	<0.29	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	2.2	NA	NA	1.8	3.2	1.7	NA	NA
Fluorene	2,500	56	NA	<0.29	NA	NA	<0.29	<0.24	<0.29	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	0.63	NA	NA	0.54	0.71	0.54	NA	NA
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	NA	<0.29	NA	NA	<0.29	<0.24	<0.29	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	0.32	NA	NA	<0.29	<0.24	<0.29	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	0.52	NA	NA	0.75	1.7	0.47	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	2.0	NA	NA	1.7	2.5	1.6	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (μg/l)											
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	0.8	NA	<0.050	NA	NA	<0.050	<0.050	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2,000	NA	0.48	NA	NA	<0.05	<0.050	NA	NA	NA
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2500	250	410	2400	1200	NA	1300	240	66	91
SPLP ETPH by CT method (mg/L)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)										-	
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			87.1	58.6	64.0	69.8	58.4	72.1	58.6	93.3	96.6

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

			1	T	T	ı	1	T		T	T	T
SAMPLE LOCATION	REMED	DIATION	WS-AOC13-SO-5-3	WS-AOC13-SO-5-3R	WS-AOC13-SO-6-1B	WS-AOC13-SO-7-3	WS-AOC13-SO-8-3B	WS-AOC13-SO-9-3B	WS-AOC13-SO-9-3R	WS-AOC13-SO-10-3B	WS-AOC13-SO-11-2B	WS-AOC13-SO-13-2B
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	STAN	DARD	(8.0'-8.5')	(8.0'-8.5')	(1.0'-1.5')	(5.0'-5.5')	(8.0'-9.0')	(8.5'-9.5')	(8.5'-9.5')	(8.0'-9.0')	(8.0'-9.0')	(8.0'-9.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	ATIONS ¹	7/26/17	9/13/17	7/26/17	7/26/17	7/26/17	7/26/17	9/13/17	7/26/17	7/26/17	7/26/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17G1170	1710542	17G1171	17G1171	17G1171	17G1170	1710542	17G1170	17G1172	17G1172
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³										
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)												
n-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	< 0.0016	NA	NA	0.77	< 0.054	NA
sec-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	< 0.0016	NA	NA	0.28	< 0.11	NA
1,1-Dichloroethane	1,000	14	NA	NA	NA	0.0031	< 0.0016	NA	NA	< 0.044	< 0.054	NA
Ethylbenzene	1,000	10.1	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	< 0.0016	NA	NA	0.43	< 0.054	NA
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)*	1,000	5.0	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	< 0.0016	NA	NA	0.32	0.073	NA
p-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)*	1,000	5.0	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	< 0.0016	NA	NA	0.32	< 0.054	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0029	< 0.0032	NA	NA	5.8	0.34	NA
n-Propylbenzene*	1,000	10	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	< 0.0016	NA	NA	0.49	0.068	NA
Tetrachloroethylene	110	1	NA	NA	NA	0.0076	< 0.0016	NA	NA	<0.044	< 0.054	NA
Toluene	1,000	67	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	< 0.0016	NA	NA	< 0.044	0.066	NA
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,000	40	NA	NA	NA	0.0094	< 0.0016	NA	NA	<0.044	< 0.054	NA
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	28	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	< 0.0016	NA	NA	0.055	< 0.054	NA
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	28	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0014	< 0.0016	NA	NA	0.81	0.065	NA
m+p Xylene	1,000	19.5	NA	NA	NA	< 0.0029	< 0.0032	NA	NA	0.12	<0.11	NA
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)										1		
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	2.6	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	<0.40	<0.21	NA	NA	NA
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	6.1	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	0.59	<0.21	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene*	2,500	400	12	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	0.86	0.52	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	21	2.2	NA	NA	NA	8.0	4.5	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	17	2.5	NA	NA	NA	8.0	4.2	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	19	3.2	NA	NA	NA	8.3	3.9	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	15	2.4	NA	NA	NA	5.6	1.8	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	8.8	1.1	NA	NA	NA	2.8	2.0	NA	NA	NA
Carbazole*	290	1.0	3.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.40	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	19	2.2	NA	NA	NA	7.2	4.2	NA	NA	NA
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	3.7	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	0.78	0.57	NA	NA	NA
Dibenzofuran*	1,000	1.4	9.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.81	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	47	3.8	NA	NA	NA	12	6.0	NA	NA	NA
Fluorene	2,500	56	8.1	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	< 0.40	<0.21	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	14	1.8	NA	NA	NA	5.0	2.2	NA	NA	NA
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	< 0.43	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	<0.40	<0.21	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	1.8	<1.0	NA	NA	NA	<0.40	0.33	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	53	1.5	NA	NA	NA	3.4	2.5	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	42	3.5	NA	NA	NA	16	5.7	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA NA	<0.30	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	< 0.30	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA NA	0.071	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.18	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(a) pyrene	NE NE	2	NA NA	<0.10	NA NA		NA NA		0.18		NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE NE	5	NA NA	0.075 <0.20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.24	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE NE	5 48	NA NA	<0.20 <0.20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20 0.20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Chrysene*	NE NE	560	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.50	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Fluoranthene		1			NA NA							
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene* Phenanthrene	NE NE	2000	NA NA	<0.20 0.21	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20 0.26	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Pyrene	NE NE	2000	NA NA	<1.0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA NA	<1.0 NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.0 NA	NA NA	NA 190	73
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	INA	190	73
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	<2.5	NA	<3.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA NA	NA NA	<2.5	NA NA	3.8	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	16	NA NA	23	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	<0.25	NA NA	<0.30	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA NA	NA NA	8.2	NA NA	16	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	31	NA NA	45	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	21	NA NA	28	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA NA	NA NA	<0.026	NA NA	< 0.030	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA NA	NA NA	9.3	NA NA	19	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Selenium	10,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	<5.0	NA NA	<6.0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA NA	NA NA	32	NA NA	23	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
	14,000	INL				INA	20					
	610.000	N⊏	NIA	NIA	32	NIA	AG	NΛ	NΛ	NIA	NIA	NIA
Zinc Total Solids (%)	610,000	NE 	NA 79.8	NA 84.8	32 96.5	NA 83.8	46 79.0	NA 84.2	NA 78.6	NA 84.5	NA 79.5	NA 85.8

NOTES:

1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013).

2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes refer to laboratory report.

3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.

* These criteria are available through the submission and approval of a Request for Approval of Criteria for Additional Polluting Substances and Cetrtain Alternative Criteria Form.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram $\mu g \| f = \text{micrograms per liter}$ <= compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown. **BOLD** = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed
GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria
I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria
NE = Not Established by DEEP
- = Not Applicable

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC13-SO-14-3B	WS-AOC13-SO-15-2	WS-AOC13-SO-16-2	WS-AOC13-SO-17-1	WS-AOC13-SO-17-2	WS-AOC13-SO-18-2	WS-AOC13-SO-19-4B	WS-AOC13-SO-20-4B	WS-AOC13-SO-21-1B	WS-AOC13-SO-21-1R
	REMED											
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	STANI REGULA		(15.5'-16.0')	(14.0'-15.0')	(15.0'-16.0')	(11.0'-12.0')	(14.0'-15.0')	(14.0'-15.0')	(5.5'-6.0')	(5.5'-6.0')	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.0'-1.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	TIONS.	7/26/17	7/26/17	7/26/17	7/26/17	7/26/17	7/26/17	7/27/17	7/27/17	7/27/17	9/13/17
WORK ORDER NO. QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³	17G1252	17G1252	17G1252	17G1172	17G1172	17G1171	17G1253	17G1252	17G1253	1710542
PARAMETER (Units) ²	I/C DEC	GBPINIC										
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)												
n-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
sec-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1-Dichloroethane	1,000	14	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA NA
Ethylbenzene	1,000	10.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)*	1,000	5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
p-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)*	1,000	5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
n-Propylbenzene*	1,000	10	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Tetrachloroethylene	110	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Toluene	1,000	67	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,000	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	28	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	28	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
m+p Xylene	1,000	19.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)	0.500		A14				***				0.40	0.40
Acenaphthene*	2,500 2,500	84	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1.3 <0.91	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.19	<0.19
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84 400	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1.9	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.39 0.30	<0.19 <0.19
Anthracene*	7.8	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	3.8	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1.7	0.39
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.0	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	3.0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1.7	0.54
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	4.1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.4	0.57
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	7.0	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.6	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1.2	0.38
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	1.5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.86	0.20
Carbazole*	290	1.0	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA	NA.	NA NA	NA.	NA NA	NA NA	NA.
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	4.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.6	0.42
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	NA	NA	NA	< 0.91	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.34	<0.19
Dibenzofuran*	1,000	1.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	12	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.6	0.49
Fluorene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	< 0.91	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.19	< 0.19
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	2.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.3	0.35
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	NA	NA	NA	0.98	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.19	<0.19
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	3.2	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.22	< 0.19
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	2.7	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.4	<0.19
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	13	NA	NA	NA	NA	3.5	0.76
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	0.56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	< 0.30
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA	NA	NA	0.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<0.20
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA	NA	NA	0.54	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.082
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.47	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.14
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE NE	5	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.7	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.22
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE NE	5 48	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.23 0.66	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20 <0.20
Chrysene*	NE	560	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	2.2	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.50
Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE NE	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.24	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.21
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.39	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.10
Pyrene	NE	2000	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	3	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<1.0
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	760	32	26	NA NA	490	2200	NA NA	780	NA NA	NA NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)	1											
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	<4.5	NA	NA	NA	<2.8	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	9.6	NA	NA	NA	37	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	40	NA	NA	NA	36	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	< 0.45	NA	NA	NA	0.63	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	34	NA	NA	NA	22	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	20	NA	NA	NA	200	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	13	NA	NA	NA	280	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	< 0.045	NA	NA	NA	0.26	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	19	NA	NA	NA	25	NA	NA	NA
Selenium	10,000	NE	NA	NA	<8.9	NA	NA	NA	<5.7	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	41	NA	NA	NA	110	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	57	NA	NA	NA	160	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)	-		84.6	59.2	56.3	37.5	72.6	61.7	82.0	80.9	89.5	89.5

NOTES:

1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013).

. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes refer to laboratory report.

3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.

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mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram $\mu g/l = \text{micrograms per liter}$ <= compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown.

BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria
I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria
NE = Not Established by DEEP
--- Not Applicable

			İ	T		Г	T	ı	Г	Г	
SAMPLE LOCATION	REMED	IATION	WS-AOC13-SO-23-1B	WS-AOC13-SO-25-4B	WS-AOC13-SE-26	WS-AOC13-SE-DUP-1	WS-AOC13-SE-27	WS-AOC13-SE-28	WS-AOC13-SE-29	WS-AOC13-SE-30	WS-AOC13-SE-31
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	STANI		(1.0'-1.5')	(8.0'-9.0')							
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	TIONS1	7/27/17	7/27/17	8/29/17	8/29/17	8/29/17	8/29/17	8/29/17	8/29/17	8/29/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17G1254	17G1253	17H1544	17H1544	17H1544	17H1544	17H1544	17H1544	17H1544
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³			PARENT	DUPLICATE					
PARAMETER (Units) ²											
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8260 (mg/kg)											
n-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	NA	NA	< 0.0017	< 0.0018	< 0.0030	< 0.0016	< 0.0015	< 0.0018	< 0.0022
sec-Butylbenzene*	1,000	70	NA	NA	< 0.0017	< 0.0018	< 0.0030	< 0.0016	< 0.0015	< 0.0018	< 0.0022
1,1-Dichloroethane	1,000	14	NA	NA	< 0.0017	< 0.0018	< 0.0030	< 0.0016	< 0.0015	< 0.0018	< 0.0022
Ethylbenzene	1,000	10.1	NA	NA	< 0.0017	< 0.0018	< 0.0030	< 0.0016	< 0.0015	< 0.0018	< 0.0022
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)*	1,000	5.0	NA	NA	< 0.0017	< 0.0018	< 0.0030	< 0.0016	< 0.0015	< 0.0018	< 0.0022
p-Isopropyltoluene (p-Cymene)*	1,000	5.0	NA	NA	< 0.0017	< 0.0018	< 0.0030	< 0.0016	< 0.0015	< 0.0018	< 0.0022
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	< 0.0035	< 0.0037	< 0.0061	< 0.0031	< 0.0031	< 0.0037	< 0.0043
n-Propylbenzene*	1,000	10	NA	NA	< 0.0017	< 0.0018	< 0.0030	< 0.0016	< 0.0015	< 0.0018	< 0.0022
Tetrachloroethylene	110	1	NA	NA	< 0.0017	< 0.0018	< 0.0030	< 0.0016	< 0.0015	< 0.0018	< 0.0022
Toluene	1,000	67	NA	NA	< 0.0017	< 0.0018	< 0.0030	< 0.0016	< 0.0015	< 0.0018	< 0.0022
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1,000	40	NA	NA	< 0.0017	< 0.0018	< 0.0030	< 0.0016	< 0.0015	<00018	< 0.0022
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	28	NA	NA	< 0.0017	< 0.0018	< 0.0030	< 0.0016	< 0.0015	< 0.0018	< 0.0022
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene*	1,000	28	NA	NA	< 0.0017	<0.0018	< 0.0030	< 0.0016	< 0.0015	<0.0018	< 0.0022
m+p Xylene	1,000	19.5	NA	NA	< 0.0035	< 0.0037	< 0.0061	< 0.0031	< 0.0031	< 0.0037	< 0.0043
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)											
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	NA	NA	< 0.19	< 0.85	< 0.28	2.1	1.6	< 0.75	3.2
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	NA	NA	< 0.19	< 0.85	<0.28	< 0.37	< 0.75	< 0.75	<1.1
Anthracene*	2,500	400	NA	NA	< 0.19	< 0.85	<0.28	4.8	3.8	0.95	7.7
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	0.36	1.4	2.0	23	17	10	42
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	0.50	1.5	2.3	16	13	8.8	30
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	0.73	1.9	3.2	24	18	13	42
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	0.52	0.90	1.7	7.5	7.7	5.3	14
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	0.27	< 0.85	1.2	8.4	6.8	4.9	15
Carbazole*	290	1.0	NA	NA	< 0.19	< 0.85	< 0.28	5.6	3.5	0.77	6.9
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	0.47	1.6	2.3	25	18	11	45
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	NA	NA	< 0.19	< 0.85	0.44	2.0	1.8	1.4	3.8
Dibenzofuran*	1,000	1.4	NA	NA	< 0.39	<1.7	< 0.56	1.6	<1.5	<1.5	<2.1
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	0.60	2.3	3.6	71	46	21	120
Fluorene	2,500	56	NA	NA	< 0.19	< 0.85	< 0.28	1.5	1.2	< 0.75	2.3
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	0.46	0.95	1.8	8.7	8.4	5.6	15
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	NA	NA	< 0.19	< 0.85	< 0.28	0.41	< 0.75	< 0.75	<1.1
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	< 0.19	< 0.85	< 0.28	1.2	< 0.75	< 0.75	<1.1
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	< 0.19	< 0.85	0.93	46	27	6.8	61
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	0.61	2.6	3.5	56	36	18	97
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)											
Acenaphthene*	NE	4200	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Anthracene*	NE	20000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)anthracene	NE	0.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	NE	2	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NE	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	NE	48	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	NE	560	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	NE	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	1200	900	560	210	720	780	820	3800
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)											
Antimony	8,200	NE	<2.6	NA	16	18	6.2	19	5.6	24	10
Arsenic	10	NE	3.6	NA	26	16	15	10	5.0	8.4	23
Barium	140,000	NE	34	NA	66	70	180	61	130	560	330
Cadmium	1,000	NE	< 0.26	NA	1.9	1.4	3.7	0.78	1.2	3.0	2.3
Chromium	NE	NE	7.5	NA	74	91	47	48	26	87	65
Copper	76,000	NE	150	NA	360	410	650	200	140	350	3300
Lead	1,000	NE	72	NA	190	180	310	240	280	1500	290
Mercury	610	NE	0.081	NA	0.12	0.21	0.83	0.10	0.26	0.25	27
Nickel	7,500	NE	12	NA	110	150	160	69	92	130	580
Selenium	10,000	NE	<5.2	NA	<5.5	<6.3	37	<5.5	<5.3	<5.1	31
Vanadium	14,000	NE	41	NA	380	470	450	68	170	300	740
Zinc	610,000	NE	81	NA	310	330	1000	240	630	1900	1100
Total Solids (%)			92.8	88.8	87.8	80.2	60.2	91.1	90.5	91.1	64.7
NOTES:											

NOTES:

1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27, 2013).

2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes refer to laboratory report.

3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL observed at the Site.

* These criteria are available through the submission and approval of a Request for Approval of Criteria for Additional Polluting Substances and Cetrtain Alternative Criteria Form.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

 μ g/l = micrograms per liter < = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit, shown.

BOLD = compound detected at that concentration.

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NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria

NE = Not Established by DEEP

-- = Not Applicable

Table 13
AOC-14 Summary of Sediment COC Results
English Station Partial Soil Remedial Action Plan
510 Grand Avenue, New Haven, Connecticut

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC-14-SED-1	WS-AOC14-SE-2	WS-AOC14-SE-3	WS-AOC14-SE-4	WS-AOC14-SE-5
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD					
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	7/13/2017	8/8/17	8/8/17	8/8/17	8/9/17
WORK ORDER NO.		,	17G0507	17H0394	17H0394	17H0394	17H0533
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³					
PARAMETER (Units) ²							
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)							
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.43	<0.73	<0.65	<0.68	<0.85
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.43	<0.73	<0.65	<0.68	<0.85
Anthracene*	2,500	400	0.63	<0.73	<0.65	<0.68	<0.85
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	2.4	1.4	2.1	1.4	1.6
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	2.0	2.0	2.7	1.8	1.5
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	2.9	2.6	3.8	2.4	2.5
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	1.5	1.2	1.7	1.2	0.86
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	1.2	0.82	1.3	0.81	<0.85
Chrysene*	780	1	2.9	1.4	2.2	1.3	1.5
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	<0.43	<0.73	<0.65	<0.68	<0.85
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	5.2	2.8	3.6	2.1	3.8
Fluorene	2,500	56	<0.43	<0.73	<0.65	<0.68	<0.85
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	1.4	<0.73	1.7	1.2	0.94
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	0.77	<0.73	<0.65	<0.68	<0.85
Naphthalene	2,500	56	0.82	<0.73	<0.65	<0.68	<0.85
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	3.5	1.4	1.8	1.0	3.4
Pyrene	2,500	40	5.0	4.1	5.0	3.5	3.3
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (μg/l)							
Phenanthrene	NE	2,000	0.094	NA	NA	NA	NA
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	5700	3000	3200	5700	410
SPLP ETPH by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.50	0.17	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			39.1	23.4	26.0	25.1	NA

NOTES:

- 1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27,
- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes, refer to laboratory report.
- 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

μg/l = micrograms per liter

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

EXCEEDS GB PMC

Table 13
AOC-14 Summary of Sediment COC Results
English Station Partial Soil Remedial Action Plan
510 Grand Avenue, New Haven, Connecticut

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC14-SE-6	WS-AOC14-SE-7	WS-AOC14-SE-8	WS-AOC14-SE-54	WS-AOC14-SE-63
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATIO	N STANDARD					
DATE SAMPLED	REGUL	ATIONS ¹	8/9/17	8/9/17	8/9/17	8/30/17	9/1/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17H0533	17H0533	17H0533	17H1621	1710058
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³					
PARAMETER (Units) ²							
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)							
Acenaphthene*	2,500	84	<0.84	<0.85	<0.84	<1.1	0.42
Acenaphthylene	2,500	84	<0.84	<0.85	<0.84	<1.1	0.29
Anthracene*	2,500	400	<0.84	<0.85	<0.84	<1.1	1.8
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	<0.84	<0.85	0.97	<1.1	5.1
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	0.85	0.94	1.2	<1.1	4.6
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	1.2	1.5	1.9	<1.1	6.7
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	<0.84	<0.85	<0.84	<1.1	3.2
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	<0.84	<0.85	<0.84	<1.1	2.3
Chrysene*	780	1	<0.84	<0.85	1.1	<1.1	5.6
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene*	1	1	<0.84	<0.85	<0.84	<1.1	0.86
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	1.5	1.4	2.5	1.7	14
Fluorene	2,500	56	<0.84	<0.85	<0.84	<1.1	0.80
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	<0.84	<0.85	<0.84	<1.1	3.5
2-Methylnaphthalene*	1,000	5.6	<0.84	<0.85	<0.84	<1.1	1.0
Naphthalene	2,500	56	<0.84	<0.85	<0.84	<1.1	1.8
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	<0.84	<0.85	1.7	<1.1	8.0
Pyrene	2,500	40	1.8	1.7	2.6	1.6	12
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (μg/l)							
Phenanthrene	NE	2,000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
ETPH by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	1900	980	500	1900	1300
SPLP ETPH by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.50	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			NA	NA	NA	62.5	62.9

NOTES:

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC
EXCEEDS GB PMC

EXCEEDS I/C DEC AND GRIPMO

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC15-AS-1	WS-AOC15-SO-1-1	WS-AOC15-SO-1-2	WS-AOC15-SO-1-3	WS-AOC15-AS-2	WS-AOC15-AS-DUP-20	WS-AOC15-S0-2-1	WS-AOC15-SO-2-2	WS-AOC15-SO-2-3	WS-AOC15-AS-3
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION	I STANDARD	(0-0.5")	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(5.0'-6.0')	(0-0.5")	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	TIONS ¹	9/12/17	9/5/17	9/5/17	9/5/17	9/12/17	9/12/17	9/6/17	9/6/17	9/6/17	9/12/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17l0464	1710112	1710112	1710112	1710464	1710465	1710177	1710175	1710175	1710464
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³					PARENT	DUPLICATE				
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	220	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	68	NA	NA
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			NA	83.7	80.8	82.6	NA	NA	93.3	89.1	90.1	NA

NOTES

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A/B labels indicate smaller subintervals for normal samples.

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XCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION		10	VS-AOC15-SO-3-1	WS-AOC15-SO-3-2	WS-AOC15-SO-3-3	WS-AOC15-AS-4	WS-AOC15-SO-4-1	WS-AOC15-SO-4-2	WS-AOC15-SO-4-3	WS-AOC15-AS-5	WS-AOC15-SO-5-1	WS-AOC15-SO-5-2
	REMEDIATION						.				.	
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)			(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULAT	HONS.	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17
WORK ORDER NO.			1710243	1710243	1710243	17l0464	1710243	1710243	1710243	1710464	1710243	1710243
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³										
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<1.5	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	9400	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	21	NA	NA	61
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	2.6	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			83.8	81.2	78.8	NA	94.6	90.9	83.6	NA	87.8	85.8

NOTES

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VOEEDS (/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC15-SO-5-3	WS-AOC15-AS-6	WS-AOC15-SO-6-1	WS-AOC15-SO-6-2	WS-AOC15-SO-6-3	WS-AOC15-AS-7	WS-AOC15-SO-7-1	WS-AOC15-SO-7-2	WS-AOC15-SO-7-3	WS-AOC15-AS-8
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION	N STANDARD	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	TIONS ¹	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/6/17	9/6/17	9/6/17	9/12/17
WORK ORDER NO.			1710243	1710464	1710243	1710243	1710243	1710464	1710175	1710175	1710175	1710464
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³										
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	1.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	0.93	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	1.4	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	0.59	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	0.44	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	1.1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	1.9	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	0.66	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	<0.21	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	0.85	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	1.3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	0.090	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	NA	4900	NA	NA	NA	160	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	1.8	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			68.5	NA	94.9	80.2	77.5	NA	95.7	92.8	87.2	NA

NOTES

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC15-SO-8-1	WS-AOC15-SO-8-2	WS-AOC15-SO-8-3	WS-AOC15-AS-9	WS-AOC15-SO-9-1	WS-AOC15-SO-9-2	WS-AOC15-SO-9-3	WS-AOC15-SO-DUP-49	WS-AOC15-AS-10	WS-AOC15-SO-10-1
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION	STANDARD	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	TIONS ¹	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17
WORK ORDER NO.			1710242	1710242	1710242	17l0464	1710243	1710243	1710243	1710241	1710464	1710243
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³							PARENT	DUPLICATE		
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	650	NA	NA	NA	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	1800
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			85.1	85.3	71.2	NA	91.3	79.7	80.3	83.2	NA	87.1

NOTES

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R = location depth was resampled. mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

 μ g/l = micrograms per liter

< = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit shown.</p>

BOLD = compound detected at this concentration shown.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria

NE = Not Established by DEEP

-- = Not Applicable

EXCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC15-SO-10-2	WS-AOC15-SO-10-3	WS-AOC15-AS-11	WS-AOC15-SO-11-1	WS-AOC15-SO-11-2	WS-AOC15-SO-11-3	WS-AOC15-AS-12	WS-AOC15-SO-12-1	WS-AOC15-SO-12-2	WS-AOC15-SO-12-3
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION	N STANDARD	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(0.5-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	ATIONS ¹	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17
WORK ORDER NO.			1710243	1710243	1710464	1710244	1710244	1710244	1710464	1710244	1710244	1710244
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³										
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	NA	NA	480	NA	NA	NA	1000	NA	NA
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			83.4	68.0	NA	87.6	85.1	72.0	NA	92.4	92.6	75.7

NOTES

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XCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC15-AS-13	WS-AOC15-SO-13-1	WS-AOC15-SO-13-2	WS-AOC15-SO-13-3	WS-AOC15-AS-14	WS-AOC15-SO-14-1	WS-AOC15-SO-14-2	WS-AOC15-SO-14-3	WS-AOC15-AS-15	WS-AOC15-SO-15-1
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION	STANDARD	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	TIONS ¹	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17l0464	1710244	1710244	1710244	1710464	1710243	1710243	1710244	1710464	1710241
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³										
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	620	NA	NA	NA	320	NA	NA	NA	30
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			NA	95.8	94.9	83.5	NA	85.1	95.0	89.4	NA	86.3

NOTES

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VOLEDO DO DMO

SAMPLE LOCATION		,	WS-AOC15-SO-15-2	WS-AOC15-SO-15-3	WS-AOC15-AS-16	WS-AOC15-SO-16-1	WS-AOC15-SO-16-2	WS-AOC15-SO-16-3	WS-AOC15-SO-DUP-50	WS-AOC15-AS-17	WS-AOC15-SO-17-1	WS-AOC15-SO-17-2
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION	STANDARD	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	TIONS ¹	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17
WORK ORDER NO.			1710241	1710241	1710464	1710244	1710244	1710244	1710241	1710464	1710244	1710242
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³						PARENT	DUPLICATE			
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	NA	NA	630	NA	NA	NA	NA	78	NA
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			90.2	78.1	NA	93.1	86.5	78.9	85.7	NA	90.5	84.6

NOTES

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XCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION		W	/S-AOC15-SO-17-3	WS-AOC15-AS-18	WS-AOC15-SO-18-1	WS-AOC15-SO-18-2	WS-AOC15-SO-18-3	WS-AOC15-AS-19	WS-AOC15-SO-19-1	WS-AOC15-SO-19-2	WS-AOC15-SO-19-3	WS-AOC15-SO-DUP-51
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION		(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(4.0'-5.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULAT		9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17
WORK ORDER NO.			1710242	1710464	1710242	1710242	1710242	1710464	1710242	1710242	1710242	1710241
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³	1710242	1710-10-1	1710242	1710242	1710242	1710404	1710242	1710242	PARENT	DUPLICATE
PARAMETER (Units) ²	I/O DEO	GBFINC									TABLIT	DOI LIOATE
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	< 0.20	NA	NA	NA	< 0.20	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	< 0.20	NA NA	NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(q,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	< 0.20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	< 0.20	NA NA	NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA NA	NA NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	0.21	NA NA	NA NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA	NA	0.25	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	<0.20	NA NA	NA	NA	<0.20	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	<0.20	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	0.22	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	<0.20	NA	NA	NA	0.25	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	NA	220	NA	NA	NA	2500	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			81.0	NA	89.2	85.2	79.0	NA	94.1	83.4	86.3	87.5

NOTES

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION		V	VS-AOC15-AS-20	WS-AOC15-SO-20-1	WS-AOC15-SO-20-2	WS-AOC15-SO-20-3	WS-AOC15-AS-21	WS-AOC15-SO-21-1	WS-AOC15-SO-21-2	WS-AOC15-SO-21-3	WS-AOC15-AS-22	WS-AOC15-SO-22-1
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION		(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(1.0'-1.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULAT		9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17
WORK ORDER NO.	TILGOLA	110110	1710464	1710242	1710242	1710242	1710465	1710241	1710241	1710241	1710465	1710244
	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³	1710464	1710242	1710242	1710242	1710400	1710241	1710241	1710241	1710400	1710244
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC										
PARAMETER (Units) 2												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)	7.0		***	N.1.A	N. A.	N.10	114	A14		N. A.	114	114
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	580	NA	NA	NA	1400	NA	NA	NA	540
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			NA	86.1	85.8	75.1	NA	95.2	95.3	89.8	NA	90.0

NOTES

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION		W	/S-AOC15-SO-22-2	WS-AOC15-SO-22-3	WS-AOC15-AS-23	WS-AOC15-SO-23-1	WS-AOC15-SO-23-2	WS-AOC15-SO-23-3	WS-AOC15-AS-24	WS-AOC15-SO-24-1	WS-AOC15-SO-24-2	WS-AOC15-SO-24-3
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION	STANDARD	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	TIONS ¹	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17l0244	1710244	1710465	1710244	1710244	1710244	1710465	1710242	1710242	1710242
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³										
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	0.41	NA	NA	NA	0.40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	0.35	NA	NA	NA	0.35	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	0.47	NA	NA	NA	0.51	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	0.20	NA	NA	NA	0.25	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	< 0.21	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	0.48	NA	NA	NA	0.55	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	0.76	NA	NA	NA	0.82	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	0.22	NA	NA	NA	0.24	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	< 0.19	NA	NA	NA	0.21	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	0.59	NA	NA	NA	0.79	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	0.66	NA	NA	NA	0.64	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	NA	NA	1500	NA	NA	NA	680	NA	NA
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			87.9	81.4	NA	91.0	82.0	82.0	NA	75.4	94.1	82.1

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION		,	WS-AOC15-AS-25	WS-AOC15-SO-25-1	WS-AOC15-SO-25-2	WS-AOC15-SO-25-3	WS-AOC15-AS-26	WS-AOC15-SO-26-1	WS-AOC15-SO-26-2	WS-AOC15-SO-26-3	WS-AOC15-AS-27	WS-AOC15-SO-27-1
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION	STANDARD	(0-0.5")	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(1.0'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA1	TIONS ¹	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/11/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17l0465	1710242	1710242	1710242	1710465	1710241	1710241	1710241	1710465	1710378
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³										
PARAMETER (Units) ²												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	56	NA	NA	NA	1600	NA	NA	NA	2200
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			NA	91.0	84.4	78.3	NA	95.1	85.1	77.0	NA	87.7

NOTES

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XCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION		W	S-AOC15-SO-27-2	WS-AOC15-SO-27-3	WS-AOC15-AS-28	WS-AOC15-SO-28-1	WS-AOC15-SO-28-2	WS-AOC15-SO-28-3	WS-AOC15-SE-29	WS-AOC15-AS-30	WS-AOC15-SO-30-1	WS-AOC15-SO-30-2
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION		(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	(0-0.5")	(0.5'-1.5')	(1.5'-2.5')	(4.0'-5.0')	110 7100 10 02 20	(0-0.5")	(4.0'-5.0')	(6.0'-7.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULAT		9/11/17	9/11/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17
WORK ORDER NO.	TILGOLA		1710378	1710378	1710465	1710241	1710241	1710241	1710465	1710465	1710241	1710241
	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³	1710378	1710378	1710405	1710241	1710241	1710241	1710400	1710400	1710241	1710241
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC										
PARAMETER (Units) 2												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)	7.0		114	A I A	114	NIA.	N/A	114		114	A14	114
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<2.2	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<2.2	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<2.2	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<2.2	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<2.2	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<2.2	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<2.2	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<2.2	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<2.2	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<2.2	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	<2.2	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	NA	NA	270	NA	NA	NA	NA	240	NA
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	27	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	280	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.8	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	43	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	540	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1900	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.28	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	49	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	110	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	920	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			81.6	72.1	NA	84.0	82.8	76.4	76.6	NA	80.1	74.7

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EXCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC15-SO-30-3	WS-AOC15-AS-31	WS-AOC15-SO-31-1	WS-AOC15-SO-31-2	WS-AOC15-SO-31-3	WS-AOC15-AS-32	WS-AOC15-SO-32-1	WS-AOC15-SO-DUP-52	WS-AOC15-SO-32-2	WS-AOC15-SO-32-3
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION	N STANDARD	(8.0'-9.0')	(0-0.5")	(4.0'-5.0')	(6.0'-7.0')	(8.0'-9.0')	(0-0.5")	(4.0'-5.0')	(4.0'-5.0')	(6.0'-7.0')	(8.0'-9.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	TIONS ¹	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/8/17	9/8/17	9/8/17	9/8/17
WORK ORDER NO.			17l0241	1710465	1710240	17l0240	1710240	1710465	1710317	1710321	1710317	1710317
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³							PARENT	DUPLICATE		PARENT
PARAMETER (Units) 2												
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)												
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)												
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	NA	20	NA	NA	NA	83	200	NA	NA
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)												
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			83.8	NA	73.2	78.3	83.1	NA	72.3	62.1	76.4	68.1

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-- = Not Applicable

EXCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION			WS-AOC15-SO-DUP-53	WS-AOC15-AS-33	WS-AOC15-SO-33-1	WS-AOC15-SO-33-2	WS-AOC15-SO-33-3	WS-AOC15-AS-34	WS-AOC15-SO-34-1	WS-AOC15-SO-34-2	WS-AOC15-SO-34-3	WS-AOC15-AS-35	WS-AOC15-SO-35-1
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION	N STANDARD	(8.0'-9.0')	(0-0.5")	(4.0'-5.0')	(6.0'-7.0')	(8.0'-9.0')	(0-0.5")	(4.0'-5.0')	(6.0'-7.0')	(8.0'-9.0')	(0-0.5")	(4.0'-5.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULA	TIONS ¹	9/8/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/8/17
WORK ORDER NO.			1710321	1710465	1710240	1710240	1710240	1710465	1710241	1710241	1710240	1710465	1710317
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC	GB PMC ³	DUPLICATE										
PARAMETER (Units) ²													
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)													
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500	56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500	40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)													
Phenanthrene	NE	2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500	2,500	NA	NA	43	NA	NA	NA	23	NA	NA	NA	180
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE	2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)													
Antimony	8,200	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000	NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)			60.9	NA	76.0	75.0	65.8	NA	91.1	65.5	62.3	NA	86.3

NOTES

- 1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27,
- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes, refer to laboratory
- 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL was observed at the Site.

A/B labels indicate smaller subintervals for normal samples.

R = location depth was resampled.

mg/kg = milligrams per kilogram

 μ g/I = micrograms per liter

< = compound not detected above laboratory reporting limit shown.</p>

BOLD = compound detected at this concentration shown.

NA = Not Analyzed

GB PMC = GB Pollutant Mobility Criteria

I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria

NE = Not Established by DEEP

-- = Not Applicable

XCEEDS I/C DEC

SAMPLE LOCATION		WS-AOC15-SO-35-2	WS-AOC15-SO-35-3	WS-AOC15-AS-36	WS-AOC15-SO-36-1	WS-AOC15-SO-36-2	WS-AOC15-AS-37	WS-AOC15-SO-37-1	WS-AOC15-SO-37-2
SAMPLE DEPTH (ft bgs)	REMEDIATION STANDA	RD (6.0'-7.0')	(8.0'-9.0')	(0-0.5")	(4.0'-5.0')	(6.0'-7.0')	(0-0.5")	(4.0'-5.0')	(6.0'-7.0')
DATE SAMPLED	REGULATIONS ¹	9/8/17	9/8/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17	9/12/17	9/7/17	9/7/17
WORK ORDER NO.		1710317	1710317	1710465	1710240	1710240	1710465	1710240	1710240
QA/QC IDENTIFIER	I/C DEC GB PM	C ³							
PARAMETER (Units) 2									
Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (mg/kg)									
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.8 1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(a)pyrene	1 1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.8 1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene*	78 1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	78 1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chrysene*	780 1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fluoranthene	2,500 56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*	7.8 1	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Naphthalene	2,500 56	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Phenanthrene	2,500 40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pyrene	2,500 40	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
SPLP Semivolatile Organic Compounds by EPA method 8270 (ug/L)									
Phenanthrene	NE 2000	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/kg)	2,500 2,50	NA	NA	NA	74	NA	NA	40	NA
SPLP Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons by CT method (mg/l)	NE 2.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Metals by EPA method 6010B (mg/kg)									
Antimony	8,200 NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Arsenic	10 NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Barium	140,000 NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Cadmium	1,000 NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chromium	NE NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Copper	76,000 NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Lead	1,000 NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mercury	610 NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Nickel	7,500 NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Vanadium	14,000 NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Zinc	610,000 NE	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total Solids (%)		67.2	77.1	NA	89.4	69.6	NA	90.4	83.3

NOTES:

- 1. Analytical results compared to Connecticut Remediation Standard Regulations (January 1996; revised June 27,
- 2. Only compounds that were detected are provided in this table. For a complete list of analytes, refer to laboratory
- 3. The site is located within a GB groundwater area. For comparison to SPLP results for Organics except for PCBs, the GB PMC listed is 10x the GWPC. No NAPL was observed at the Site.

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I/C DEC = Industrial/Commercial Direct Exposure Criteria

NE = Not Established by DEEP

-- = Not Applicable

XCEEDS I/C DEC

KCEEDS GB PMC

APPENDIX A

North Side Investigation Summary Report

APPENDIX B

South Side Investigation Summary Report

(Reports Provided on Disc



Gary Trombly, Jr.
Department of Energy and Environmental Protection
Storage Tank and PCB Enforcement Unit
79 Elm Street
Hartford, Connecticut 06106

Craig Bobrowiecki
Department of Energy and Environmental Protection
Remediation Division
79 Elm Street
Hartford, Connecticut 06106

Re: Partial Consent Order #COWSPCB 15-001

Soil and Groundwater Report – Parcel A (North)

Dear Messrs. Trombly and Bobrowiecki:

Pursuant to the Partial Consent Order (PCO) between the Commissioner of Energy and Environmental Protection (the "Commissioner") and The United Illuminating Company ("UI"), UI is submitting the Soil and Groundwater Report – Parcel A (North) for your review.

Should you have any question regarding any of the above, please don't hesitate to contact Charles Eves at (203) 926-4632 or (203) 535-7461.

UNITED ILLUMINATING COMPANY

Anthony Marone

President and Chief Executive Officer

United Illuminating Company

harles & Eurs

Charles Eves

Senior Project Manager

United Illuminating Company

CERTIFICATION

I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments thereto, and I certify, based on reasonable investigation, including my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining the information, that the submitted information is true, accurate and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. I understand that any false statement made in the submitted information is punishable as a criminal offense under §53a-157b of the Connecticut General Statutes and any other applicable law.

Anthony Marone

Charles Eves



westonandsampson.com

273 Dividend Road Rocky Hill, CT 06067 tel: 860.513.1473

REPORT

North Side Investigation Summary Report



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FNGLISH STATION

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Weston & Sampson Engineers, Inc. (Weston & Sampson), on behalf of the United Illuminating Company (UI), has prepared this Investigation Summary Report for a portion of the Former English Station facility located at 510 Grand Avenue in New Haven, Connecticut (hereinafter referred to as "the Site"). The Site occupies approximately 9-acres of land located south of Grand Avenue in New Haven and consists of two parcels identified as Parcels A and B. The Mill River borders the Site to the east, west and south. UI operated a former electric power plant (English Station) at the Site between 1929 and 1992. Vacant buildings associated with English Station are located on Site. See **Figure 1** for Site location and **Figure 2** for an aerial view of the Site.

As a requirement of the change of control from UI to Iberdrola Electric Utility (Final Decision Docket No. 15-07-38), UI is required to investigate and remediate certain environmental conditions of the Site. TRC Environmental (TRC) has been retained by UI to provide Licensed Environmental Professional (LEP) services associated with investigation and remediation of the Site. Weston & Sampson has been retained by UI to provide Site investigation services. The Site investigation activities were performed in accordance with the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (CT DEEP) Partial Consent Order COWSPCB 15-001 (PCO) and applicable federal and state regulations.

Weston & Sampson performed Site investigation between July and September 2017. The investigation described in this report included the collection of soil, sediment and porous media (concrete, wood and asphalt) samples for laboratory analysis. The investigation was performed in accordance with TRCs Scope of Study (SOS), English Station, revised July 2017, which was reviewed and approved by the CT DEEP.

To expedite implementation of potential remedial actions, two separate Investigation Summary Reports have been prepared; one to address the northern portion of the Site (see **Figure 2**) and the other to address the southern portion of the Site. This report applies to the Areas of Concern (AOCs) within the North Side of the Site as shown on **Figure 3**. Specifically, this report applies to results for soil, sediment, and porous media for AOC-2, AOC-5, AOC-6, AOC-12 (split into AOC-12E, 12W, and 12N), AOC-14 and AOC-15. Two AOCs on the northern portion of the property are not addressed in this report. AOC-1 is being addressed in a separate report and AOC-3 has already been sufficiently investigated.

Major findings of the investigation for the above AOCs are provided below:

AOC-2 Station B Former UST Area

- Four petroleum USTs were previously removed from this area in 2002 and a remedial excavation
 was performed to remove impacted soil. Post excavation soil sampling identified petroleum
 impacts.
- Analysis of soil samples did not identify concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons, volatile
 organic compounds (VOCs), or Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) above remedial criteria.
 Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) were identified at concentrations above remedial
 criteria but are associated with Site-wide fill material. Additional investigation or remediation in
 this AOC is not required.



AOC-5 Bulkhead PCB Remediation Area

- In 1998, Oil-impacted soil was identified within this area after a section of the bulkhead constructed around the Site gave way. The bulkhead was repaired, and soil was excavated and removed.
- Weston & Sampson collected surficial soil samples to assess potential impacts from tracking.
 Deeper soil samples were collected from select boring locations to confirm the previous
 excavation was successful in removing impacted soil. Analysis of soil samples did not identify
 concentrations petroleum hydrocarbons, PAHs, or PCBs above remedial criteria. Based on
 these results and review of historic data, remediation is not required in AOC-5. However, to
 complete the scope of work in the TRC SOS, two more deep samples are required for analysis
 of ETPH and PAHs.

AOC-6 Capacitor Release/Outdoor Capacitor Banks 1-3 (PCB Area 3.1)

- In 1984, Capacitor Bank 1 suffered damage which resulted in a release to the environment. Impacted soils and asphalt in the area were subsequently remediated. However, elevated concentrations remain in the concrete pad and surrounding asphalt. Potential tracking of PCBs from Capacitor Banks 1 and 2 was also a concern.
- Weston & Sampson collected surficial soil samples to assess potential impacts from tracking and deep soil samples to confirm previous excavation was successful in removing impacted soil. Four concrete samples were also collected from concrete pads for PCB analysis.
- Analysis of the soil samples did not identify concentrations above remedial criteria except for three samples where PCBs were detected above 1 milligram per kilogram (mg/kg), one sample location where PCBs were detected above 10 mg/kg, and one sample location where PAHs were detected above remedial criteria. Analysis of the concrete samples did not identify PCBs.
- Based on the above data and review of historic data, additional investigation is required to define
 the extent of soil with PCB impacts within the central and western portion of the area of AOC-6
 and soil remediation will be required to address PCB impacts to soil.

AOC-12E (PCB Area 6.2)

- AOC-12E (PCB Area 6.2) is located within the northeastern portion of the Site in an area historically used for coal storage. Weston & Sampson performed investigation in an area where petroleum-impacted soil was previously identified and to further assess an area of previously identified PCB-impacted soil.
- Analytical results of soil samples indicate petroleum impacts appear to be delineated such that additional investigation will not be required but active soil remediation is anticipated in this area.
- Based on review of historical data, there is an area of PCB-impacted soil within AOC-12E with concentrations above 50 mg/kg that will require remediation but additional investigation to delineate these impacts is not required.

AOC-12N Former Coal Storage

- AOC-12N is located south of Station B. Petroleum-impacted soil was previously identified in a historical soil boring within this area.
- Analysis of soil samples did not identify petroleum impacts above remedial criteria, and sufficient



data exists for remedial design and no additional soil investigation is required. Soil remediation will be required to address the petroleum impacts.

• PAHs and arsenic were detected above remedial criteria in two soil samples collected at depth and are associated with site-wide fill.

AOC-12W PCB Areas 2.1, 2.2 and 3.2

- This area is a large area south of Station B where sampling was performed to characterize soil and to delineate previously identified PCB and petroleum impacts to soil.
- Historical sample results indicate areas of PCB impacts that will require remediation (PCBs greater than 10 mg/kg and areas greater than 50 mg/kg) but 2017 investigation has completed the delineation to the extent where remediation can be designed.
- ETPH concentrations that exceed applicable remedial criteria may be rendered inaccessible and no additional sampling or remediation will be required.
- PAHs and arsenic were detected above remedial criteria in multiple soil samples. The detected
 concentrations appear to be associated with Site-wide fill or former coal storage. Additional
 delineation is not required for PAHs but additional sampling to delineate arsenic impacts on the
 north side of this AOC.

AOC-14 Cooling Water Tunnel

- AOC-14 consists of a former Cooling Water Discharge Tunnel that is located within the North Side of the Site. Weston & Samson performed sediment and porous media sampling in the tunnel every 10 feet, where accessible, to characterize potential impacts.
- Sediments were found to be impacted with petroleum hydrocarbons, PCBs, PAHs and remediation is anticipated to mitigate these materials. Impacts to concrete where less than applicable remedial criteria and concrete can be left in place and rendered inaccessible. The delineation of impacts to sediments and concrete within the tunnel is considered complete.

AOC-15 Oil Stained Area North of English Station / Release to Catch Basin 4

- AOC-15 is located adjacent to and north of the English Station building. During demolition and asbestos abatement of the building in 2011 and 2012, spillage and subsequent tracking resulted in a large oil stain on pavement adjacent to the north side of the building. Catch Basin 4 is located within the oil stained area.
- PCBs were identified above 1 mg/kg at one asphalt sample location. Additional sampling is not required to delineate this limited area of PCBs and sufficient data are available to plan remedial activities.
- Elevated concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons were identified in two soil samples above remedial criteria but these impacts are sufficiently delineated to plan remediation. PAHs were also detected above remedial criteria at one of these locations but the PAHs are part of the impacted Site-wide fill.
- Analysis of a sediment sample collected from catch basin CB-4 identified arsenic and lead at concentrations above remedial criteria. Remediation of this sediment is anticipated.



1.0 INTRODUCTION

Weston & Sampson has prepared this Investigation Summary Report which includes a detailed description of investigation activities, soil, sediment, and porous media data generated, and a summary discussion of remediation options for environmental impacts on the northern portion of the property (consisting of two legal parcels) at 510 Grand Avenue in New Haven, Connecticut. The property is also referred to in its entirety as "English Station" and is hereinafter referred to as "the Site". The Site locus is shown on **Figure 1**.

The northern portion, or North Side, is that portion of the facility north of the main building (English Station Power Generation Plant) at the Site as shown on **Figure 2**. Previously identified Areas of Concern (AOCs) included in the North Side are AOC-1, AOC-2, AOC-3, AOC-5, AOC-6, AOC-12E, AOC-12N, AOC-12W, AOC-14, and AOC-15. AOC-1 is being addressed in a separate report to be prepared by TRC and AOC-3 has already been sufficiently investigated. The data collected from the other AOCs, as shown on **Figure 3**, are discussed within this report. Data associated with the AOCs located on the southern portion of the Site and Site-wide groundwater will be presented in separate reports.

Prior to preparation of this report, Weston & Sampson collected samples of soil, sediment, and porous media from AOCs within the North Side of the Site as prescribed in the Scope of Study (SOS) which was prepared for UI by TRC (attached as **Appendix A**). The SOS was prepared for UI to execute the obligations of Partial Consent Order (PCO) COWSPCB 15-001 issued by the Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection (CT DEEP). The CT DEEP reviewed and approved the scope of work in the SOS and TRC, on behalf of UI, oversaw all investigation activities performed by Weston & Sampson.

Weston & Sampson investigations subject to this report were performed between July and September 2017. The investigation activities described in this report are limited to AOC-2, AOC-5, AOC-6, AOC-12, AOC-14, and AOC-15. AOC-12 was split into three separate AOCs in the SOS (AOC-12E, AOC-12N, and AOC-12W) and the data are presented within as described in the SOS.

Samples collected were analyzed for potential chemicals of concern (COC) at the Site including polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs), volatile organic compounds (VOCs), extractable total petroleum hydrocarbons (ETPH) and Remediation Standard Regulation (RSR) 15 metals. Selected analyses for samples collected were determined based on TRC's SOS and field observations. Select samples were also analyzed for leachable concentrations of contaminants via the Synthetic Precipitation Leachate Procedure (SPLP) and subsequent analysis of the leachate.

The investigation activities were conducted to further characterize areas of the Site not previously investigated, to identify other potential sources of impacts, and to delineate horizontal and vertical extents of previously identified impacts to the Site. Analytical results were compared to applicable remedial criteria found in Section 22a-133k-1 through -3, inclusive, of the Remediation Standard Regulations (RSRs) of the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies (RCSA). Because federal PCB regulations are also applicable, remedial standards contained within Chapter 40 of the Code of Federal



Regulations Part 761 (40 CFR Part 761) were also taken into consideration in the data evaluation.

For the purposes of this report, the characterization and delineation of Site impacts are compared to applicable criteria from the RSRs groundwater classification "B" pollutant mobility criteria (GB PMC), the industrial/commercial direct exposure criteria (I/C DEC), and the federal PCB standard for high-occupancy use following construction of a cap, 10 mg/kg total PCBs. Further discussion and application of the federal PCB regulations found in 40 CFR Part 761 will be included in the remedial action plans to be developed for the Site.

Remedial requirements for soil at the Site are established in the PCO and include:

- To address the direct exposure and volatilization requirements under the RSRs for all
 contaminants (other than PCBs which are addressed below), UI will not be obligated to evaluate
 alternatives for remedial actions other than those required to comply with the
 commercial/industrial provisions in the RSRs;
- For PCBs, for direct exposure, a) outside the buildings, UI will not be obligated to evaluate alternatives for remedial actions other than those required to comply with 40 CFR Part 761 and with the inaccessible soil provisions of §22a-133k-2(b)(3) of the RSRs; and
- The RSR Pollutant Mobility provisions, for both PCBs and for releases into fill, apply in full to all alternatives; the Fill Variance exempts the Pollutant Mobility provisions with respect to the fill itself.

1.1 Location and Description

The Site is located at 510 Grand Avenue in New Haven, Connecticut. The Site, in total, is comprised of approximately 9-acres of land which is located on a man-made island (Ball Island) situated within the Mill River which flows north to south into the Long Island Sound. The Site has been split into two parcels (Parcel A and Parcel B) which are owned by two separate entities. The island is retained via steel bulkhead which encompasses the Site to the east, west and south. The Site can be further located by the following coordinates:

UTM Coordinates: 675239.9 meters North

4574883.6 meters East

Zone 18

Latitude/Longitude: 41° 18' 23" North

72° 54' 24" West

The North Side of the Site is the subject of this report and covers an area of approximately 3.6 acres in size as shown on **Figure 2**. This portion of the Site is developed with a two-story former electrical generating plant (also called Station B). In addition to Station B, the North Side of the Site also includes former locations of concern including a coal bin storage area, a storm water surge basin, cable houses and a subsurface cooling water tunnel which historically operated on Site.



The South Side of the Site will be discussed in a separate Investigation Summary Report, and is comprised of approximately 5.3 acres of land located at the southern tip of Ball Island with an access way located along the eastern-most portion of the Site. Several structures currently stand within this portion of the Site including the former English Station power generating plant. Of the 5.3 acres of land in the Southern Side of the Site, the former power plant foundation encompasses approximately 2.3 acres. Several other buildings exist within this portion of the Site including a former assembly hall, a storage building, and a foam house.

1.2 Site History

As indicated in the SOS prepared by TRC, the Site was first occupied by Enos S. Kimberly and Company in the late 1880s and was utilized as a coal and lumber facility. In 1890, New Haven Electric Company purchased the Site and began the construction of Station B. As part of this construction, Ball Island's footprint was expanded via the filling of the portion of the Mill River south of the Site. Station B reportedly operated as a coal-fired power plant until 1903.

UI purchased the property in 1914 and began the construction of the English Station Power Plant in 1924. The initial construction consisted of a coal-fired, low-pressure boiler and turbine system which was completed in 1929. Sometime between 1948 and 1952, two additional coal-fired, high-pressure boilers and turbines were constructed at the southern end of English Station. At that time, Ball Island was further expanded to the south by the additional filling of the Mill River. The English Station power plant operated as a coal-fired power plant until sometime in the mid-1950s when the plant was converted into an oil-fired plant. English Station then operated as an oil-fired plant until 1992 when it was placed on deactivated reserve status.

In 2000, UI transferred the Site to Quinnipiac Energy, LLC (QE). At that time, an escrow of \$1,900,000 was established by UI to support environmental investigation and cleanup of the Site. From 2000 through 2008, Advanced Environmental Interface, Inc. (AEI) performed environmental assessment activities on behalf of QE. Assessment activities were ceased in 2008, when the escrow funds were depleted. In 2006, prior to depleting the escrow funds, QE filed for bankruptcy and divided the property into two parcels (Parcels A and B). Subsequently, QE sold Parcel A to Evergreen Power, LLC (Evergreen) and Parcel B to ASNAT Realty, LLC (ASNAT).

In 2011, the new Site owners (ASNAT and Evergreen) contracted Grant Mackay Company (Grant Mackay) and Classic Environmental Inc. (Classic Environmental) to demolish the existing structures on-Site with the intention of generating enough money through selling scrap-metal steel to fund the future environmental investigation and eventual cleanup of the Site. The initial focus of this project was at the main English Station power plant building. In 2012, CT DEEP conducted an on-Site inspection which concluded that there was potential for tracking and spreading PCB contamination from source areas to other uncontaminated areas of the Site. In February 2012, CT DEEP issued a Cease and Desist Order (CDOWSUST 12-001) which terminated all on-Site remedial activities.

1.3 Current Site Conditions

In July 2017, Weston & Sampson was granted Site access to observe current on-Site conditions. The



Site is primarily improved with decaying impervious surfaces (asphalt and concrete), as evident by vegetative growth throughout the Site. Brushy vegetation had been allowed to grow in some areas of the Site and the brush was removed from above the ground surface only to allow access to certain areas. The brush removed was collected on poly-sheeting and not allowed to contact potentially PCB-impacted ground surfaces. The brush was then disposed of as clean vegetative debris and the poly-sheeting was disposed as PCB Remediation Waste.

Several large and small debris piles (scrap metal, wood, etc.) were noted throughout the Site and some had to be moved to allow access to investigation areas. None of this debris was removed from the Site and was moved as little as required to gain access to investigation locations.

Directly in front of the English Station power plant building (north of the building) were field trailers, Conex boxes, truck trailers, portable restrooms, an excavator and black contractor bags with asbestos containing material (ACM). Evidence of oil staining on the asphalt directly in front of the English Station power plant was also observed. The equipment and materials observed in front of the power plant building, including those that were oil-stained, have subsequently been properly decontaminated and removed from the Site or properly disposed of by others under contract to UI as prescribed in a work plan approved by CT DEEP.

1.4 Historical Site Filling

On March 27, 2003, the CT DEEP issued "Approval of Widespread Polluted Fill Variance" for the Site based on an application prepared by AEI on behalf of QE. The application noted that the Site subsurface includes widespread polluted fill from historic dredging operations and that:

- Sediments impacted by historical industrial use along the Mill River had been used to construct Ball Island. Prior to 1886, there were sand bars present in the current location of Ball Island. The grades of these sand bars were raised enough to allow for commercial development of Ball Island after 1886. Grades were subsequently further raised to allow for construction of Station B on the northern portion of the Site in 1901 and subsequently, fill was placed on the southern portion of the Site to allow for construction of the English Station Power Generation Facility by 1935. Construction of final grades at the Site using sediments appears to have been completed by 1953.
- Sediments in the Mill River had been impacted by historical industrial operations which included coal gasification, storage and burning of coal in electrical generating facilities, metal processing, and lumber storage. These activities had impacted sediment within the Mill River with petroleum hydrocarbons and associated SVOCs, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), and metals.
- These impacted sediments were used to construct Ball Island above the mean low water level in the Mill River.

The CT DEEP approval of the Widespread Polluted Fill Variance application applies to the entire English Station Site and is based on meeting the following provisions of RCSA 22a-133k-2(f)(1):



- (A) geographically extensive polluted fill is present at such parcel and at other parcels near the subject parcel; There have been no changes in site conditions that might change the Approval;
- (B) such fill is not polluted with volatile organic substances; Weston & Sampson's sampling efforts did not identify additional VOC impacts at the Site and there was nothing found that might change the Approval;
- (C) such fill is not affecting and will not affect the quality of an existing or potential public water supply resource or an existing private drinking water supply; There have been no changes in site conditions that might change the Approval;
- (D) the concentration of each substance in such fill is consistent with subsection (b) of this section; There have been no changes in site conditions that might change the Approval;
- **(E)** the placement of such fill was not prohibited by law at the time of placement. There have been no changes in site conditions that might change the Approval; and
- (c)... whether the person requesting the variance is affiliated with any person responsible for such placement through any direct or indirect familial relationship or any contractual, corporate or financial relationship other than that by which such person's interest in such parcel is to be conveyed or financed; No change from original application.

Thus, soil impacted with metals, PAHs, and petroleum hydrocarbons that are believed to be present in the fill materials and not because of releases at the Site after the fill was placed are subject to the approved variance request. As such, the pollutant mobility criteria (PMC) are not applicable to these chemicals. However, remediation to address direct exposure criteria (DEC) is still required.

Weston & Sampson investigation data are discussed in Section 4. As detailed in Section 4, results of the investigation identified petroleum hydrocarbons, PAHs and metals in soil within AOC-2, AOC-6, AOC-12E, AOC-12N, AOC-12W and AOC-15 and that some of these analytical results exceeded remedial criteria (i.e., PMC and DEC). As PAHs and metals are ubiquitous in fill material at the Site, delineation of exceedances is not considered feasible. u

1.5 Investigation Objectives

The purpose of this Investigation Summary Report is to present the findings of Weston & Sampson's Site investigation. This report includes the following items which will be discussed and evaluated:

- 1. Detailed description of the investigation activities performed.
- 2. Evaluation relative to the nature and extent of on-Site soil, sediment, and porous media impacts within the AOCs.
- 3. Update the Conceptual Site Model for each AOC.
- 4. A preliminary evaluation of the Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) to determine if the data obtained from on-Site investigations meet the requirements of the CT DEEP Laboratory Quality Assurance and Quality Control Data Quality Assessment and Data Usability Evaluation (DQA/DUE) Guidance Document dated May 2009 and revised in December 2010 as well as the Revised



SOS prepared by TRC.

- 5. A preliminary evaluation of remedial action alternatives that address on-Site impacts relative to future industrial/commercial (I/C) Site use. Remedial action alternatives are evaluated based on COCs determined within each AOC and the applicable regulations which include:
 - a. I/C DEC; and
 - b. GB PMC.

1.6 Pre-Investigation Activities

In preparation for the Site investigation, Weston & Sampson contracted ACS Underground Solutions from Redding, Connecticut to perform ground penetrating radar (GPR) surveys throughout the Site to locate on-Site utilities and other subsurface structures. In addition to utilities, GPR was also used to locate tie-backs and deadmen that are used to support Ball Island's bulkhead. Obstructions and utilities were marked out utilizing spray paint and flagging, where applicable. The focus of the GPR survey was conducted in areas where soil borings were planned to be advanced. Additional Site utility location was performed by UI in support of the investigation. Call Before You Dig (CBYD) was also notified in advance of the investigation activities to be performed by the drilling contractors.

Prior to the commencement of environmental sampling and generating investigation derived waste (IDW), Weston & Sampson had an anti-tracking pad and IDW drum storage area constructed. An anti-tracking pad was installed within the North Side of the Site between AOC-2 and AOC-12N. The 12-foot-wide by 50-foot-long anti-tracking pad was constructed utilizing synthetic geofabric covered with angular stone (ASTM C-33 size No 2/3). All equipment that accessed the Site was decontaminated on the anti-tracking pad following procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 761 in §761.79(c)(2)(i) or (ii). The decontamination solvent used was a commercial-grade terpene hydrocarbon solution containing greater than ninety percent terpene hydrocarbon.

The drum storage area was constructed utilizing polyethylene sheeting and orange construction fencing and an M_L mark was placed on the fencing. Open top and Department of Transportation (DOT)-rated 55-gallon drums were utilized to store solid IDW on Site which included personal protective equipment (PPE) and all soil wastes generated from the soil investigation. Closed top and DOT-rated 55-gallon drums were utilized to store all liquid decontamination wastes generated and water removed from the cooling water tunnel during sampling. All drums were properly labeled with M_L marks prior to off-Site disposal arranged for by UI.

Areas of previously identified Significant Environmental Hazards (SEHs) were marked at the Site and barriers established around the perimeters of each SEH area. These demarcation boundaries had to be maintained and reestablished during the investigation and new areas were marked as identified during the course of the investigation.

Anti-tracking measures employed during the soil investigation included removal of dirt from sampling equipment (e.g., treads on drill rig) prior to movement between boring locations. Poly sheeting was installed over areas with oil impacts or known high concentrations of COCs in surficial materials. The poly sheeting was removed and stored as PCB wastes following use. Overall, the investigation of soil



2.0 FIELD WORK METHODOLOGY

Weston & Sampson personnel collected environmental media samples including soil and sediment. Porous media samples, including concrete, asphalt, and wood, were also collected to assess the potential for on-Site tracking and deposition of PCBs. Sample collection was performed in accordance with the SOS prepared by TRC and approved by the CT DEEP and sampling activities were conducted under the supervision of an inspector from TRC. Laboratory-provided containers were used to store samples collected and the samples were placed into a cooler with ice upon sample collection. Where VOC analysis was not conducted, samples were homogenized utilizing dedicated mixing spoons and aluminum foil. To reduce the potential for any tracking of contamination, investigation work commenced in areas with less contamination (typically found on the north side of the property) and progressed toward areas previously identified as having more significant impacts.

2.1 Soil Sampling

On-Site soil sampling was performed primarily via GeoProbe® with some surficial soil samples being collected via disposable spoons and/or decontaminated shovels/trowels. Deeper soils were assessed via direct push GeoProbe® Macro-Core methodology. Soil samples were collected continuously, from the ground surface to depths up to 20 feet below ground surface (bgs). A five-foot dedicated acetate Macro-Core® liner was utilized to collect samples. Each soil core was logged with respect to its soil characteristics (i.e., color, grain size, moisture content, fill material, etc.) and were noted for any indications of potential environmental impacts. Each soil core was field screened using a Photolonization Detector (PID) for total volatile organic vapors (TVOVs). At sample locations where VOC analysis was to be performed, the sample was collected from the location that exhibited the highest concentration of TVOVs, and/or that exhibited signs of environmental impacts. In the absence of obvious environmental impacts VOC samples were collected from the water table interface.

Any excess soil, acetate liners, PPE, and polyethylene sheeting generated from soil boring activities were stored within 55-gallon drums properly labeled with M_L marks. All bore holes were backfilled using S-2 silica filtration sand and were compacted as necessary.

Where applicable, the following decontamination procedure, performed in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 761 Subpart S – Double Wash/Rinse Method for Decontaminating Non-Porous Surfaces, were employed to limit the potential for cross contamination between sampling locations. Outer steel casing of each GeoProbe® and other metal sampling equipment used for sampling were decontaminated between each sample location utilizing the double wash/rinse methodology as follows:

- 1. Rinse with aqueous detergent solution.
- 2. Rinse with deionized water.
- 3. Rinse with aqueous detergent solution.
- 4. Rinse with deionized water.

All soil sample locations, sample collection depths, and analytical parameters were determined from TRC's SOS, revised in July 2017 and approved by CT DEEP. Minor alterations to the sampling plan were



made based upon observations, in the field which included obstructions, refusal and indications of other potential environmental impacts discovered during investigation.

A soil boring log was created for each GeoProbe® boring conducted on Site. Soil boring logs are included in **Appendix B** of this report.

2.2 Porous Media Sampling

As part of this investigation, porous media (concrete, wood and asphalt) samples were collected and analyzed for PCBs. Concrete and asphalt samples were collected following the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) standard operating procedure (SOP) for sampling porous media (Revision 4) using a rotary hammer drill with 1" drill bits. The drill was advanced ½" into the porous media surface and the associated dust/chips generated from the holes were collected for analysis. Weston & Sampson utilized wooden tongue depressors to collect porous media samples from the drill holes. The depressors were disposed of after a one-time use.

Part of the on-Site investigation also included the collection of porous media samples from the bottom of an existing cooling water tunnel. During the investigation, it was determined that the cooling water tunnel was partially flooded at all times with water at depths ranging from six inches to two feet and unsafe to enter. Therefore, direct access to the sample locations was not possible. Access to sediments within the tunnel and concrete at the base of the tunnel was gained by coring through the top of the concrete tunnel at each proposed sampling location. Once an access port was created, a large diameter polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe was advanced into the hole. A seal at the base of the pipe was created by either advancing the pipe into the sediment or by using a gasket if sediments were not present at the sampling location. Water and sediment was pumped from within the pipe and the sediment collected on a filter placed over the front end of a vacuum so that the sediment would not contact the sampling equipment. The sediment collected was submitted for analysis and the water was drummed for off-Site disposal. After removal of the sediment and water, the concrete at the base of the tunnel was chipped using metal tooling. Concrete chips were removed from the tunnel using a vacuum with a filter over the front end of the vacuum so that the concrete chips would not contact the sampling equipment. The chips were then crushed further as necessary for analysis.

Drill bits and other metal sampling equipment were decontaminated between each location using the following methodology in accordance with the EPA SOP referenced above:

- 1. Rinse with aqueous detergent solution.
- 2. Rinse with deionized water.
- 3. Rinse with hexane.
- 4. Rinse with deionized water.

In addition to the procedures described above, a swab with hexane was included in the decontamination of drill bits and other equipment used in porous media sampling equipment because this is prescribed in the EPA SOP. The PVC pipe was not reused and the sections of pipe were disposed with waste soils generated during the investigation.



2.3 Sediment Sampling

Sediment sampling was conducted from the cooling water tunnel as described above with the addition of the following procedures. Sediment samples consisting of very fine materials were dewatered as necessary using dedicated filters for each sample. Any decanting or straining of excess water was done in a method and manner to maintain the amount of fines present in the sediment.

Collection of sediment samples from catch basins and other subgrade structures at the Site was completed utilizing a Ponar dredge claw or dedicated ¼" PVC piping. After accessing a subgrade structure that contained sediment of an adequate depth, the Ponar dredge claw was dropped into the structure and a sample was collected, placed in a dedicated sample jar, and analyzed for parameters as specified in the TRC SOS. If sediment within a structure was not deep enough to support collection with the Ponar dredge, a section of ¼" PVC piping was advanced into the structure. Samples collected within the PVC was done via the "straw" sampling method. Sediment was collected with the PVC by blocking the top end of the PVC piping as the bottom end is advanced into sediment. This allowed the PVC to retain sediment from within the piping and brought back to the surface where it could be decanted over filter material and a sample collected. Not all the subgrade structures were determined to contain sediments. However, the two sampling methods described above were employed at each location prior to determining that a sample could not be collected.

The Ponar dredge claw was decontaminated using the following methodology:

- 1. Rinse with aqueous detergent solution.
- 2. Rinse with deionized water.
- 3. Rinse with aqueous detergent solution.
- 4. Rinse with deionized water.

All excess sediment generated was placed directly into an open top 55-gallon drum properly labeled with a M_L mark.

2.4 Sample Nomenclature

Sample nomenclature was applied as described in TRC's SOS. Samples collected were identified first with a distinguishable letter to show what company collected the sample (i.e., WS for Weston & Sampson), followed by the AOC identification number (AOC numbers and boundaries were predetermined by figures provided by TRC), followed by a matrix code to note the sample media (i.e., SO for soil, AS for asphalt, CO for concrete, and SED for sediment). After the sample media ID, a number was used to identify sample location within that AOC. Where applicable, a dash (-) followed by an additional number was applied to display vertical sample depth. At locations where both porous media and soil samples were collected, the porous media sample number matches the soil boring number and it is the matrix code that distinguishes them from one another.



3.0 DATA QUALITY

The following provides a discussion of the data quality for data generated during the investigation of soil, sediment, and porous media Site-wide. As described below, data quality objectives (DQOs) for the frequency of the collection and analysis of field and laboratory quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) samples were met. In addition, none of the data reported in this Investigation Summary Report exceeded applicable acceptance criteria in a manner that would require that the data be rejected. Thus, the data reported are acceptable for the purposes of this investigation which were the characterization of soil, sediments, and porous materials and the delineation of impacts to these environmental media.

3.1 Data Quality Objectives

For the purposes of this Site investigation, DQOs were established for the evaluation of the accuracy, precision and representativeness of the data generated. These DQOs included the collection of field QA/QC samples and the analysis of these field samples and additional laboratory QA/QC samples. The overall quality assurance objective for laboratory analysis of samples was to provide a laboratory QA/QC program that is sufficient to measure data quality objectives. To aid in reaching this goal, analytical data for the Site was generated following the Reasonable Confidence Protocols (RCPs).

3.2 QA/QC Samples and Data Evaluation

QA/QC samples for evaluation of data involve both field-collected samples and laboratory QA/QC. Field QA/QC samples were collected at the frequency prescribed in the SOS prepared by TRC. In addition, a narrative was completed by ConTest Laboratories (ConTest) of East Longmeadow, Massachusetts for each of the analytical data batches. This narrative provides relevant comments, data anomalies and non-conformances with laboratory-related QA/QC. These narratives can be found within each individual laboratory report and work order. All laboratory reports are included in **Appendix C**.

3.2.1 Precision

Precision is a measurement of the reproducibility of analytical data through analysis of duplicate samples. According to CT DEEP Laboratory QA/QC Guidance RCP Guidance Document, the precision of the data is measured by the following calculation to determine the relative percent difference (RPD):

$$RPD = \underline{|A-B|} x 100$$
$$((A+B)/2)$$

Where:

A = Analytical results from the first duplicate measurement

B = Analytical results from the second duplicate measurement

For this investigation, the goal for RPD was less than or equal to 50% for solid samples, and less than or equal to 30% for aqueous samples. Duplicate samples can be found adjacent to their parent sample within the data summary tables for each AOC.

Field duplicates were collected during sampling and these data are used to evaluate effects of field sampling and laboratory analytical procedures on data reproducibility. Additional duplicate samples



are analyzed by the laboratory and include matrix spike/matrix spike duplicates (MS/MSDs) and laboratory control spikes/laboratory control spike duplicates (LCS/LCSDs). The MS/MSDs are used to evaluate the effect of Site matrices and laboratory procedures on the reproducibility of analytical data. The LCS/LCSD samples are used to evaluate the effect of laboratory procedures only on data precision.

3.2.2 Accuracy

Accuracy is a measurement of the analytical data versus known concentrations. For this investigation program, accuracy is evaluated using spiked samples which include MS/MSDs and LCS/LCSDs. The MS/MSDs are used to evaluate the effect of Site matrices and laboratory procedures on the accuracy of analytical data. The LCS/LCSD samples are used to evaluate the effect of laboratory procedures only on data accuracy.

3.2.3 Representativeness

Data representativeness is a determination of the data collected and the ability to use the data set to characterize the Site.

3.3 Field and Laboratory QA/QC

The following is a description of the field QA/QC samples collected as part of this investigation.

3.3.1 Equipment Blanks

The purpose of the collection of equipment blanks is to assess the adequacy of the decontamination process conducted on Site. Additionally, it is used to assess the potential contamination from dedicated sampling items like the Macro-Core® acetate liners. Equipment blanks were collected using laboratory-provided, high performance liquid chromatography grade ASTM Type II water that was poured over sampling equipment and collected into a laboratory-provided container appropriate to the analysis for which the sample was being collected.

For purposes of this investigation, equipment blanks were collected each day samples were collected, for each media type and parameter analyzed. In total, 71 equipment blanks were collected throughout the entirety of the project (North Side and South Side investigations) completed to date. Equipment blanks were collected from the following sampling devices:

- 1. Ponar Dredge Claw
- 2. 1/4" PVC
- 3. Macro Core® Acetate Liners
- 4. 1" Rotary Hammer Drill Bit
- 5. Breaker Bar

Analytes detected in equipment blanks are compared to samples associated with that equipment blank to determine if contamination is present in a sample because of improper equipment decontamination.

A review of equipment blank data obtained reveals that detections of COCs were found in two of the equipment blank samples submitted (EB-23 and EB-67). The analytes detected in the equipment blanks were not found in sample analyses so there is no effect on data quality.



3.3.2 Field Duplicates

Field duplicates were collected during the on-Site investigation to assess accuracy of sample methodology and laboratory analysis. Field duplicates were collected as replicate or split samples and submitted to the laboratory without indication to the duplicate's partner sample. For the purposes of this investigation, field duplicates were collected at a rate of approximately one per twenty samples collected, for each sample media, for each parameter analyzed as prescribed in CT DEEP Laboratory QA/QC and DQA/DUE Evaluation Guidance Document, Appendix B-3 (revised December 2010).

Duplicate samples can be found adjacent to their parent sample within the data summary tables. The following summarizes the numbers of duplicate samples collected by analysis across the entire Site:

- PCBs, 1215 soil samples with 60 duplicates, 89 sediment samples with 4 duplicates, and 426 porous media samples with 21 duplicates.
- ETPH, 32 sediment samples with 1 duplicate and 242 soil samples with 12 duplicates.
- VOCs, 22 soil samples with 1 duplicate.
- Metals, 22 sediment samples with 1 duplicate and 27 soil samples with 2 duplicates.
- SVOCs, 20 sediment samples with 1 duplicate and 18 soil samples with 1 duplicate.
- PAHs, 12 sediment samples with 1 duplicate and 18 soil samples with 1 duplicate.

Duplicate samples were collected at a frequency of approximately 1 duplicate for every 20 samples collected. Sample numbers for each matrix and analysis were specified in the TRC SOS and preliminary goals for the total number of duplicates by analysis and media were established based on these numbers. However, the actual number of samples collected were modified based upon field observations and the total number of duplicates was changed from that originally planned.

The RPD for the sample results for soil field duplicate samples were typically less than 50% and no systematic bias was indicated by the results. Thus, the duplicate sample results indicate that the analytical data are acceptable.

3.3.3 Matrix Spike and Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD)

The purpose of MS/MSD samples is to determine if the sample matrix effects accuracy and bias in the analytical results. MS/MSD samples are collected as duplicate or split samples, the pair is then spiked by the laboratory with a known quantity of target analytes. Through MS/MSD analysis, one can evaluate precision and accuracy of laboratory analytical methodology.

MS/MSD samples were collected per 20 samples collected, per sample media, per parameter analyzed for as prescribed in CT DEEP Laboratory QA/QC and DQA/DUE Evaluation Guidance Document, Appendix B-3 (revised December 2010) and the TRC SOS.

Like field duplicate samples, MS/MSDs were compared to its partner sample to determine the precision of sampling, handling, shipping, storage, preparation and analysis. Precision of the data was measured by evaluating the sample's RDP (see Field Duplicate section above).

The goal RDP was less than or equal to 50% for solid samples, and less than or equal to 30% for aqueous samples. The following summarizes the numbers of duplicate samples collected by analysis:



- PCBs, 1215 soil samples with 60 MS/MSDs, 89 sediment samples with 4 MS/MSDs, and 426 porous media samples with 21 MS/MSDs.
- ETPH, 32 sediment samples with 1 MS/MSD and 242 soil samples with 12 MS/MSDs.
- VOCs, 22 sediment samples with 1 MS/MSD.
- Metals, 22 sediment samples with 1 MS/MSD and 27 soil samples with 2 MS/MSDs.
- SVOCs, 20 sediment samples with 1 MS/MSD and 18 soil samples with 1 MS/MSD.
- PAHs, 12 sediment samples with 1 MS/MSD and 18 soil samples with 1 MS/MSD.

MS/MSD samples were collected at a frequency of approximately 1 duplicate for every 20 samples collected. Sample numbers for each matrix and analysis were specified in the TRC SOS and preliminary goals for the total number of duplicates by analysis and media were established based on these numbers. However, the actual number of samples collected were modified based upon field observations and the total number of MS/MSDs was changed from that originally planned.

The RPD for the sample results were typically less than 50% and spike recoveries were within lab specific limits. No systematic bias was indicated by the results for the MS/MSDs. Thus, the MS/MSD sample results indicate that the analytical data are acceptable.

3.3.4 Laboratory Control Spike and Laboratory Control Spike Duplicate (LCS/LCSD)

The purpose of LCS/LCSD samples is to determine if the laboratory procedures effect accuracy and bias in the analytical results. LCS/LCSD samples are prepared by the laboratory by spiking a blank matrix with a known quantity of target analytes. Through LCS/LCSD analysis, one can evaluate precision and accuracy of laboratory analytical methodology.

LCS/LCSD samples were analyzed with each analytical batch which did not exceed 20 samples, per sample media, per parameter analyzed for as prescribed in CT DEEP Laboratory QA/QC and DQA/DUE Evaluation Guidance Document, Appendix B-3 (revised December 2010).

Like the other duplicates, LCS results were compared to its partner LCSD to determine accuracy and precision of the analysis. Precision of the data was measured by evaluating the sample's RPD and accuracy was measured by comparison to the known value. Accuracy and precision limits for LCS/LCSD samples are established by the analytical laboratory.

LCS/LCSD samples were analyzed at the required frequency and the accuracy and RPDs were typically within laboratory-established acceptance criteria and no systematic bias in the data are indicated. Thus, the LCS/LCSD sample results indicate that the analytical data are acceptable.

3.3.5 Trip Blanks

Trip blanks are laboratory-provided sample containers that have been filled with analyte-free reagent (e.g., water, methanol) that are shipped with the sample bottles and are contained with samples collected. The purpose of the trip blank is to evaluate if there are any external environmental effects on the samples being collected (e.g., cross-contamination from something having spilled in the cooler or vehicle/equipment exhaust). For the purposes of this investigation, trip blanks were collected and submitted for analysis whenever VOC soil samples were collected. Trip blanks accompanied VOC soil



samples inside the same cooler. Trip blank vials submitted for analysis consisted of one methanol 40 milliliter (mL) vial and two deionized water 40 mL vials. No COCs were detected in the trip blanks and no bias in the data are indicated.

3.3.6 Temperature Blanks

Temperature blanks are used to determine that proper preservation of samples has been maintained during sample storage and shipment. Temperature blanks must be 4° Celsius +/- 2° to demonstrate preservation of submitted samples. All temperatures noted on the chains of custody upon sample receipt were within this acceptable range. Thus, no bias in the data are indicated.

3.4 DQA/DUE Conclusions

QA/QC samples were collected at the frequencies established as part of the DQOs for the site. Analysis of these QA/QC samples were generally within established acceptance criteria. For those QA/QC samples that did exceed acceptance criteria, no systematic bias was indicated. Thus, the data collected during this field investigation are considered to be acceptable for their intended purpose which is characterization of the Site.

4.0 INVESTIGATION RESULTS

Weston & Sampson performed Site investigation activities between July and September 2017. The investigation included the collection of soil, sediment and porous media (concrete, wood and asphalt) samples for laboratory analysis. The investigation was performed in accordance to with TRC's SOS, English Station, October 2016 and revised July 2017, which was reviewed and approved by the CT DEEP. For further historical details, please see TRC's SOS which is attached electronically in **Appendix A**.

In this Section, the following is provided for each AOC:

- 1) Conceptual Site Model (CSM) developed for each AOC prior to sampling;
- 2) Sampling performed within each AOC to delineate impacts;
- 3) Evaluation of the delineation of impacts within each AOC; and
- 4) Evaluation of the CSM based upon the most recent sampling data.

Generally, the sampling was conducted as indicated in TRC's SOS and sample parameters and depths were followed. However, modifications to the sampling program in the SOS were made based upon field observations and prescribed sample collection depths may have been changed. Additionally, at some locations where refusal was encountered, the original prescribed sample total may have been reduced because the prescribed sample depth could not be reached. It is noted that concrete obstructions up to 24-inches thick were penetrated to collect samples beneath the concrete so occasions where refusal limited collection of additional samples are limited.

The 2017 investigation sample locations are provided by AOC on Figures 4 through 11 along with historical sample locations. Interpretation of sample results at each soil boring location is provided in the same manner as that which was shown in the TRC SOS. Specifically, each soil boring location has color-coding indicating the sample result for any analytical parameter collected at that boring location. This data presentation gives a representation of the extent of impacts to the media sampled in the horizontal. Multiple figures are provided for each AOC to depict the depths of impacts identified and to provide information regarding vertical delineation. Figures 12-1 through 12-3 present data obtained during this investigation and historical data by depth (i.e., 0 to 2 feet below grade, 2 to 4 feet below grade, and deeper than 4 feet below grade) for the entire North Side of the Site.

A summary of analytical results is provided in **Tables 1 through 8**. Porous media sample results at each location where they were collected are included with the soil data at the same location. Grouping data in this manner allows for an evaluation of impacts to porous media and soil at each location in the vertical.

Soil boring logs for locations included in this report are provided electronically in **Appendix B**. Laboratory analytical reports for data included in this report are provided electronically in **Appendix C**.

The goals of the investigation program were to characterize areas of the Site where data gaps existed and to delineate the extent of releases to the environment. Characterization of impacts to soil, sediments, and/or porous media were performed within AOC-2, AOC-5, AOC-6, AOC-12, AOC-14 and



AOC-15. Sampling within these areas was performed on grid patterns with multi-depth sampling and for analytical parameters specified in the TRC SOS. Sampling was also performed to delineate the extent of releases or the effectiveness of previous remedial efforts. Extensive sampling of surface cover materials (i.e., concrete, asphalt, and soil) was also performed to determine if tracking of PCB impacts from one area to another had occurred at the Site.

Delineation of Site impacts is judged against two criteria. The first is a determination of whether releases to the environment have been delineated to the extent where remedial criteria are no longer exceeded. This level of delineation is sufficient to allow for the design of remedial actions. The second is a determination of whether the entire release area has been defined; which is the requirement of the CT DEEP Site Characterization Guidance Document (CT DEEP, September 2007 and Revised December 2010). This second level of delineation for non-naturally occurring COCs (e.g., PCBs) is typically performed until PCBs are reported as "non-detect" in the samples analyzed. However, this level of delineation is not possible for naturally occurring COCs (e.g., metals) or COCs that are present in the widespread fill (e.g., petroleum hydrocarbons, metals and PAHs).

Remedial criteria included in the data summary tables and used to judge the level of delineation for this report include:

- I/C DEC Use of this criteria assumes that an industrial/commercial environmental land use restriction (ELUR) will be applied to the Site as part of the overall remedial efforts. The criteria used are those provided in Appendix A of the CT RSRs.
- GB PMC The criteria used are those provided in Appendix B of the RSRs. Where SPLP extraction and analysis was performed, the leachate concentration is compared to: (1) ten times the Groundwater Protection Criteria (GWPC) for organic chemicals, excluding PCBs given that no non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) is present in the soils; or (2) the listed GB PMC for inorganic chemicals and PCBs.

The industrial/commercial volatilization criteria were potentially applicable for determination of delineation of impacts and need for remediation. However, VOCs were typically reported as "non-detect" or were detected at very low concentrations. Therefore, these criteria were not listed in the analytical summary tables as VOCs in soil will not require remediation on the North Side of the Site.

The Federal PCB remedial standards specified in §761.61(a)(4) of 40 CFR Part 761 are also applicable. The Federal high occupancy standard of 1 mg/kg is used to determine the need for remediation and locations with PCBs less than 10 mg/kg may be left in place with a cap.

For chemicals detected at the Site that do not have established remedial criteria in the RSRs, remedial criteria were selected from "Technical Support Document: Recommended Numeric Criteria for Common Additional Polluting Substances and Certain Alternative Criteria," CT DEEP December 10, 2015 and Revised January 27, 2017. Use of these remedial criteria will require application to and approval from the CT DEEP.

4.1 AOC-2: Station B Former UST Area

AOC-2 is located adjacent to the western side of Station B. Four gasoline USTs were formerly located



in this area but have been removed. Based on information presented in a 1998 Phase I investigation report, there were initially two steel, 2,000-gallon USTs which were removed in June 1991. Following removal of the tanks, two fiberglass reinforced plastic, 1,000-gallon gasoline USTs were installed in the same location. These tanks were subsequently removed in October 1996.

Investigations were performed following the tank removal and soil sampling and analysis confirmed the presence of petroleum impacts to the soil. In 2002, soil excavation was performed to remove impacted soil from the area. Post-excavation confirmatory soil samples were collected which indicated the presence of ETPH and PAHs. While there are PAHs inherent to the fill material, the presence and magnitude of the PAHs may also have been linked to this known historic release.

Releases directly to the surface during filling operations or releases from the buried tanks, piping and other associated equipment to the subsurface may have occurred at this AOC. Releases of product to the surface or subsurface could migrate through the vadose zone, on the surface of the groundwater table, or in a dissolved phase within groundwater.

Weston & Sampson documented the advancement of four soil borings (AOC-2-1 through AOC-2-4) within AOC-2 as prescribed in the TRC SOS. The borings were advanced via GeoProbe® drilling techniques to depths of 15 feet bgs. Pursuant to the SOS, the borings were installed around the approximate perimeter of the 2002 excavation. Soil samples were collected from two sample intervals, near the surface of the groundwater table (7-8.5' bgs) and a deeper depth (13-14' bgs) and submitted for laboratory analysis of VOCs, PAHs, ETPH and PCBs. See Figures 4-1 through 4-3 for sample locations and Table 1 for a summary of soil analytical results.

The following summarizes the findings of the AOC-2 investigation:

- Field screening of soil samples did not identify evidence of impacts.
- The only VOC detected was benzene in a single soil sample at a concentration well below applicable remedial criteria.
- PAHs were detected at concentrations exceeding applicable remedial criteria in samples collected at 7-8.5' bgs, at or near the groundwater table. SPLP analyses indicate that the PAHs do not exceed the GB PMC.
- ETPH was detected in each of the samples analyzed but at concentrations less than the applicable remedial criteria.
- PCBs were not detected in any of the samples collected or during previous investigations.

With one notable difference, the results of the investigation in AOC-2 support the previous CSM for this area. The PAHs identified above remedial criteria are believed to be associated with the fill that comprises the Site and not the petroleum release. This is because the PAHs detected are heavier and similar to those detected in manufactured gas plant (MGP) wastes rather than the lighter PAHs (e.g., naphthalene) that might be indicative of a petroleum release.

Based on the results of the investigation, the horizontal extent of petroleum impacts appears to be limited to the former excavation area and have been delineated by the sampling performed during this



investigation. Therefore, additional investigation is not required. It is anticipated that the soil may be left in place with land use restrictions and no additional remedial measures are anticipated for this AOC.

4.2 AOC-5 Bulkhead PCB Remediation Area

This former soil remediation area is located along the western side of Site, to the northwest of the English Station building. A remediation effort was conducted in 1998 in response to a 1997 report of oil-impacted soil falling from the Site into the Mill River through a collapsed portion of the metal bulkhead that surrounds the island.

The exact release mechanism that led to the oil-impacted soil is unknown, however, it is most likely from:

- 1) Application of oil as a form of dust suppression conducted in areas where coal was handled which would produce direct application of oils to the ground surface; or
- 2) Based on the reported presence of NAPL in this area during the historic remedial activities, leakage from a subsurface source may have occurred. It is noted that no NAPL was identified during the soil investigation.

Tracking of PCBs is considered a secondary release mechanism. Releases directly or indirectly to the subsurface may have been entrapped in the soil pore spaces in the vadose zone. Any product that may have infiltrated into the subsurface would have been subject to migration to the groundwater through the infiltration of rainwater and the fluctuating water table.

Weston & Sampson documented the advancement of nine soil borings (AOC-5-1 through AOC-5-9) within AOC-5. The borings were advanced via direct push drilling techniques to depths ranging from 5 to 15 feet bgs. The borings were advanced to assess surficial soil and potential impacts from PCB tracking and to assess deeper soil to confirm that the previous excavation was successful in removing impacted soil.

Soil samples were collected from the surface (ranging from 0-0.70' bgs) at all nine locations and a deeper depth (12-13' bgs) from three locations. All samples were submitted for laboratory analysis of PCBs, with one of the deeper samples also subjected to PAH and ETPH analyses. See **Figures 5-1** through **5-3** for sample locations and **Table 2** for a summary of soil analytical results.

The following summarizes the findings of the AOC-5 investigation:

- Field screening of soil samples did not identify evidence of impacts.
- PCBs were detected in one surface sample at a concentration 1 mg/kg.
- PAHs and ETPH were detected in the one soil sample subjected to those analyses in this area (AOC-5-3 (12-13')) at concentrations less than applicable remedial criteria.

Results of the investigation in AOC-5, in general appear to support the previous CSM for this area in that the soil impacts were removed from this area. The data indicate that tracking of PCBs did not occur and additional remediation for PCBs is not necessary. At this time, there are no additional remedial measures anticipated for AOC-5. However, the TRC SOS required three deep samples to be collected and analyzed for PCBs, ETPH, and PAHs. This was misinterpreted in the field and three deep samples



were submitted for PCBs but only one deep sample to ETPH and PAHs. Thus, two additional borings are required to complete the proposed scope of work.

4.3 AOC-6 Capacitor Release / Outdoor Capacitor Banks 1-3 (PCB Area 3.1)

Capacitor Banks 1 through 3 were formerly located in the central portion of the Site and north of the English Station building. In 1984, Capacitor Bank 1 suffered damage which resulted in a release to the environment. Impacted soils in the area were subsequently remediated. Subsequent evaluation of asphalt and soil surrounding Capacitor 1 indicated the need for additional PCB remediation which was completed in 2002. Results depicted in a February 2005 figure prepared by AEI indicate that there are elevated PCB concentrations remaining in the concrete pad and surrounding asphalt. Capacitors 2 and 3 were situated on elevated pedestals. Historically, concrete samples collected from the pedestals at Capacitors 2 and 3 did not exhibit concentrations of PCBs above of 1 mg/kg. However, potential tracking of PCBs at these locations remained a concern ahead of this investigation.

The primary release mechanism identified for this AOC was leakage from the oil-filled equipment onto the concrete bases/foundations for the Capacitors. Secondary release mechanisms included seepage into the asphalt and surrounding soil from the surface of the concrete or through cracks in the concrete structures. Tracking of surficial contamination was also a concern due to the movement of equipment and materials associated with nearby demolition activities performed by a contractor for the current Site owner. Releases directly or indirectly to the subsurface may have been entrapped in the soil pore spaces in the vadose zone and potential product that that may have infiltrated would have been subject to migration via the infiltration of rainwater and the fluctuating water table.

Weston & Sampson documented the collection of four porous media (concrete) samples (AOC-6 CO-1 through 4) for PCB analysis and the advancement of 13 soil borings (AOC-6-5 through 17) within AOC-6. See **Figures 6-1** through **6-3** for sample locations. Soil samples were selected at depth intervals ranging from 0 to 6 feet bgs and submitted for analysis of PCBs, PAHs and/or ETPH. See **Table 3** for a summary of analytical results.

The following summarizes the findings of the AOC-6 investigation:

- Analysis of the concrete samples did not identify reportable concentrations of PCBs.
- Field screening of soil samples did not identify evidence of impacts from the release.
- PCBs were detected above 1 mg/kg in three soil samples: (AOC-6-12 (0-0.5'), 14 (0-0.5'), and 15 (0-0.5'). PCBs were detected above 10 mg/kg in one soil sample (AOC-6-13 (0-0.5'). PCBs were not detected in SPLP leachate analysis of the samples from borings 12 and 13 were.
- PAHs were detected above remedial criteria one sample (AOC-6-8 (0.5-1.5') but were not detected above the PMC in the SPLP leachate analysis.
- ETPH was not detected above remedial criterial in any of the soil samples analyzed.

Results of the investigation in AOC-6 appear to generally support the previous CSM for this area for surface soils which appear to have been impacted from the historic capacitors. Tracking of PCBs within this AOC may also have occurred but to only a limited extent. Impacts were not identified at depth and



indicate that vertical migration has not occurred.

Based on the above data and review of historic data, additional investigation is required to define the extent of soil with PCB impacts within the central and western portions of AOC-6. The most significant data gap is at the location of the AEI investigation where samples were only collected from surface intervals (see **Figures 6-1 through 6-3**). Additional sampling is required beneath this area to complete the vertical delineation of PCB impacts.

4.4 AOC-12: Former Coal Storage

AOC-12 is located south of the Station B Building. This area was historically used for coal storage from the late 1880s to the early 1960s. Previous investigation of the area identified PAH and metals- impacted soils in excess of the applicable remedial criteria. In general, these detections were attributed to the widespread presence of polluted fill material throughout the Site. This AOC was subdivided into three main areas (AOC-12E, AOC-12N, and AOC-12W). Additionally, these AOCs were further subdivided into the following PCB Areas:

- AOC-12E / PCB Area 6.2: Site access driveway to the east of the coal yard
- AOC-12N / PCB Area 6.1: Coal yard area immediately to the south and west of Station B, including the location of the former boiler house for Station B
- AOC-12W / PCB Area 2.1: Elevated hopper track system for the former coal handling equipment
- AOC-12W / PCB Area 2.2: Coal storage area between the elevated hopper track system
- AOC-12W / PCB Area 3.2: Coal yard area at the southwestern corner of the North Side of the Site.

4.4.1 AOC-12E / PCB Area 6.2

AOC-12 E is located within the northeastern portion of the Site and extends to the north of the English Station building. Previous investigations within AOC-12E / PCB Area 6.2 identified concentrations of PAHs and metals above remedial criteria which are attributed to fill. One sample location also exhibited elevated concentrations of ETPH that is suspected to be due to a release following the placement of fill materials.

Early investigations concluded that PCBs were primarily absent throughout AOC-12E, except in the area to the immediate north of the English Station Building. Further PCB investigations were conducted along the access road between the eastern access gate and English Station. PCBs were detected in samples collected, but concentrations were all less than 1 mg/kg. However, soil samples from the area abutting the English Station building exhibited PCBs present at concentrations greater than 50 mg/kg. The primary release mechanism that led to impacts within AOC-12E is potential direct releases to the ground surface from dust suppression (spraying of oils) and the secondary release mechanism is seepage into the surrounding or underlying soils. Tracking of surficial contamination was also a concern as this area is the main point of access to the Site. Releases directly or indirectly to the subsurface may have been entrapped in the soil pore spaces in the vadose zone.



Weston & Sampson documented the advancement of 64 soil borings within AOC-12E/PCB Area 6.2 with the collection of soil samples from each boring and porous media samples at the surface for each boring location. The borings were advanced via direct push drilling techniques to depths ranging from 5 to 10 feet bgs. Four of the borings (AOC-12E-1 through 4) were advanced to delineate a previous ETPH detection. See **Figure 7A-1** through **7A-3** for these locations. Sixty boring (AOC-12E-5 through 64) were advanced on an approximate 10-foot by 10-foot sampling grid directly in front of English Station. See **Figures and 7B-1** through **7B-3** for sample locations.

- Field screening of soil samples did not identify evidence of impacts.
- ETPH was identified above laboratory reporting limits in several samples. However, concentrations were above the remedial criteria in only one soil sample WS-AOC12E-2 (5-6').
 Low level ETPH detections at depths below surface is common at the Site and is likely due to widespread polluted fill.
- PCBs were identified above laboratory reporting limits in several samples. However, PCBs were found above of 1 mg/kg in only one soil sample (WS-AOC12E-31 (0.5-1') and two asphalt samples WS-AOC12E-AS-32 and AS-54).
- PAHs were detected at concentrations exceeding the applicable remedial criteria at five soil sample locations (WS-AOC12E-1 (0.5-1.5'), 3 (5-6'), 11 (1.5-2'), 31 (1-1.5') and 47 (2-3') and are likely present due to widespread polluted fill because PAHs are heavier and more associated with MGP wastes. Analysis of SPLP leachates did not find PAHs at concentrations exceeding the PMC.

Results of the investigation in AOC-12E support the previous CSM for this area. Isolated petroleum impacts may be from dust suppression (spraying of oils) and seepage into underlying soils or present in the widespread polluted fill. PCB impacts are limited and tracking of surficial contamination does not appear to have occurred. PAH impacts are associated with the widespread fill.

Based on the results of the investigation for AOC-12E, the extent of ETPH impacts exceeding applicable remedial criteria shown on **Figures 7A-1 through 7A-3** has not been defined in the western direction. However, additional investigation is not required to define the extent of impacts because the presence of subsurface structures limits the investigation. Active soil remediation is anticipated in this area.

The extent of PCB impacts exceeding applicable remedial criteria of 1 mg/kg appears to have been defined within the actual AOC area, except for impacts identified at soil sample location (WS-AOC12E-SO-31-2 (0.5-1') and two asphalt sample locations WS-AOC12E-AS-32 and AS-54. Active remedial measures are anticipated for these PCB impacts.

Additionally, based on review of historical data, there is an area of elevated PCB-impacted soil (shallow soils as seen on **Figure 7B-1**) that has been defined within AOC-12E with concentrations above 50 mg/kg. Active remedial measures are anticipated for this area.

PAHs were detected above remedial criteria in limited soil samples. However, the detected PAHs are associated with the widespread fill.



4.4.2 AOC-12N Former Station B Boiler House and Coal Storage (PCB Area 6.1)

AOC-12N is located to the south of the Station B building. The area includes the footprint of the former Boiler House for Station B that was demolished sometime prior to 1939. After demolition of the Boiler House, the area was used for the storage of coal. Previous investigations performed in this area identified the presence of the constituents that relate to the widespread fill that comprises Ball Island. An area of petroleum-impacted soil was also identified in this area, adjacent to the cooling water discharge tunnel. The primary release mechanism that led to the impacts is attributed to a direct release to the ground surface from coal storage, dust suppression (spraying of oils) and the secondary mechanism is seepage into underlying soils from the surface. Tracking of surficial contamination was also a concern in this area.

Weston & Sampson documented the advancement of four soil borings (AOC12N-1 through 4) within AOC-12N. The borings were advanced surrounding an area where elevated petroleum impacts were previously identified. See **Figure 8-1** through **8-3** for these boring locations. Drilling refusal on concrete was encountered at three of the four sample locations which limited sample depths and the total number of samples collected. Soil samples could not be collected from boring ACO12N-2 due to drilling refusal. Soil samples were selected at depth intervals ranging from 3 to 11 feet bgs and submitted for varying analyses including PCBs, PAHs, ETPH, and arsenic. In addition to soil sampling, one porous media sample (asphalt) was collected adjacent to each boring location and submitted for PCB analysis. See **Table 5** for analytical results.

The following summarizes the findings of the AOC-12N investigation:

- Field screening of soil samples did not identify evidence of impacts.
- PCBs were not detected above laboratory detection limits in any of the samples including the porous media samples collected in this area.
- ETPH was detected at concentrations below the applicable remedial criteria.
- Several PAH compounds were identified above the applicable remedial criteria in soil sample (AOC12N-4 (3-4')).
- Arsenic was identified at concentrations above remedial criteria in sample (AOC12N-3 (6-7').

In general, results of the investigation in AOC-12N appear to support the previous CSM for this area. Petroleum impacts from historic dust suppression appear to be isolated. PAHs and arsenic are associated with widespread fill. PCBs are not a COC for the area and tracking of PCBs does not appear to be a release mechanism. Based on the results of the investigation, additional investigation is not recommended to further delineate petroleum impacts, but active remedial measures will be required.

4.4.3 AOC-12W Former Coal Storage Area (PCB Areas 2.1, 2.2 and 3.2)

AOC-12W is located within the central portion of the North Side of the Site. This area was historically utilized for the storage and distribution of coal. The primary release mechanism for AOC-12W was determined to be direct releases to the ground surface from coal storage and dust suppression (spraying of oils). Secondary mechanisms identified include seepage to underlying soils from the



surface and potential tracking of surficial contamination. Contaminants of concern for this AOC include PCBs, ETPH, PAHs and arsenic.

This AOC was previously subdivided into the following PCB Areas:

- AOC-12W (PCB Area 2.1 Elevated Railroad Tracks and Foundation)
- AOC-12W (PCB Area 2.2 Former Coal Storage Area)
- AOC-12W (PCB Area 3.2 Bulkhead PCB Remediation Area)

Previous investigation of AOC-12W (PCB Area 2.1) identified minimal impacts, however, additional investigation was proposed to evaluate potential impacts from tracking. Previous soil remediation was performed within AOC-12W (PCB Area 2.2). Despite the remediation, additional investigation was to further assess this area and potential impacts from tracking. Previous investigation within AOC-12W (PCB Area 3.2) identified PCB hotspots (both greater than 10 mg/kg and 50 mg/kg) that required additional delineation. Additional investigation was proposed to perform further delineation and assess for potential tracking. AOC-12W is depicted in **Figures 9A, 9B and 9C**.

4.4.4 AOC-12W (PCB Area 2.1 - Elevated Railroad Tracks and Foundation)

Weston & Sampson documented the advancement of a total of 87 borings (AOC12W-1 through 87) within AOC-12W (PCB Area 2.1). The borings were advanced on an approximate 20 foot by 20-foot sample grid to a maximum depth of 10 feet bgs. See **Figure 9A-1** through **3** for boring locations.

Soil samples were selected at various intervals including from surface (0-0.5'), shallow (0.5-1.5'), intermediate (3-4') and deep (7-8') intervals to 10' bgs. Each sample was submitted for PCB analysis and select samples were submitted for ETPH, PAHs, and arsenic analysis. In addition to soil sampling, one porous media sample (asphalt) was collected adjacent to each boring location and submitted for PCB analysis. Weston & Sampson also collected 18 concrete samples (AOC12W-CO-113 through 130) from the area of the former elevated railroad foundations. The samples were collected from 0-0.5' and submitted to the laboratory for PCB analysis. See **Table 6** for a summary of analytical results.

The following summarizes the findings of the AOC-12W (PCB Area 2.1) investigation:

- Field screening of soil samples did not identify evidence of impacts.
- PCBs were identified above laboratory reporting limits in several soil samples. Total PCB concentrations were identified above 1 mg/kg in one sample (AOC12W-39 (7-7.5').
- PCBs were detected in two asphalt samples (AOC12W AS-54 and AS-69) but at concentrations less than 1 mg/kg.
- ETPH was identified above laboratory reporting limits in several samples. However, ETPH was
 found above the remedial criteria in only one soil sample AOC12W-33 (1-1.5'). ETPH analysis
 via SPLP of this sample identified a concentration of ETPH at 1.4 milligrams per liter (mg/l which
 is below remedial criteria.
- PAHs were detected at concentrations exceeding the applicable remedial criteria in three samples AOC12W-42 (1-2'), 83 (1-1.5'), and 85 (1-1.5').



- Arsenic was identified at concentrations above remedial criteria in samples AOC12W-3 (0.5-2'), 5 (1-1.5'), 11 (1-2'), 13 (1-1.5'), 16 (1-2'), 23 (1-1.5'), 33 (1-1.5'), 35 (1-1.5'), 42 (1-2'), 49 (1-2.5'), 60 (0.5-1'), 70 (1-2'), 75 (1-1.5'), 83 (1-1.5'), 84 (1-1.5'), and 87 (1-1.5').
- Analysis of the concrete samples collected from the elevated railroad track foundations did not identify detectable concentrations of PCBs.

Results of the investigation appear to support the previous CSM for this area. PCB and ETPH impacts identified are limited and appear to be isolated. PAHs are prevalent throughout the Site and are associated with widespread fill material that comprise Ball Island. The PAHs identified are heavier and typically found in MGP wastes.

Arsenic identified may be associated with fill or with coal storage. All but two of the samples analyzed for arsenic were collected from sample intervals between 0.5 and 2 feet bgs. As such, they may be representative of releases to the surface of coal stored in the area or may be present in the widespread fill used to construct Ball Island. Additional sample results are needed for shallow samples (0 to 0.5 feet bgs) and from deeper intervals to evaluate these two potential sources for arsenic.

Review of historic data indicates that there are a few other locations where PCBs were identified in soil above 1 mg/kg. Additional investigation is not required but active remedial measures are anticipated.

4.4.5 AOC-12W (PCB Area 2.2 - Former Coal Storage Area)

Weston & Sampson documented the advancement of a total of 14 borings (AOC12W-99 through 112) within AOC-12W (PCB Area 2.2). The borings were advanced to depths ranging from 5 to 15 feet bgs. See **Figure 9B-1** through **3** for sample locations. Soil samples were selected at various intervals ranging between 0 and 14 feet bgs and submitted for varying analyses including PCBs, ETPH, PAHs, and/or arsenic. See **Table 6** for a summary of analytical results.

The following summarizes the findings of the AOC-12W (PCB Area 2.2) investigation:

- Field screening of soil samples did not identify evidence of impacts.
- PCBs and ETPH were not identified above remedial criteria in any samples.
- PAHs were identified above remedial criteria at sample locations WS-AOC12W-SO 106 (5-7') and WS-AOC12W-SO 108 (5-7'). However, SLPLP analyses of these samples did not identify exceedances of remedial criteria.
- Arsenic was identified at concentrations above remedial criteria in sample WS-AOC12W-SO 102 (0.5-1.5').

Results of the investigation in AOC-12W (PCB Area 2.2) appear to support the previous CSM for this area. Impacts identified are limited. PAHs appear to be prevalent throughout the Site and appear to be associated with fill material at the Site. Arsenic identified may be associated with fill or with coal storage. Based on the results of the investigation, data appears to be sufficient for delineation to support remedial planning purposes.

4.4.6 AOC-12W (PCB Area 3.2 - Bulkhead PCB Remediation Area)



Weston & Sampson documented the advancement of a total of 11 borings (AOC12W-SO-88 through 98) within AOC-12W (PCB Area 3.2). The borings were advanced to a maximum depth of 10 feet bgs. See **Figure 9C-1** through **3** for sample locations. Soil samples were selected at various intervals including ground surface (0-0.5'), shallow (1-2'), intermediate (3-4'), and deep (7-8'). The samples were submitted for varying analysis including PCBs, ETPH, PAHs and Arsenic. See **Table 6** for a summary of analytical results.

The following summarizes the findings of the AOC-12W (PCB Area 3.2) investigation:

- Field screening of soil samples collected from borings AOC12W-89 and 90 identified petroleum impacts between 5 and 10 feet bgs.
- ETPH was identified above the remedial criteria in soil samples AOC12W-89 (7.5-8'), and 90 (7.5-8').
- PCBs were identified above laboratory reporting limits in several soil samples. Total PCB concentrations were identified above the remedial criteria of 1 mg/kg in samples (AOC12W-89 (7-7.5'), 91 (0-0.5'), 92 (7-7.5'), 93 (0.5-1'), 94 (0.5-1') and 98 (7-7.5'). The maximum total PCB concentration detected in soil was 7.1 mg/kg.
- PAHs were detected at concentrations exceeding the applicable remedial criteria at sample location AOC12W-97 (1-1.5').

Results of the investigation in AOC-12W (PCB Area 3.2) support the previous CSM for this area. PCB impacts above remedial criteria have been confirmed within the southwestern portion of the AOC along with an isolated area of petroleum impacts. Additionally, previous investigations identified PCB hotspots (both greater than 10 mg/kg and 50 mg/kg) within this AOC which will require further delineation. Additional sampling should be performed to delineate PCB and petroleum impacts for remedial planning purposes. PAHs detected appear to be prevalent throughout the Site and are believed to be associated with fill material. The PAHs detected in the are heavier and typically associated with MGP wastes and not with petroleum hydrocarbons.

4.5 AOC -14 Former Cooling Water Discharge Tunnel

AOC-14 is a former cooling water discharge tunnel which is located within the North Side of the Site. Historical plans indicate that this former cooling water discharge tunnel ran from the south side of Station B, through the former coal yard, to an unidentified discharge point at a location along the eastern side of the Site. The tunnel was reported to be sealed off at both ends and no longer discharging to the Mill River. Two catch basins, identified as CB-1 and CB-2, located within the former coal yard, were reported to discharge into the tunnel.

The SOS indicates PCBs, ETPH and PAHs are potential contaminants of concern for AOC-14. Potential release mechanisms to the tunnel are identified as impacts from storm water run-off from catch basins connected to the tunnel, and/or potential infiltration through the concrete of the discharge tunnel or to cracks, seams or joints in the tunnel.

Weston & Sampson performed sampling of concrete and sediment within the cooling tunnel as part of



the investigation. Prior to sampling the following activities were performed and observations obtained. See **Figure 10A** for the overall tunnel location.

- The tunnel was confirmed to extend along the southwestern face of Station B approximately 70 feet. Investigation performed during the sampling found that all inlets/outlets to the tunnel had been filled and there was no apparent flow of water into or out of the tunnel.
- The tunnel extends to the south and then turns to the southeast and extends beneath those
 areas designated as AOC-12W and AOC 12E as shown on Figure 9A. The construction of the
 tunnel was similar along this extent and was approximately 3 feet tall and 4 feet wide.
- Catch basins designated as CB-1 and CB-2 were confirmed to be constructed directly over the tunnel at the locations shown on Figures 10B and C. Water still enters the tunnel through these catch basins. Without a discharge point, the water accumulates within the tunnel.
- Beyond the former coal bins, the tunnel extends to the north, up to the southeastern corner of Station B. At the northernmost extent of this section of tunnel, concrete was not found at the base and therefore only sediment samples were collected at these locations. All inlets/outlets to the tunnel at the northernmost extent had been previously filled and there was no flow of water into or out of the tunnel.
- The tunnel also extends to the south to near the foundation for an electrical distribution tower. The tunnel widens to approximately 4 feet tall and 4 feet wide at the southern extent. The foundation of the tower and debris completely filled the tunnel at this end of the structure and no flow of water into or out of the tunnel was observed.
- The tunnel was found to be flooded at the time of the investigation. However, the only inflow of water into the tunnel observed was storm water which would enter at the two catch basins.

Weston & Sampson collected samples of porous media (concrete and wood (1 sample)) and sediment. A total of 71 locations (AOC 14 - 1 through 71) were planned to be sampled at 10-foot intervals throughout the length of the tunnel. Locations are depicted in **Figures 10B** through **E**. Samples could not be collected from the following locations for the reasons stated:

- Locations 9 through 11: Portions of the tunnel were collapsed, and samples could not be collected.
- Locations 49 and 50: Sediment was not found and therefore not sampled.
- Locations 12, 14, 16, 17, 19 through 25, and 42: Tunnel had clay-like floor and concrete samples were not collected.
- Locations 27, 28, 31, and 35: Sample locations could not be accessed due to obstructions found in the bottom of the tunnel.

In total, 51 concrete samples, 1 wood sample and 66 sediment samples were collected from the bottom of the cooling tunnel and submitted for PCB analysis. Ten (10) selected sediment samples were also



submitted for ETPH and PAH analysis. See **Table 7** for a summary of analytical results. As shown in **Table 7**, analysis identified the following:

 <u>Porous Media Samples:</u> PCBs were detected at only four sample locations at concentrations less than 1 mg/kg total PCBs.

Sediment Samples:

- PCBs were detected above laboratory detection limits in most of the samples. Total PCBs were detected above 1 mg/kg in 32 of the samples. There were no PCB detections that exceeded 10 mg/kg.
- ETPH were detected above laboratory reporting limits in each sample submitted for analysis. Of the detections, only four locations (AOC14-SE-1 through 4) exhibited ETPH concentrations in exceedance of remedial criteria.
- PAHs were detected in each sample submitted for analysis. Of the detections, nine sample locations (AOC-14-SE-1 through 8 and 63) exhibited PAH concentrations in exceedance of remedial criteria.

Results of the investigation for AOC-14 Former Cooling Water Discharge Tunnel appear to support the previous CSM for this area regarding impacts to sediments. The lack of impacts to concrete indicate that migration of PCBs into the concrete has been extremely limited.

Based on the results of the investigation, data appears to be sufficient for assessment purposes. No additional sampling is recommended because all accessible areas of the tunnel have been sampled at 10-foot intervals.

4.6 AOC-15 Oil Stained Area North of English Station / Release to Catch Basin 4

AOC-15 is located adjacent and north of the English Station building. During demolition and asbestos abatement at English Station performed by a contractor to the current owner in 2011 and 2012, the primary egress from the building was through the oil storage room which contains drums and other containers of oil. Spillage and subsequent tracking through the area resulted in a large oil stain on pavement adjacent to the north side of the building. Catch basin 4 (CB-4) is located within the oil-stained area. In 2014, the United States Coast Guard (USCG) executed response actions due to concerns that this release area was impacting the adjacent Mill River.

The primary release mechanisms were identified as direct spillage or tracking from the oil storage room, and the secondary release mechanism was identified as infiltration through asphalt and catch basin to underlying soils. Tracking of oil and surficial contamination was also a concern.

Weston & Sampson documented the advancement of 36 soil borings (AOC-15 1 through 28 and 30 through 37) within AOC-15. Additionally, 36 porous media samples were collected to assess potential tracking and one sediment sample (AOC-15 SE-29) was collected from catch basin CB-4. See **Figures 11-1** through **11-3** for sample locations.



Soil samples were selected at depth intervals ranging from 0 to 9 feet bgs and submitted for varying analyses including PCBs, PAHs, and/or ETPH. Porous media samples were submitted for PCB analysis. The sediment sample collected from CB-4 was submitted for PCB, PAH and total metals analyses. See **Table 8** for a summary of analytical results. The following summarizes the findings of the AOC-15 investigation:

- Field screening of soil samples did not identify evidence of impacts.
- PCBs were detected above 1 mg/kg in only one sample, asphalt sample AOC-15 AS-8.
- ETPH was detected above remedial criteria in two soil samples, AOC-15-3 (0.5-1.5') and 6 (0.5-1').
- PAHs were detected above remedial criteria in one soil sample, AOC-15-6 (1.5-2.5').
- Analysis of the sediment sample collected from CB-4 identified concentrations of arsenic and lead above remedial criteria.

Results of the investigation in AOC-15 appear to support the previous CSM for this area except that tracking is not seen as an issue. Additional sampling is not seen as necessary for remedial planning purposes. Shallow PCB and ETPH impacts are delineated to the extent necessary to plan remedial efforts. The limited PAH impacts identified are heavier PAHs that are typical of MGP wastes and do not indicate that the source was from a petroleum product. As analysis of a sediment sample collected from catch basin CB-4 identified arsenic and lead at concentrations above remedial criteria, remediation of this sediment is anticipated.

4.7 Data Gap Summary

The following is a summary of the data gaps identified following completion of the investigation:

- AOC-2 Station B Former UST Area: No data gaps were identified and remediation will not be required.
- AOC-5 Bulkhead PCB Remediation Area: Two additional samples from depth for analysis of ETPH and PAHs are required to complete the scope of work described in the TRC SOS.
- AOC-6 Capacitor Release / Outdoor Capacitor Banks 1-3 (PCB Area 3.1): Additional investigation is required to define the vertical extent of soil with PCB impacts within the area investigated by AEI.
- AOC-12E (PCB Area 6.2): Based on the results of the investigation for AOC-12E, the extent of ETPH impacts exceeding applicable remedial criteria has not been fully defined in the westerly direction (see Figure 7A-3), but sufficient data has been collected to design remediation efforts, so no additional sampling is recommended at this time. Rather, it is anticipated that confirmatory soil samples will be utilized to determine that the full extent of this release has been remediated. The extent of PCB and ETPH impacts (see Figures 7B-1 through 7B-3) exceeding applicable remedial criteria have been sufficiently delineated to design remedial efforts and confirmatory soil samples will be utilized to determine that the full extent of this release has been remediated.
- AOC-12N Former Station B Boiler House and Coal Storage (PCB Area 6.1): Based on the



results of the investigation, no additional investigation is required to further delineate petroleum impacts as the remediation can be designed based upon the data already generated.

- AOC-12W (PCB Areas 2.1, 2.2, and 3.2): Previous investigations identified PCB hotspots (both greater than 10 mg/kg and 50 mg/kg) within this AOC. However, historical and 2017 investigation data provides sufficient data to design remedial actions and no additional sampling is required. Sampling for arsenic on the northern portion of this AOC will be performed to further the delineation for this COC.
- AOC-14 Former Cooling Water Discharge Tunnel: The full length of the cooling water tunnel was
 exposed and sampled at ten foot intervals when Site conditions allowed. No additional sampling
 is required.
- AOC-15 Oil Stained Area North of English Station / Release to Catch Basin 4: Additional sampling is not required to delineate impacts to soil within this AOC and sufficient data are available for remedial planning.

4.8 Conceptual Site Model Summary

Figures 12-1 through 12-3 present a summary of the analytical data collected for the North Side of the Site. Figure 12-1 summarizes data collected from 0 to 2 feet below grade and includes the surficial porous media samples. These data indicate limited areas of impacts that are mostly limited to AOCs that were previously investigated. Tracking of PCBs is not indicated by these data and is not seen as an issue for the Site. Figures 12-2 and 12-3, which summarize data from 2 to 4 feet below grade and greater than 4 feet below grade, respectively, also indicate limited areas of releases to the subsurface.

The following is a summary of modifications to the CSM for each AOC following evaluation of Site investigation data:

- AOC-2 Station B Former UST Area: PAHs identified above remedial criteria are associated with
 the fill used to construct the Site and not the petroleum release. The CSM is confirmed and the
 impacts to soil from releases from the former USTs appear to have been remediated.
- AOC-5 Bulkhead PCB Remediation Area: Tracking of PCBs has not occurred to an extent that
 would require additional remediation. Thus, this aspect of the CSM is not applicable. The data
 indicate that the soil within AOC-5 has been remediated.
- AOC-6 Capacitor Release / Outdoor Capacitor Banks 1-3 (PCB Area 3.1): The CSM is confirmed for this AOC except the analytical data does not indicate that tracking of PCBs has occurred in this area and that releases of PCBs did not occur to the concrete pedestals.
- AOC-12E (PCB Area 6.2): The CSM is confirmed for this AOC except analytical does not indicate
 that tracking of PCBs has occurred. PAHs identified above remedial criteria are associated with
 fill.
- AOC-12N Former Station B Boiler House and Coal Storage (PCB Area 6.1): Petroleum impacts
 from historic dust suppression appear to be isolated. PAHs appear to be prevalent throughout
 the Site and are associated with the fill used to construct Ball Island. Arsenic may be associated



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with fill or with coal storage. PCBs do not appear to be a COC for the area and tracking of PCBs does not appear to be a release mechanism.

- AOC-12W (PCB Areas 2.1, 2.2, and 3.2): PAHs appear to be prevalent throughout the Site and are associated with fill material. Arsenic present in this area may be associated with fill or with coal storage. The extent of PCBs within this AOC was delineated and historical release mechanisms confirmed by the newly collected data. However, tracking of PCBs is not indicated by the 2017 investigation data.
- <u>AOC-14 Former Cooling Water Discharge Tunnel</u>: The CSM for the cooling water tunnel was confirmed. However, limited to no penetration of PCBs was found in the concrete at the base of the tunnel and migration of PCB impacts to concrete is minimal.
- AOC-15 Oil Stained Area North of English Station: The CSM for AOC 15 was confirmed except for tracking of impacts which was not indicated by the data received.

5.0 REMEDIAL ALTERNATIVES

The following is a discussion of the chemicals of concern at the Site, the applicable regulations, and how these regulations will affect remedial decision making.

5.1 Chemicals of Concern

Chemicals of concern at the Site include PCBs, ETPH, PAHs, and metals. These COCs are present at the Site either due to historical releases or, in the case of PAHs, metals, and some petroleum hydrocarbons, are present in widespread polluted fill used to construct and expand Ball Island.

Typical remediation processes used to treat these COCs along with their applicability for these COCs are:

- Biological Treatment In-situ or ex-situ reduction of contaminants by enhancing natural biodegradation with addition of oxygen and/or nutrients or reliance on naturally-occurring conditions.
 - PCBs Biodegradation of PCBs is an inefficient process that requires a transition between aerobic and anaerobic conditions to achieve complete degradation. This remedial process is not typically employed for this COC.
 - ETPH and PAHs Biodegradation of these COCs is a proven technology but heavier PAHs (3-, 4-, or 5-ring) are degraded slowly. Biodegradation occurs best under aerobic conditions and could be employed at the Site for these COCs.
 - Metals The oxidative state of metals may be altered during biodegradation. However, this method is typically employed only if metals are dissolved in groundwater and is not typically used for treating metals in soil.
- Chemical Oxidation In-situ or ex-situ reduction of contaminants by treating with chemical oxidants.
 - o PCBs PCBs are readily degraded by chemical oxidation. However, this is not a typically employed remediation for this COC for reasons discussed in Section 5.2.
 - TPH and PAHs Chemical oxidation of these COCs is a proven technology for these COCs.
 - Metals The oxidative state of metals may be altered using chemical oxidation.
 However, this method is typically employed only if metals are dissolved in groundwater and is not typically used for treating metals in soil.
- In-Situ Stabilization In-situ stabilization of contaminants to either reduce their solubility or to prevent direct exposure.
 - o PCBs PCBs can be stabilized in the environment and this is a technology that has been employed. However, this is not a typically employed remediation for this COC for reasons discussed in Section 5.2.



- TPH and PAHs These COCs can be stabilized in-situ but this process is typically applied if COCs are deep below the surface or if there are other factors that render other treatment processes technically infeasible.
- Metals In-situ stabilization is a technology that is used for these COCs. However, this
 method is typically employed only if metals are dissolved in groundwater and is not
 typically used for treating metals in soil.
- Excavation with off-Site disposal A commonly employed remedial technology that offers
 permanent solutions in a short timeframe. However, costs for implementation can be significant
 and these costs could drive evaluation of other alternatives.
 - o PCBs PCBs can be excavated and disposed off-Site and this technology is typically employed for PCBs.
 - o TPH and PAHs These COCs can be excavated and disposed off-Site and this technology is typically employed.
 - Metals These COCs can be excavated and disposed off-Site and this technology is typically employed.

5.2 Applicable Regulations

Chemicals of concern at the Site are regulated under the RSRs. The remedial criteria applicable to the Site for these COCs under the RSRs include the:

- I/C DEC Soil with concentrations of COCs exceeding the I/C DEC may be treated in-situ or exsitu to reduce concentrations, removed from the Site, or capped in a manner that renders the soil inaccessible as per the definition in the RSRs. The exception is PCBs which must be remediated to a concentration less than the I/C DEC down to a depth of fifteen feet below ground surface. Application of the I/C DEC will require an ELUR restricting site use to industrial and commercial purposes be placed on the parcel.
- GB PMC Soil with concentrations of COCs exceeding these criteria or with SPLP leachate results that exceed the GB PMC above the seasonal high groundwater table must be reduced in concentration or the leachability of the COC reduced. This may be done by removing soil or treating the soil in-situ or ex-situ. The widespread polluted fill variance exempts COCs from application of the GB PMC. This variance is applicable to PAHs, metals, and petroleum hydrocarbons that were in the fill material used to construct the island and not due to a release after the fill materials were placed.

PCBs at the Site are regulated under the federal PCB regulations found in 40 CFR Part 761 as PCB Remediation Waste. Under the federal PCB regulations, disposal is defined as:

Disposal means intentionally or accidentally to discard, throw away, or otherwise complete or terminate the useful life of PCBs and PCB Items. Disposal includes spills, leaks, and other uncontrolled discharges of PCBs as well as actions related to



containing, transporting, destroying, degrading, decontaminating, or confining PCBs and PCB Items.

Thus, both the release of PCBs to the environment and any process that involves removal, destroying or containing PCBs are defined as a disposal. Federal regulations for the storage and disposal of PCB-containing materials are found in 40 CFR Part 761 Subpart D. The technologies allowed for disposal of PCB remediation wastes under Subpart D include excavation and removal from the Site with either incineration (§761.70), disposal in an appropriately permitted landfill (§761.75), or capping PCB remediation waste soil and disposal in place. Other remedial technologies, such as soil washing, exsitu thermal treatment, chemical oxidation, or in-situ stabilization may be employed but must be approved on a Site-specific basis. These approvals can be difficult to obtain so excavation and removal is typically employed. PCB-impacted materials may be capped and disposed in place.

5.3 Remedial Implications

PCBs are the most common COC on the property and are driving remedial actions in many areas. For areas where PCBs are found with other COCs, the disposal requirements for PCBs control remedial selection.

As such, excavation and off-Site disposal of soil where PCB concentrations are greater than the I/C DEC for PCBs (10 mg/kg) will be the preferred remedial alternative because it can be implemented in a timely manner, is permanent, and acceptable to the regulators. However, this alternative is costly and other alternatives will be evaluated where applicable. For locations where PCB concentrations are less than the I/C DEC, these soils may be rendered inaccessible with a combination of soil and asphalt or concrete caps.

5.4 Anticipated Remedial Alternatives

The anticipated remedial alternatives for soil on the northside of the property is a mix of excavation to remove PCBs greater than 10 mg/kg and ETPH impacts due to releases that also exceed the GB PMC and capping where implementable. However, grades will need to be maintained at the buildings and the bulkhead surrounding the island. Capping of impacts near the bulkhead and the buildings will be combined with excavation of two feet of soil with asphalt or concrete placed over the surface of the clean materials used to backfill or excavation of four feet of soil with backfilling with clean materials.

Application of the I/C DEC requires that soil with total PCB concentration greater than 10 mg/kg be excavated and leaving soil with greater than 10 mg/kg total PCBs in place would require an engineered control variance which is not seen as being administratively implementable and would take extended timeframes to receive. Thus, excavation and offsite disposal of soil with PCB concentrations greater than 10 mg/kg is considered to be required.

Releases of petroleum hydrocarbons during historical site operations have been found and where these soil impacts exceed the GB PMC, excavation and offsite disposal is considered to be required. These impacts could be treated in-situ but they are typically collocated with PCBs which cannot be treated in-situ with going through a lengthy permitting process.

PCBs at concentrations less than 10 mg/kg and PAHs, metals, petroleum hydrocarbons that are present in the fill materials and not due to releases may be rendered inaccessible to comply with the I/C DEC. This can be done by constructing a cap. However, given that surface elevations at the bulkhead and



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around the buildings may not be raised, this capping will likely be combined with excavation so that the required thickness of a cap may be constructed.



6.0 LIMITATIONS

This report was prepared for use by United Illuminating exclusively. The findings provided by Weston & Sampson in this report are based solely on the information reported in this document. Future investigations and/or information that were not available to Weston & Sampson at the time of the investigation may result in a modification of the findings stated in this report.

Should additional information become available concerning this Site or neighboring properties that could directly impact the Site in the future, that information should be made available to Weston & Sampson for review so that, if necessary, conclusions presented in this report may be modified.

The conclusions of this report are based on conditions observed by Weston & Sampson personnel at the time of the investigation, information provided by United Illuminating, and samples collected and analyzed on the dates shown or stated in this report. This report has been prepared in general accordance with generally accepted engineering and geological practices. No other warranty, express or implied, is made.

7.0 REFERENCES

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FIGURES

